The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster makes the following Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8(1) and (2), 9(5) and 18(1) of, and paragraph 9(1)(c)(ii) of Schedule 5 to, the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (“the Act”) and now vested in him, section 26(2) of the Welsh Language Act 1993 as applied by section 21(5) of the Act and section 13BC of the Representation of the People Act 1983.

The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster has consulted the Electoral Commission as required by section 7(2)(k) of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000.

A draft of these Regulations has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament in accordance with section 21(6) of the Act.

PART 1
GENERAL

Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016 and are to come into force on the day after the day on which they are made.

Application

2.—(1) These Regulations apply to the United Kingdom with the following exceptions.

(2) The following provisions apply to England and Wales and Scotland only—
(a) regulation 27 (signing procedure);
(b) regulation 51 (absent signing at any petition for a definite or an indefinite period);
(c) regulation 53 (absent signing at a particular petition);
(d) regulation 55 (absent signers lists);
(e) regulation 59 (the personal identifiers record);
(f) regulation 64 (additional requirements for applications for a proxy signature for a definite or indefinite period on the grounds of blindness or other disability);
(g) regulation 67 (additional provision concerning the requirement that an application for absent signing must be signed by the applicant);
(h) regulation 68 (additional requirements for applications for a proxy signature in respect of a particular petition);
(i) regulation 69 (additional requirements for applications for an emergency proxy signature in respect of a particular petition);
(j) regulation 71 (closing date for applications);
(k) regulation 83 (form of postal petition statement);
(l) regulation 94 (spoilt postal signing sheets);
(m) regulation 96 (lost postal signing sheets);
(n) regulation 106 (confirming receipt of postal signing statements);
(o) regulation 107 (procedure in relation to postal petition statements: personal identifier verification);
(p) regulation 110 (list of rejected postal signing sheets);
(q) regulation 111 (checking of lists of rejected postal signing sheets);
(r) regulation 115 (notification of a rejected postal petition statement);
(s) regulation 116 (requirement to provide fresh signature following rejection of a postal petition statement);
(t) regulation 127 (disturbances at petition meetings);
(u) paragraphs 1 and 2 of Schedule 1 (supply of register).

(3) The following provisions apply to England and Wales and Northern Ireland only—
(a) regulation 44 (delivery of documents to the registration officer);
(b) regulation 45 (orders for production of documents);
(c) regulation 46 (retention of documents).

(4) The following provisions apply to England and Wales only—
(a) regulation 74 (appeals);
(b) Part 2 of Schedule 4 (the Election Petition Rules 1960).

(5) The following provisions apply to Northern Ireland only—
(a) regulation 28 (signing procedure);
(b) regulation 31 (refusal to deliver signing sheet);
(c) regulation 52 (absent signing at any petition for an indefinite period);
(d) regulation 54 (absent signing at a particular petition);
(e) regulation 56 (absent signers lists);
(f) regulation 65 (additional requirements for applications for a proxy signature for an indefinite period on grounds of blindness or other disability);
(g) regulation 70 (additional requirements for applications in respect of a particular petition);
(h) regulation 72 (closing date for applications);
(i) regulation 76 (appeals);
(j) regulation 84 (form of declaration of identity);
(k) regulation 95 (spoilt postal signing sheets);
(l) regulation 97 (lost postal signing sheets);
(m) regulation 105 (procedure in relation to declaration of identity).

6 The following provisions apply to Scotland only—
(a) regulation 47 (retention and disposal of documents in Scotland);
(b) regulation 75 (appeals).

Interpretation

3.—(1) In these Regulations—
“the Act” means the Recall of MPs Act 2015(6);
“the 1983 Act” means the Representation of the People Act 1983;
“the 1985 Act” means the Representation of the People Act 1985(7);
“the 2000 Act” means the Representation of the People Act 2000(8);
“the 2001 Regulations” means the Representation of the People (England and Wales) Regulations 2001(9);
“the 2001 (Scotland) Regulations” means the Representation of the People (Scotland) Regulations 2001(10);
“the 2008 Regulations” means the Representation of the People (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2008(11);
“absent signer” means an elector who is entitled to sign a petition by proxy or an elector or proxy who is entitled to sign the petition by post; and absent signing is to be construed accordingly;
“allotted petition signing place” has the meaning given by regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing places);
“anonymous entry” is to be read in accordance with section 9B of the 1983 Act (anonymous registration);
“corresponding number lists” has the meaning given by regulation 11 (corresponding number lists);
“Clerk of the Crown” means the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery;
“completed corresponding number lists” has the meaning given by regulation 37(1)(e) (procedure on close of petition);

(6) 2015 c. 25.
(7) 1985 c. 50.
(8) 2000 c. 2.
(9) S.I. 2001/341.
(10) S.I. 2001/497.
(11) S.I. 2008/1741.
“daily verification” means the daily verification of the signing sheets in accordance with regulation 33 (daily verification and storage);
“declaration of identity” is the declaration referred to in regulation 84;
“disability” in relation to doing a thing, includes a short term inability to do it;
“edited register” has the meaning given by regulation 93 of the relevant Regulations, and (for that purpose) the relevant Regulations are—
(a) in relation to England and Wales, the 2001 Regulations;
(b) in relation to Scotland, the 2001 (Scotland) Regulations; and
(c) in relation to Northern Ireland, the 2008 Regulations;
“elector” means a person who is entitled to sign a petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act (persons entitled to sign a recall petition);
“list of lost postal signing sheets” for England and Wales and Scotland, has the meaning given by regulation 96(8) (lost postal signing sheets); and for Northern Ireland has the meaning given by regulation 97(7) (lost postal signing sheets);
“list of proxies” for England and Wales and Scotland, has the meaning given by regulation 55(3) (absent signers lists); and for Northern Ireland has the meaning given by regulation 56(3) (absent signers lists);
“list of spoilt postal signing sheets” for England and Wales and Scotland, has the meaning given by regulation 94(9) (spoilt postal signing sheets); and for Northern Ireland has the meaning given by regulation 95(8) (spoilt postal signing sheets);
“local authority” has the same meaning as section 203 of the 1983 Act;
“marked copies of the register” means the copies of the register marked in accordance with regulation 27 (signing procedure: England and Wales and Scotland) or regulation 28 (signing procedure: Northern Ireland);
“official petition notice” has the meaning given in regulation 18 (issue of official petition notice);
“overseas electors declaration” means a person entitled to vote who has made a declaration made under section 2 of the 1985 Act (registration of British citizens overseas) and is registered or entitled to be registered in pursuance of it under that Act;
“official mark” has the meaning given by regulation 12 (the official mark);
“parliamentary election rules” means the rules prescribed in Schedule 1 to the 1983 Act (Parliamentary Election Rules);
“petition clerk” means a person authorised by the petition officer to preside over the proceedings at a petition signing place and carry out on behalf of the petition officer any functions of the petition officer under the Act or these Regulations;
“petition signing place” means a place designated under section 7(1)(a) of the Act (where and from when the petition may be signed) at which a petition is to be made available for signing;
“postal petition statement” is the statement referred to in regulation 83 (form of postal petition statement: England and Scotland and Wales);
“postal signers list” for England and Wales and Scotland, has the meaning given by regulation 55(2) (absent signers list); and for Northern Ireland has the meaning given by regulation 56(2) (absent signers list);
“postal signing sheet” is a signing sheet issued to a postal signer in accordance with Part 5 (issue and receipt of postal signing sheets);
“proxy postal signers list” has the meaning given by regulation 58(9) (signing the petition as a proxy);
“proxy” means a person who has been appointed by an elector to sign the petition on behalf of the elector;
“qualifying address” in relation to a person registered in the register, is the address in respect of which that person is entitled to be registered in the register of parliamentary electors;
“recall petition complaint” means a recall petition complaint in relation to the outcome of a recall petition that is presented in accordance with Part 3 of the 1983 Act (legal proceedings), as applied (with modifications) by Schedule 4;
“register” means the register of persons compiled by the petition officer under regulation 4 (the register);
“register of parliamentary electors” means the register of parliamentary electors under section 9 of the 1983 Act (registers of electors);
“registration officer” means an officer appointed as such under section 8 of the 1983 Act;
“service voter” means a person entitled to vote who has made a service declaration within the meaning of section 15 of the 1983 Act (service declaration) and who is registered or is entitled to be registered in pursuance of it under that Act;
“signing sheet” has the meaning given by regulation 10 (the signing sheet);
“special lists” means the postal signers list, the list of proxies and the proxy postal signers list;
“tendered signing list” has the meaning given by regulation 30(10) (tendered signing sheets);
“tendered signing sheet” is a signing sheet which has been signed in accordance with paragraph (1) of regulation 30 (tendered signing sheets);
“universal postal service provider” has the meaning given in Part 3 of the Postal Services Act 2011 to a “universal service provider”.

(2) In these Regulations—
(a) a reference to a petition means a recall petition as prescribed in section 1(2) of the Act (how an MP becomes subject to a recall petition process) and where the context requires is to be construed as including the process relating to that petition;
(b) in England and Wales, a reference to a constable includes a person designated as a community support officer under section 38 of the Police Reform Act 2002 (police powers for employees)(12).

PART 2
THE REGISTER

The register

4.—(1) The petition officer must compile a register of persons who by virtue of section 10 of the Act (persons entitled to sign a recall petition) are entitled to sign the petition (“the register”).

(2) The register must contain—
(a) the names of the persons who appear to the petition officer to be entitled to be registered in it;
(b) the qualifying address of the person registered in it; and

(12) 2002 c. 30.
(c) in relation to each such person, that person’s electoral number.

(3) A person’s electoral number is such a number (with or without letters) as for the time being allocated by the registration officer to that person.

(4) Paragraph (2)(b) does not apply—

(a) to an address which is specified in an overseas elector’s declaration; or

(b) to service voter who has given an address in their declaration which is not an address at which that person is or would be residing but for the circumstances entitling that person to make that declaration.

(5) Where the petition officer designates more than one petition signing place, the register is to be framed in separate parts and each part must contain the list of persons who are entitled to sign the petition at that place.

(6) Each part of the register must be identified by a different letter and that letter must also form part of a person’s number in the register for the purposes of signing the petition.

Order of names

5.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the names and qualifying addresses on each part of the register are to be arranged in street order.

(2) If the petition officer determines for any part of the register that arranging the register or any part of it in street order is not reasonably practicable, the names and addresses are to be arranged in alphabetical order or partly in street order and partly in alphabetical order.

(3) The name of any person whose qualifying address is not contained in the register by virtue of regulation 4(4) must be grouped together in alphabetical order—

(a) at the end of that part of the register relating to that address;

(b) beneath the heading “other electors”; and

(c) without giving that address.

Anonymous entries

6.—(1) A person registered with an anonymous entry in the register of parliamentary electors must be entered in the register only by reference to that person’s electoral number together with the letter “N” and must be entered at the end of the part of the register which relates to the qualifying address of the person entitled to the entry.

(2) Any communication sent by a registration officer or a petition officer for any petition to a person who has an anonymous entry (A) must be sent in an envelope or other form of covering so as not to disclose to any other person that A has an anonymous entry.

(3) An anonymous entry in the register is deemed to remain in force until the end of the signing period despite the fact that that person’s anonymous entry in the register of parliamentary electors may have been terminated in accordance with section 9C (removal of anonymous entry) of the 1983 Act during that period.

Publication of register

7.—(1) On the third day before the beginning of the signing period(13), the petition officer must publish the register by—

(a) making a copy available for inspection under supervision at—

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(13) “Signing period” means the period of 6 weeks beginning with the first day on which the petition is to be made available for signing; see sections 9(2) and 22(1) of the Act.
(i) the office of the petition officer, and
(ii) any other place the petition officer considers appropriate to allow for inspection by members of the public, and

(b) supplying copies of it in accordance with Schedule 1 (supply of register).

(2) Where a copy of the register is made available under paragraph (1)(a) by providing the register on a computer screen or otherwise in data form, the petition officer must ensure that the manner in, and equipment on, which the copy is provided do not permit any person consulting that copy to—

(a) search it electronically by reference to the name of any person; or
(b) duplicate or transmit any part of the register by electronic, or any other, means.

(3) The petition officer must also publish any notice issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act (alteration of registers: recall petition) in the manner specified in paragraph (1)(a) and (b) as soon as reasonably practicable after that notice is issued.

**Publication of 10% threshold**

8.—(1) No later than the third working day after receiving the Speaker’s notice under section 5 of the Act (Speaker’s notice that the first, second or third recall condition has been met), the petition officer must give public notice of—

(a) the number of persons who are entitled to sign the petition; and
(b) the number of persons who would need to sign the petition for the petition to be successful in accordance with section 14 of the Act (determination of whether recall petition successful).

(2) On the first day of the signing period, the petition officer must publish the information referred to in paragraph (1)(a) and (b), as it applies on that day.

**Supply of register**

9. Schedule 1 (supply of register) is to have effect.

**PART 3**

**CONDUCT**

**CHAPTER 1**

**General Provisions**

**The signing sheet**

10.—(1) The signature of a person entitled to sign the petition who wishes to do so must be made on a petition signing sheet in accordance with these Regulations (“the signing sheet”).

(2) The signing sheet must be in the form set out in Form A in Schedule 2 (forms), must be printed in accordance with the directions in that Schedule and must—

(a) contain the name and constituency of the MP to whom the petition relates;
(b) be capable of being folded up; and
(c) have a number and other unique identifying mark printed on the back.

(14) Section 13BC(6) was inserted by paragraph 7 of Schedule 2 to the Act.
(3) Schedule 2 which specifies forms referred to in these Regulations is to have effect.

**Corresponding number lists**

11.—(1) The petition officer must prepare a list containing the numbers and other unique identifying marks of the signing sheets to be—

   (a) delivered under regulation 27 (signing procedure: England and Wales and Scotland) or regulation 28 (signing procedure: Northern Ireland) (as the case may be);

   (b) issued under regulation 85 (postal signing packs).

(2) The list referred to in paragraph (1)(a) must be in the form set out in Form B in Schedule 2.

(3) The list referred to in paragraph (1)(b) must be in the form set out in Form C in Schedule 2.

**The official mark**

12.—(1) Every signing sheet must contain an appropriate security marking (“the official mark”).

(2) The official mark must be kept secret, and an interval of not less than seven years must intervene between the use of the same official mark at a petition for the same constituency.

(3) The petition officer may use a different official mark for different purposes at the same petition.

**Use of public rooms**

13.—(1) The petition officer may use, free of charge, for the purposes of enabling persons to sign the petition—

   (a) a room in a school to which this regulation applies;

   (b) a room the expense of maintaining which is payable out of any rate.

(2) The petition officer must make good any damage done to, and defray any expense incurred by, the persons having control over any such room by reason of it being used for those purposes.

(3) This regulation applies—

   (a) in England and Wales, to a school maintained or assisted by a local authority, or a school in respect of which grants are made out of moneys provided by Parliament to the person or body of persons responsible for the management of the school;

   (b) in Scotland, to a school, other than an independent school within the meaning of the Education (Scotland) Act 1980 (15);

   (c) in Northern Ireland, to a school in receipt of a grant out of moneys appropriated by Act of the Northern Ireland Assembly, other than a school that—

      (i) adjoins or is adjacent to any church or other place of worship, or

      (ii) is connected with a nunnery or other religious establishment.

CHAPTER 2

Action to be Taken Before the Petition

**Notice of petition**

14.—(1) The petition officer must give public notice of the petition stating—

   (a) the name of the MP who has become subject to the petition process,
(b) the details relating to the recall condition which has been met in relation to that MP,
(c) the beginning and end dates of the signing period,
(d) the situation of each petition signing place,
(e) the days and hours during which the petition will be available for signing at each petition signing place,
(f) the persons entitled to sign the petition under section 10 of the Act (persons entitled to sign a recall petition),

and must as soon as reasonably practicable after giving such notice give a copy of it to the MP to whom the petition relates.

(2) Different days and hours may be specified under paragraph (1) for different petition signing places.

Availability for signing the petition

15.—(1) The petition officer must ensure that the petition is available for signing at each petition signing place—

(a) on each working day throughout the signing period; and
(b) between the hours of 9am and 5pm on each of those days.

(2) In addition to the requirements set out in paragraph (1), the petition officer must make reasonable provision for the availability of the petition for signing at other times during the signing period.

Allotment of petition signing places

16. The petition officer must allot a petition signing place to each person entitled to sign the petition in such manner as appears to the petition officer to be most convenient for that person (“the allotted petition signing place”).

Appointment of petition assistants

17.—(1) The petition officer must appoint and pay a petition clerk to attend at each petition signing place and may appoint such persons as assistants to the petition clerk as the officer considers necessary for the purposes of the petition, but must not appoint any person who has been employed by or on behalf of an accredited campaigner in respect of the petition.

(2) The petition officer may preside at a petition signing place and the provisions of these Regulations relating to a petition clerk apply to a petition officer so presiding with the necessary modifications.

(3) An assistant appointed to assist the petition clerk may do anything (including the asking of questions) these Regulations require or permit the petition clerk to do except—

(a) order the arrest, exclusion or removal of any person from a petition signing place;
(b) refuse to deliver a signing sheet under paragraph (3) of regulation 28 (signing procedure in Northern Ireland) (including that paragraph as applied by regulation 29 (signing sheets endorsed by petition clerk) or regulation 30 (tendered signing sheets)).

(16) See section 22(1) of the Act for the definition of working day.
(17) Accredited campaigner is defined in Part 5 of Schedule 3 to the Act.
Issue of official petition notice

18.—(1) For the purposes of section 8 of the Act (notice of petition to be sent to registered electors) the petition officer must send to electors and their proxies an official petition notice in accordance with this regulation.

(2) Where an elector has appointed a proxy to sign the petition, the petition officer must send an official petition notice to both the elector and the elector’s proxy.

(3) An official petition notice must not be sent to a person registered, or to be registered, in pursuance of an overseas elector’s declaration.

(4) An elector’s official petition notice must be sent or delivered to the elector’s qualifying address.

(5) A proxy’s official petition notice must be sent or delivered to the address which—
   (a) is shown as the proxy’s address in the list of proxies; or
   (b) in the case of a proxy for an elector with an anonymous entry in a register maintained by the Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland, would be so shown but for regulation 56(4) (absent signing lists: Northern Ireland).

(6) The official petition notice must—
   (a) in respect of electors who may sign the petition in person, be in the form set out in Form D in Schedule 2;
   (b) in respect of electors who may sign the petition by post, be in the form set out in Form E in Schedule 2;
   (c) in respect of a proxy who may sign the petition in person, be in the form set out in Form F in Schedule 2; and
   (d) in respect of a proxy who may sign the petition by post, be in the form set out in Form G in Schedule 2.

(7) The official petition notice must set out—
   (a) the name of the MP who has become subject to the petition process;
   (b) the name of the constituency of that MP;
   (c) the recall petition condition that has been met in relation to that MP;
   (d) the elector’s name, qualifying address and number on the register;
   (e) the dates of the beginning and end of the signing period;
   (f) the situation of the elector’s petition signing place allotted to them under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing place) and the days and hours during which the petition will be available for signing at that place;
   (g) such other information as the petition officer considers appropriate.

(8) Different information may be provided under paragraph (7)(d), (f) and (g) to different electors or descriptions of electors.

(9) In the case of an elector with an anonymous entry, instead of containing the matters mentioned in paragraph (7)(d) the official petition notice must only include the elector’s number in the register.

Equipment at petition signing place

19.—(1) The petition officer must provide each petition clerk with such ballot boxes and signing sheets as in the petition officer’s opinion are necessary for the conduct of the petition.
(2) Every ballot box must be so constructed that the signing sheets can be put in it, but cannot be withdrawn from it, without the box being unlocked (if it has a lock), or without breaking the petition clerk’s seal.

(3) The petition officer must provide each petition signing place with—

(a) materials to enable persons to sign the signing sheets;

(b) copies of the register, or such part of it, which lists the persons entitled to sign the petition at that place;

(c) the parts of any special lists prepared for the petition corresponding to the register or the part of it provided under subparagraph (b);

(d) that part of the list prepared under regulation 11(1)(a) (corresponding number lists) which contains the numbers (but not the other unique identifying marks) corresponding to those on the signing sheets provided to the petition clerk of the petition signing place.

(4) The petition officer must also provide each petition signing place with—

(a) at least one large version of the signing sheet which must be displayed inside the petition signing place for the assistance of persons who are partially-sighted; and

(b) a device, as considered appropriate by the petition officer, for enabling persons who are blind or partially-sighted to sign the petition without any need for assistance from the petition clerk or any assistant.

(5) A notice in the form set out in Form H in Schedule 2, giving directions for the guidance of the persons in signing the petition, must be printed in conspicuous characters and exhibited inside every petition signing place.

(6) The reference in paragraph (3)(b) to copies of the register includes a reference to copies of any notice issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act (alteration of registers: recall petition).

Identification of secure storage

20. For each petition signing place, the petition officer must identify a suitable place where the equipment and materials relating to the conduct of the petition at that signing place are to be held securely during the signing period when they are not in use.

Notification of requirement of secrecy

21. The petition officer must make such arrangements as appear appropriate to the officer to ensure that—

(a) every person attending at a signing place (otherwise than for the purpose of signing the petition or assisting a blind person to sign the petition or as a constable on duty there) has been given a copy in writing of the provisions of paragraphs (1), (4) and (6) of regulation 123 (requirement of secrecy); and

(b) every person attending at the counting of the signing sheets in accordance with regulation 39 (other than any constable on duty at the counting) has been given a copy in writing of the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (6) of regulation 123.

CHAPTER 3

The Petition

Admission to petition signing place

22.—(1) The petition clerk must exclude all persons from the petition signing place except—

(a) the petition officer;
(b) any person wishing to sign the petition;
(c) any person under the age of 18 who is accompanying a person to the petition signing place;
(d) any person representing the Electoral Commission;
(e) any assistant appointed to attend at the petition signing place;
(f) a constable on duty.

(2) The petition clerk may regulate the total number of persons admitted to the petition signing place at the same time.

(3) A constable or person employed by a petition officer may be admitted to sign the petition in person otherwise than at that person’s allotted petition signing place upon the production and surrender of a certificate as to their employment, which must be in the form set out in Form I in Schedule 2 and signed by an officer of police of the rank of inspector or above, or by the petition officer (as the case may be).

(4) Any certificate surrendered under paragraph (3) must be immediately cancelled.

(5) In the application of this regulation to Northern Ireland, the reference in paragraph (3) to an officer of police is a reference to a member of the Police Service of Northern Ireland of the rank of chief inspector or above.

Keeping order at a petition signing place

23.—(1) It is the petition clerk’s duty to keep order at the petition signing place with regard to the conduct of the petition.

(2) If a person misconducts themselves in a petition signing place, or fails to obey the petition clerk’s lawful orders, they may immediately, by the petition clerk’s order, be removed from the petition signing place—

(a) by a constable in or near that place, or
(b) by any other person authorised in writing by the petition officer to remove them,

and the person so removed must not, without the petition officer’s permission, again enter the petition signing place at any time when the petition is available for signing there.

(3) Any person so removed may, if charged with the commission in the petition signing place of an offence, be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a constable for an offence without a warrant.

(4) The powers conferred by this regulation must not be exercised so as to prevent a person who is otherwise entitled to sign the petition at the petition signing place from having an opportunity to sign the petition at that place.

Sealing of ballot boxes

24. On each day the petition is available for signing, immediately before the time the petition is to be made available, the petition clerk must show the ballot box empty to such persons, if any, as are present in the petition signing place, so that they may see that it is empty, and must then lock it up (if it has a lock) and place the petition clerk’s seal on it in such a manner as to prevent its being opened without breaking the seal, and must place it in view of the petition clerk for the receipt of signed signing sheets, and keep it so locked (if it has a lock) and sealed.
Questions to be put to persons signing the petition

25.—(1) At the time a person applies for a signing sheet (but not afterwards), the questions specified in the second column of the following table may be put by the petition clerk to a person who is mentioned in the first column (subject to paragraph (3)).

Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person applying for signing sheet</th>
<th>Questions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. A person applying as an elector</td>
<td>(a) “Are you the person registered in the register for this petition as follows (read out the whole entry from the register)?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) “Have you already signed the petition, here or elsewhere, otherwise than as a proxy for some other person?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) At a petition held in Northern Ireland, “What is your date of birth?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. A person applying as a proxy</td>
<td>(a) “Are you the person whose name appears as A.B. in the list of proxies for this petition?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) “Have you already signed the petition here or elsewhere, as a proxy on behalf of C.D.?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) “Are you the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother/sister, child or grandchild of C.D.?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. A person applying as a proxy for an elector with an anonymous entry (instead of the questions at entry 2)</td>
<td>(a) “Are you the person entitled to sign as proxy on behalf of the elector whose number in the register is (read out the number from the register)?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) “Have you already signed the petition, here or elsewhere, as proxy on behalf of the elector whose number in the register is (read out number from the register)?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) “Are you the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother/sister, child or grandchild of the person whose number in the register is (read out the number from the register)?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Person applying as proxy if the question at entry 2(c) or 3(c) is not answered in the affirmative</td>
<td>“Have you already signed the petition in this constituency on behalf of two persons of whom you are not the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother/sister, child or grandchild?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. A person applying as an elector in relation to whom there is an entry in the postal signers list</td>
<td>(a) “Did you apply to sign the petition by post?”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6. A person applying as proxy who is named in the proxy postal signers list
   (a) “Did you apply to sign the petition by post as proxy?”
   (b) “Why have you not signed the petition by post as proxy?”

(2) In the case of an elector in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act (alteration of registers: recall petition), the references in the questions at entries 1(a) and 3(a) to (c) to reading from the register must be taken as references to reading from that notice.

(3) In the case of an anonymous elector in Northern Ireland, the questions at entry 3 do not apply.

(4) A signing sheet must not be delivered to any person required to answer a question under paragraph (1) unless that person has answered that question to the satisfaction of the petition clerk.

(5) Except as authorised by this regulation, no inquiry is to be permitted as to the right of any person to sign the petition.

**Challenge of person signing the petition**

26. A person who is entitled to sign the petition must not be prevented from doing so unless the person is arrested on the grounds that the person is suspected of committing or of being about to commit an offence of personation.

**Signing procedure: England and Wales and Scotland**

27.—(1) A signing sheet must be delivered to a person who applies for one, and immediately before delivery—
   (a) the number and (unless paragraph (2) applies) name of the elector as stated in the copy of the register must be called out;
   (b) the number of the elector must be marked on the list mentioned in regulation 19(3)(d) (equipment at petition signing place) beside the number of the signing sheet to be delivered to that person;
   (c) a mark must be placed in the copy of the register against the number of the elector to denote that a signing sheet has been received but without showing the particular signing sheet which has been received;
   (d) in the case of a person applying for a signing sheet as proxy, a mark must also be placed against the proxy’s name in the list of proxies.

(2) In the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry, that person must show the petition clerk his or her official petition notice and only that person’s number must be called out in pursuance of paragraph (1)(a).

(3) In the case of an elector in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act, in subparagraphs (a) and (c) of paragraph (1) the reference to “copy of the register” is to be read as “copy of the notice issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act”.

(4) On receiving a signing sheet the person must without undue delay—
   (a) decide whether or not to sign the sheet and, if they decide to do so, sign it;
   (b) fold it up and show to the petition clerk the back of the signing sheet (so as to disclose the number and other unique identifying mark); and
(c) put the signing sheet so folded up into the ballot box in the petition clerk’s presence.

(5) The person must leave the petition signing place immediately after putting the signing sheet into the ballot box.

(6) A person who for the purpose of signing the petition is in a petition signing place, or in a queue outside a petition signing place, at the end of the period for which the petition is available for signing on that day must (despite the fact that the period for which the petition is available for signing on that day has ended) be entitled to apply for a signing sheet under paragraph (1), and these Regulations apply in relation to such a person accordingly.

**Signing procedure: Northern Ireland**

**28.**—(1) Subject to paragraphs (3) and (5), a signing sheet must be delivered to a person who applies for one and, immediately before—

(a) the number and name of the elector as stated in the copy of the register must be called out;

(b) the number of the elector must be marked on the list mentioned in regulation 19(3)(d) (equipment at petition signing place) beside the number of the signing sheet to be delivered to that person;

(c) a mark must be placed in the copy of the register against the number of the elector to denote that a signing sheet has been received but without showing the particular signing sheet which has been received;

(d) in the case of a person applying for a signing sheet as proxy, a mark must also be placed against the proxy’s name in the list of proxies.

(2) In the case of an elector in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act, in subparagraphs (a) and (c) of paragraph (1) the reference to “copy of the register” is to be read as “copy of the notice issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act”.

(3) A signing sheet must not be delivered to an elector unless that person has produced a specified document to the petition clerk or assistant for inspection by them.

(4) Where a person produces a specified document, the petition clerk or assistant to whom it is produced must deliver a signing sheet to that person unless the clerk or assistant decides that—

(a) the document; or

(b) the apparent age of that person as compared with the age according to the date supplied as the date of the person’s birth pursuant to section 10(4A)(b), 10A(1A) or 13A(2A)(b) (18) of the 1983 Act (information provided by the canvass or an application for registration); raises a reasonable doubt as to whether the person is the elector or proxy whom that person represents themselves to be.

(5) Where in such a case it is a petition clerk who so decides, the petition clerk must refuse to deliver a signing sheet to that person.

(6) Where in such a case it is an assistant who so decides, the assistant must refer the matter and produce the document to the petition clerk, who must proceed as if it had been to the petition clerk that the person had produced the document in the first place.

(7) For the purposes of this regulation, a specified document is one which for the time being falls within the list specified in rule 37(1E) of the parliamentary election rules as amended from time to time by virtue of rule 37(1F) of those rules (voting procedure).

(8) On receiving the signing sheet the person must without undue delay—

(a) decide whether or not to sign the sheet and, if they decide to do so, sign it;

(18) Sections 10(4A), 10A(1A) and 13(2A) were inserted in relation to Northern Ireland by the Electoral Fraud (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 13), section 1(1), (2), (3)(a) and (4).
(b) fold it up and show to the petition clerk the back of the signing sheet (so as to disclose the number and other unique identifying mark); and

(c) put the signing sheet so folded up into the ballot box in the petition clerk’s presence.

(9) The person must leave the petition signing place immediately after putting the signing sheet into the ballot box.

(10) A person who for the purpose of signing the petition is in a petition signing place, or is in a queue outside a petition signing place, at the end of the period for which the petition is available for signing on that day must (despite the fact that the period for signing the petition on that day has ended) be entitled to apply for a signing sheet under paragraph (1), and these Regulations apply in relation to such a person accordingly.

(11) This regulation does not apply in relation to an elector who has an anonymous entry in a register maintained by the Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland.

**Signing sheets endorsed by petition clerk**

29.—(1) If a petition clerk is satisfied that a person wishes to sign the petition but is unable to sign the signing sheet on the ground of—

(a) blindness or other disability, or

(b) inability to read,

the petition clerk may endorse that person’s signing sheet to indicate that the person was unable to sign the signing sheet as a result of their disability but wishes to sign the petition and for their signing sheet to be included in the final count.

(2) The endorsement of the signing sheet in accordance with paragraph (1) is to be made by the petition clerk either in writing or by an official stamp on the front of the signing sheet in accordance with directions provided by the petition officer.

(3) Paragraphs (3) to (7) of regulation 28 (signing procedure: Northern Ireland) apply in the case of a person who applies under paragraph (1), as they apply in the case of a person who applies under regulation 28(1), but reading references to delivering a signing sheet to a person as references to endorsing a signing sheet.

(4) The name and number in the register of every person who signs the petition in accordance with this regulation must be entered on a list (“list of persons with disabilities assisted by the petition clerk”).

(5) In the case of a person signing as proxy for an elector, the number to be entered on the list referred to in paragraph (4) together with the elector’s name must be the elector’s number.

(6) In the case of a person in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act (alteration of registers: recall petition), paragraph (4) above applies as if for “in the register of every person” there were substituted “relating to every person in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act”.

**Tendered signing sheets**

30.—(1) In the following cases a person is entitled to sign a petition signing sheet (referred to in these Regulations as a “tendered signing sheet”) in the same manner as any other person signing the petition if—

(a) in cases 1 to 5, the person satisfactorily answers the questions permitted by law to be asked at the petition signing place;
(b) in case 6, the person satisfactorily answers the questions permitted by law to be asked at
the petition signing place other than the question at entry 1(c) in the table in regulation 25
(questions to be put to persons signing the petition).

(2) Case 1 is that a person representing themselves to be—
(a) a particular elector named in the register and not named in the postal signers list, or
(b) a particular person named in the list of proxies as proxy for an elector and not entitled to
sign the petition by post as proxy,

applies for a signing sheet after another person has signed the petition in person either as the
elector or the elector’s proxy.

(3) Case 2 is that—
(a) a person applies for a signing sheet representing themselves to be a particular elector
named in the register;
(b) that person is also named in the postal signers list; and
(c) that person claims that they did not make an application to sign the petition by post.

(4) Case 3 is that—
(a) a person applies for a signing sheet representing themselves to be a particular person
named as a proxy in the list of proxies;
(b) that person is also named in the proxy postal signers list, and
(c) that person claims that they did not make an application to sign the petition by post as
proxy.

(5) Case 4 is that before the end of the signing period but after the last time at which a person may
apply for a replacement postal signing sheet under regulation 96 or 97 (lost postal signing sheets),
a person represents themselves to be—
(a) a particular elector named in the register who is also named in the postal signers list, or
(b) a particular person named as a proxy in the list of proxies who is also named in the proxy
postal signers list,

and claims that they have lost or not received their postal signing sheet.

(6) Case 5 is that—
(a) a person applies for a signing sheet for a petition in Northern Ireland, and
(b) there has been a refusal to deliver a signing sheet to that person under paragraph (5)
of regulation 28 (including that paragraph as applied by regulation 29 (signing sheets
endorsed by petition clerk).

(7) Case 6 is that—
(a) a person applies for a signing sheet for a petition in Northern Ireland, and
(b) the person fails to answer the question at entry 1(c) in the table in regulation 25.

(8) Paragraphs (3) to (7) of regulation 28 (signing procedure: Northern Ireland) apply in the case
of a person entitled to sign a tendered signing sheet as they apply in the case of a person who applies
for a signing sheet under regulation 28(1).

(9) A tendered signing sheet must—
(a) be of a colour differing from the other signing sheets;
(b) instead of being put into the ballot box, be given to the petition clerk and endorsed by
that clerk with the name of the person signing the petition and that person’s number in the
register and set aside in a separate packet.
(10) The name of the person and that person’s number in the register must be entered on a list (the “tendered signing list”) and the person must sign the list opposite the entry relating to them.

(11) In the case of a person signing the petition as proxy for an elector, the number to be endorsed or entered together with the elector’s name must be the elector’s number.

(12) This regulation applies to an elector who has an anonymous entry as if—

(a) in paragraph (9)(b) the reference to the name of the person signing the petition is omitted;

(b) otherwise, a reference to a person named in a register or list were a reference to a person whose number appears in the register or list (as the case may be).

(13) This regulation applies in the case of a person in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act (alteration of registers: recall petition) as if—

(a) in paragraphs (2)(a), (3)(a) and (5)(a) for “named in the register” there were substituted “in respect of whom a notice under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act has been issued”;

(b) in paragraph (9)(b) and (10) for “that person’s number in the register” there were substituted “the number relating to that person on a notice issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act”.

(14) This regulation does not apply in relation to an elector who has an anonymous entry in a register maintained by the Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland.

Refusal to deliver signing sheet: Northern Ireland

31.—(1) This regulation applies where a petition clerk refuses to deliver a signing sheet under regulation 28(5) (including that paragraph as applied by regulation 29 (signing sheets endorsed by the petition officer) or regulation 30 (tendered signing sheets).

(2) The refusal may be subject to review on a recall petition complaint but, subject to that, is final and may not be questioned in any proceedings whatsoever.

Spoilt signing sheets

32. A person who has inadvertently dealt with their signing sheet in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a signing sheet may, on delivering it to the petition clerk and proving to the clerk’s satisfaction the fact of the inadvertence, obtain another signing sheet in the place of the signing sheet so delivered, and the spoilt signing sheet must be immediately cancelled.

Daily verification and storage

33.—(1) The petition officer must ensure that at the end of each day for which the petition is available for signing—

(a) the seal of the ballot box is broken and a tally of the number of signing sheets removed from the ballot box is made against the number of sheets that were delivered by the petition clerk that day under regulation 28 (signing procedure: England and Wales and Scotland) or regulation 29 (signing procedure: Northern Ireland) and

(b) the signing sheet account for that day is completed (“daily signing sheet account”) showing the number of signing sheets delivered that day and accounting for them under the heads of—

(i) signing sheets delivered and accounted for;

(ii) signing sheets delivered and not accounted for;

(iii) spoilt signing sheets; and

(iv) tendered signing sheets.
(2) The petition officer may direct the petition clerk to—
   (a) undertake the daily verification procedure prescribed in paragraph (1) (“daily verification procedure”); or
   (b) arrange for the transportation of the ballot box and other materials used for conducting the petition to the petition officer for the daily verification procedure to be undertaken by that officer.

(3) Where the petition clerk is directed to undertake the daily verification procedure under paragraph (2)(a), the directions must contain a provision that requires another person appointed by the petition officer to be present during the opening of the ballot box and the verification of the signing sheets.

(4) If an appointed person referred to in paragraph (3) is not available for the purposes of that paragraph then the petition clerk must ensure that the ballot box, daily signing sheet account and any other materials needed for the purposes of undertaking the daily verification procedure, are transported to the petition officer as directed by that officer for that purpose.

(5) The petition officer must provide directions to the petition clerk about the storage and transportation of materials used for conducting the petition, during the signing period, including in particular—
   (a) unused signing sheets issued by the petition officer for that petition signing place;
   (b) signing sheets delivered during the signing period and placed in the ballot box;
   (c) spoilt signing sheets;
   (d) tendered signing sheets;
   (e) the daily signing sheet accounts;
   (f) the corresponding number lists.

(6) Where the petition officer receives any signing sheets and other materials by virtue of paragraph (2)(b) or (4), subject to paragraph (7) that officer must ensure they are kept in a secure place until the end of the signing period.

(7) Where the petition officer receives any signing sheets and other materials by virtue of paragraph (2)(b) or (4), that officer must ensure that the completed daily sheet account and materials used for conducting the petition are returned to the petition signing place so that the petition is available for signing on the next working day.

(8) No person may be present during the daily verification procedure other than—
   (a) the petition officer;
   (b) any assistants appointed by the petition officer;
   (c) any petition clerk;
   (d) any representative of the Electoral Commission.

**Reporting discrepancies**

34. Where the petition clerk identifies any discrepancies between the number of signing sheets removed from the ballot box and the number of signing sheets delivered by the petition clerk for that day the petition clerk must immediately report the discrepancy to the petition officer.

**Correction of errors during the signing period**

35. The petition clerk must keep a list of persons to whom signing sheets are delivered in consequence of any alteration to the register of parliamentary electors made by virtue of
Adjournment of petition in case of riot

36.—(1) Where the proceedings at any petition signing place are interrupted or obstructed by riot or open violence, the petition clerk must adjourn the proceedings until the following working day and must as soon as reasonably practicable give notice to the petition officer of that fact.

(2) Where the proceedings are adjourned under paragraph (1)—

(a) the signing period must be extended by the number of working days which were subject to an adjournment during the signing period;

(b) the hours of signing on the day or days to which it was adjourned must be the same as for the original day or days; and

(c) references in these Regulations to the end of the signing period must be construed accordingly.

Procedure on close of petition

37.—(1) As soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the signing period, the petition clerk must, in the presence of another person appointed by the petition officer, make up into separate packets, sealed with his own seal, the following documents which are located at the petition signing place at the end of the signing period—

(a) the signing sheets delivered during the signing period which were placed in and subsequently retrieved from the ballot box as part of the daily verification procedure;

(b) unused and spoilt signing sheets placed together;

(c) the tendered signing sheets;

(d) the marked copies of the register (including any marked copy notices issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act) and copies of the list of proxies marked in accordance with these Regulations;

(e) the lists prepared under regulation 11 (corresponding number lists), including the parts which were completed in accordance with regulation 27(1)(b) or regulation 28(1)(b) (the “completed corresponding number lists”);

(f) the certificates as to employment on duty during the signing period.

(2) The petition clerk must record the number of signing sheets issued by the petition officer for that petition signing place together with a record of those sheets delivered by the petition clerk under these Regulations for the purpose of signing the petition including any spoilt and tendered signing sheets (“final signing sheet account”).

(3) The packets referred to in paragraph (1), together with the daily signing sheet accounts and the final signing sheet account, must be delivered by the petition clerk or caused to be delivered to the petition officer; but if the packets are not delivered by the petition clerk personally to the petition officer, the arrangements for their delivery require the petition officer’s approval.

(4) The marked copies of the register and of the list of proxies must be in one packet but must not be in the same packet as the completed corresponding number lists or the certificates as to employment on duty during the signing period.

(5) Where the petition officer has received any signing sheets or other materials by virtue of regulation 33(2)(b) or (4) during the signing period, that officer must as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the signing period, for each petition signing place, make up into separate packets, sealed with their own seal, the following documents—
(a) the signing sheets delivered during the signing period which were placed in and subsequently retrieved from the ballot box as part of the daily verification procedure;
(b) the spoilt signing sheets;
(c) the tendered signing sheets.

CHAPTER 4
Counting Signing Sheets

Attendance at counting of signatures

38.—(1) No person other than—
(a) the petition officer,
(b) any assistants of the petition officer, and
(c) a person who is entitled to attend by virtue of any of sections 6A to 6C of PPERA 2000 (attendance of Electoral Commission and accredited observers at elections etc),
may be present at the counting of the signing sheets, unless permitted by the petition officer to attend.

(2) A person not entitled to attend at the counting of the signing sheets must not be permitted to do so by the petition officer unless the petition officer is satisfied that the efficient counting of the signing sheets will not be impeded.

The count

39.—(1) The petition officer must take reasonable steps to begin counting the signatures given on the signing sheets as soon as practicable after the end of the signing period and, in any event, no later than one day after the end of that period.

(2) The petition officer must in the presence of any person mentioned in regulation 38 (attendance at counting of signatures) who attends the count—
(a) count and record the number of signing sheets received by virtue of regulation 33(2)(b) or (4) (daily verification) and regulation 37(3) (procedure on close of petition);
(b) verify the final signing sheet account for each petition signing place;
(c) count such of the postal signing sheets as have been duly returned and record the number counted.

(3) In relation to a petition in England and Wales or Scotland, a postal signing sheet must not be taken to be duly returned unless—
(a) it is returned in accordance with regulation 99 (alternative means of returning postal signing sheets, postal petition statements and declarations of identity);
(b) it is accompanied by the postal petition statement, duly signed, and reaches the petition officer or a petition signing place before the end of the signing period;
(c) the postal petition statement states the date of birth of the elector or proxy (as the case may be); and
(d) the petition officer has verified the date of birth and signature of the elector or proxy (as the case may be) in accordance with regulation 107 (procedure in relation to postal petition statements).

(4) A postal signing sheet or postal petition statement that reaches the petition officer or a petition signing place after the end of the signing period is to be treated for the purposes of paragraph (3) as reaching that officer or place before the end of the signing period if it is delivered by a person who,
at the end of the signing period, is in the petition signing place, or in a queue outside the petition signing place, for the purpose of returning it.

(5) In relation to a petition in Northern Ireland, a postal signing sheet must not be taken to be duly returned unless—

(a) it is returned in accordance with regulation 99;
(b) it is returned in the proper envelope so as to reach the petition officer before the end of the signing period and is accompanied by the declaration of identity duly signed, and
(c) in the case of an elector, that declaration of identity states the date of birth of the elector, and the petition officer is satisfied that the date stated corresponds with the date supplied as the date of the elector’s birth pursuant to section 10(4A)(b), 10A(1A)(b) or 13A(2A) (b) of the 1983 Act.

(6) In the case of an elector in Northern Ireland, unless section 10(4B), 10A(1B) or 13A(2B) of the 1983 Act applies, the declaration of identity referred to in paragraph (5) must be taken not to be duly signed unless the petition officer is satisfied that the signature on the declaration corresponds with the signature supplied as the elector’s signature pursuant to section 10(4A)(a), 10A(1A)(a) or 13A(2A)(a) of that Act.

(7) The petition officer must not count any tendered signing sheets.

(8) The petition officer, while counting and recording the number of signing sheets and counting the signatures, must keep the signing sheets with their faces upwards and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers or other unique identifying marks printed on the back of the sheets.

(9) The petition officer must verify the final signing sheet accounts for each petition signing place by comparing them with the number of signing sheets recorded by him or her, and the unused and spoilt signing sheets in his or her possession and the tendered signing list (opening and resealing the packets containing the unused and spoilt signing sheets and the tendered signing list) and must draw up a statement as to the result of the verification (“verification of signing sheet accounts”).

Rejected signing sheets

40.—(1) Any signing sheet which—

(a) does not bear the official mark, or
(b) is unmarked or void for uncertainty,
must, subject paragraph (2), be taken to be void and not counted.

(2) A signing sheet on which the signature is marked—

(a) elsewhere than in the proper place, or
(b) otherwise than by means of a signature, or
(c) by more than one mark,
must not for such reason be taken to be void if an intention to sign the petition clearly appears.

(3) The petition officer must endorse the word “rejected” on any signing sheet which under this regulation is not counted.

(4) The petition officer must draw up a statement showing the number of signing sheets rejected (“statement of rejected signing sheets”) under either or both heads of—

(a) want of official mark;
(b) unmarked or void for uncertainty.
Decisions on signing sheets

41. The decision of the petition officer on any question arising in respect of any signing sheet may be subject to review on a recall petition complaint but, subject to that, is final and may not be questioned in any proceedings whatsoever.

Public notice of outcome of petition

42. The public notice given by the petition officer under section 14(2)(c) of the Act (determination of whether recall petition successful) must include—

(a) the name and constituency of the MP to whom the petition related;
(b) the details relating to the recall condition which was met in relation to that MP;
(c) the beginning and end dates of the signing period for the petition;
(d) whether or not in accordance with section 14(3) of the Act (determination of whether recall petition successful) the petition was successful;
(e) the number of eligible registered electors;
(f) the number and percentage of eligible registered electors who validly signed the petition;
(g) the number of rejected signing sheets under each head shown in the statement of rejected signing sheets.

CHAPTER 4
Disposal of Documents

Sealing up of signing sheets

43.—(1) On the completion of the counting of the signing sheets, the petition officer must seal up in separate packets the counted and rejected signing sheets.

(2) The petition officer must not open the sealed packets of—

(a) tendered signing sheets;
(b) the completed corresponding number lists;
(c) certificates as to employment on duty during the signing period; or
(d) marked copies of the register (including any marked copy notices issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act) and lists of proxies.

Delivery of documents to the registration officer: England and Wales and Northern Ireland

44.—(1) The petition officer must forward to the registration officer the following documents—

(a) the packets of signing sheets,
(b) the daily signing sheet accounts, the final signing sheet accounts, the statement of rejected signing sheets and the verification of the signing sheets accounts,
(c) the tendered signing lists, the lists of persons with disabilities assisted by the petition clerk, and the list of alterations to the register,
(d) the packets of the completed corresponding number lists,
(e) the packets of certificates as to employment on duty during the signing period,
(f) the packets containing marked copies of the register (including any marked copy notices issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act) and of the postal signers list, of lists of proxies and of the proxy postal signers list,
(g) such other documents relating to the petition as the petition officer considers appropriate, endorsing on each packet a description of its contents, the dates of the signing period of the petition to which it relates and the name of the constituency in relation to which the petition was held.

(2) Paragraph (1)(f) does not apply in relation to a petition for a constituency in Northern Ireland, but the petition officer for such a petition must instead endorse on each packet containing—

(a) marked copies of the registers,
(b) the postal signers list,
(c) the proxy postal signers list, and
(d) lists of proxies,
a description of its contents, the dates of the signing period of the petition to which it relates and the name of the constituency in relation to which the petition was held.

(3) In this regulation and in regulations 45 and 46, a reference to “the registration officer” is a reference to—

(a) for England and Wales—
   (i) the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the constituency of the MP to whom the petition related is situated, or
   (ii) if the constituency includes any part of the area of more than one local authority, the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the greatest number of electors is registered;
(b) for Northern Ireland, the Clerk of the Crown for Northern Ireland.

Orders for production of documents: England and Wales and Northern Ireland

45.—(1) An order may be made by the bodies and in the circumstances described in paragraph (2)

(a) for the inspection or production of any rejected signing sheets in the custody of the registration officer;
(b) for the opening of a sealed packet of the completed corresponding number lists or of certificates as to employment on duty during the period of the petition;
(c) the inspection of any counted signing sheets in the custody of the registration officer.

(2) Those bodies and circumstances are—

(a) the House of Commons;
(b) if satisfied by evidence on oath that the order is required for the purpose of instituting or maintaining a prosecution for an offence in relation to a petition, any court;
(c) any court considering a recall petition complaint.

(3) An order under this regulation may be made subject to such conditions as the body making the order thinks expedient as to—

(a) persons;
(b) time;
(c) place and mode of inspection;
(d) production or opening.

(4) In making and carrying into effect an order under this regulation the signature of any person must not be disclosed until it has been proved—

(a) that their signature was given; and
(b) that their signature has been declared by a competent court to be invalid.

(5) An appeal lies to the High Court from any order of the county court under this regulation.

(6) Any power given under this regulation—

(a) to the High Court or, except in Northern Ireland, to the county court, may be exercised by
any judge of the court otherwise than in open court; and

(b) in Northern Ireland to a county court, may be exercised in such manner as may be provided
by rules of court.

(7) Where an order is made for the production by the registration officer of any document in their
possession relating to any specified petition—

(a) the production by the registration officer or their agent of the document ordered in such
manner as may be directed by that order is to be conclusive evidence that the document
relates to the specified petition; and

(b) any endorsement on any packet of signing sheets so produced is to be prima facie evidence
that the signing sheets are what they are stated to be by the endorsement.

(8) The production from proper custody of—

(a) a signing sheet purporting to have been used at any petition, and

(b) a completed corresponding number list with a number marked in writing beside the number
of the signing sheet,

is to be prima facie evidence that the elector whose signature was given by that signing sheet was
the person whose entry in the register (or on a notice issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983
Act) at the time of the petition contained the same number as the number written as mentioned in
subparagraph (b).

(9) Save as provided by this regulation, no person is to be allowed to inspect any rejected or
counted signing sheet in the possession of the registration officer or to open any sealed packets of
the completed corresponding number lists or of certificates.

Retention of documents: England and Wales and Northern Ireland

46. The registration officer must retain for a year all documents relating to a petition forwarded
to them in pursuance of these Regulations by a petition officer, and then, unless otherwise directed
by order of the House of Commons or any court, must cause them to be destroyed.

Retention and disposal of documents: Scotland

47.—(1) This regulation applies to petitions for a constituency in Scotland.

(2) The petition officer must retain for a year the documents referred to in regulation 44(1)
(delivery of documents to the registration officer) and then, unless otherwise directed by order of
the House of Commons, the Court of Session or the sheriff, must cause them to be destroyed.

(3) Regulation 45 is to apply but in the application of that regulation a reference to—

(a) “registration officer” is to be read as “petition officer”;

(b) “High Court” is to be read as “Court of Session”; and

(c) “county court” or any judge of a county court, is to be read as “the sheriff”.

Access to marked registers

48. Schedule 3 (access to marked registers after a petition) is to have effect.
PART 4
ABSENT SIGNERS
CHAPTER 1
Entitlement to Absent Signing

Interpretation

49. In this Part—
   (a) “Schedule 4” means Schedule 4 to the 2000 Act (absent voting in Great Britain);
   (b) one person is “related” to another if he or she is the spouse or civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild of the other.

Entitlement to sign by post or proxy

50.—(1) A person is entitled to sign a petition by post if that person—
   (a) is entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act (entitlement to sign a recall petition); and
   (b) before the cut-off day (19), has been granted an application under paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 4 (absent vote at elections for definite or indefinite period) to vote by post at parliamentary elections and is included in the postal voters list under paragraph 5(2) of that Schedule (absent voters list).

(2) Subject to paragraph (5), a person is entitled to sign a petition by proxy if that person—
   (a) is entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act; and
   (b) before the cut-off day, has been granted an application under paragraph 3(2) of Schedule 4 to vote by proxy at parliamentary elections and is included in the list of proxies under paragraph 5(3) of that Schedule.

(3) A person is also entitled to sign a petition by post or, as the case may be, by proxy if that person—
   (a) is entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act; and
   (b) before the cut-off day, has been granted an application under section 6(1) of the 1985 Act (absent vote at elections for an indefinite period) to vote by post or to vote by proxy for an indefinite period and is shown in the record referred to in subsection (3) of that section of those whose applications have been granted under subsection (1) of that section.

(4) Where a person has been granted an application under paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 4 to vote by post for a definite period and that period expires during the signing period of a particular petition, that definite period is deemed to continue until the end of the signing period for the purposes of enabling that person to sign the petition by post, unless that person applies to have their name removed from the postal voters list made under paragraph 5(2) of that Schedule before 5pm on the eleventh day before the last day of the signing period of that petition.

(5) Where a person has been granted an application under paragraph 3(2) of Schedule 4 to vote by proxy for a definite period and that period expires during the signing period for a particular petition, that entitlement to vote by proxy comes to an end on the expiry of that definite period.

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(19) The cut-off day is defined in section 10(4)(a) of the Act as the third working day before the beginning of the signing period.
Absent signing at any petition for a definite or an indefinite period: England and Wales and Scotland

51.—(1) Where a person applies to the registration officer to sign any petition by post (whether for an indefinite period or for a particular period specified in that person’s application), the registration officer must grant the application if—

(a) the officer is satisfied that the applicant is or will be entitled to sign a petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act;
(b) the officer is satisfied that the applicant has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to that person under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing places); and
(c) the application contains the applicant’s signature and date of birth and meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

(2) Where a person applies to the registration officer to sign any petition by proxy (whether for an indefinite period or for a particular period specified in their application), the registration officer must grant the application if—

(a) the officer is satisfied that the applicant is eligible to sign the petition by proxy (in accordance with paragraph (3));
(b) the officer is satisfied that the applicant has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to that person under regulation 16;
(c) the officer is satisfied that the applicant is or will be entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act; and
(d) the application contains the applicant’s signature and date of birth and meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

(3) For the purposes of this regulation a person is eligible to sign the petition by proxy if that person—

(a) is or will be registered in the register of parliamentary electors as a service voter;
(b) has an anonymous entry in the register of parliamentary electors;
(c) cannot reasonably be expected—

(i) to go in person to the petition signing place allotted or likely to be allotted to that person under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing place), or

(ii) to sign the petition unaided there,

by reason of blindness or other disability;
(d) cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to that petition signing place by reason of the general nature of that person’s occupation, service or employment or that of their spouse or civil partner, or by reason of their attendance on a course provided by an educational institution or that of their spouse or civil partner;
(e) cannot go in person from their qualifying address to that petition signing place without making a journey by air or sea; or
(f) is or will be registered in the register of parliamentary electors in pursuance of an overseas electors declaration.

(4) The registration officer must keep a record of those whose applications under this regulation have been granted showing—

(a) whether the applications were to sign the petition by post or proxy for an indefinite or a particular period (specifying that period),
(b) in the case of those who may sign the petition by post, the addresses provided by them in their applications as the addresses to which their signing sheets are to be sent, and
(c) in the case of those who may sign the petition by proxy, the names and addresses of those
appointed as their proxies.

(5) The registration officer must remove a person from the record—
(a) if that person applies to the registration officer to be removed;
(b) in the case of a person who is eligible to sign the petition by proxy by virtue of having an
anonymous entry, if that person ceases to have an anonymous entry;
(c) in the case of any person in the register of parliamentary electors, if that person ceases to
be so registered or registered at the same qualifying address;
(d) in the case of any person shown in the record as being eligible to sign the petition by proxy,
if the registration officer gives notice that he or she has reason to believe there has been
a material change of circumstances;
(e) in the case of a person who applied to sign the petition by post for a particular period, once
that period has expired or, where paragraph (9) applies, at the end of the signing period;
(f) in the case of a person who applied to sign the petition by proxy for a particular period,
once that period has expired.

(6) A person shown in the record under kept under paragraph (4) as being entitled to sign the
petition by post may subsequently alter their choice by applying to the registration officer to sign
the petition by proxy instead (whether for an indefinite period or for a particular period specified in
his application); and, if the registration officer would be required to grant that application if it were
one made under paragraph (2), the registration officer must amend the record accordingly.

(7) A person shown in the record as being entitled to sign the petition by proxy may subsequently
alter his choice by applying to the registration officer to sign the petition by post instead (whether
for an indefinite period or for a particular period specified in his application); and, if the application
meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part, the registration officer must amend the record
accordingly.

(8) The registration officer may dispense with the requirement under paragraph (1)(c) or (2)(d)
for the applicant to provide a signature if he or she is satisfied that the applicant is unable—
(a) to provide a signature because of any disability the applicant has,
(b) to provide a signature because the applicant is unable to read or write, or
(c) to sign in a consistent and distinctive way because of any such disability or inability.

(9) Where a person has been granted an application under paragraph (1) to sign the petition by post
for a definite period and that period expires during the signing period for a particular petition, that
definite period is deemed to continue until the end of the signing period for the purposes of enabling
that person to sign the petition by post, unless that person applies to have their name removed from
the record kept under paragraph (4).

Absent signing at any petition for an indefinite period: Northern Ireland

52.—(1) Where a person applies to the registration officer to sign any petition by post or by proxy,
for an indefinite period, the registration officer must grant the application (subject to paragraph (8))
if—
(a) the officer is satisfied that the applicant is entitled to sign a petition by virtue of section 10
of the Act;
(b) the officer is satisfied that the applicant has not signed the petition at the petition signing
place allotted to that person under regulation 16;
(c) the application states the applicant’s date of birth and the registration officer is satisfied that the date stated corresponds with the date supplied as the date of the applicant’s birth pursuant to section 10(4A)(b), 10A(1A)(b) or 13A(2A)(b) of the 1983 Act;

(d) the application is signed and (unless section 10(4B), 10A(1B) or 13A(2B) of the 1983 Act applies) the registration officer is satisfied that the signature on the application corresponds with the signature supplied as the applicant’s signature pursuant to section 10(4A)(a), 10A(1A)(a) or 13A(2A)(a) of the 1983 Act;

(e) the application either states the applicant’s national insurance number or states that the applicant does not have one, and the registration officer is satisfied as mentioned in paragraph (2) below;

(f) the application meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part; and

(g) in the case of an application to sign the petition by proxy, the officer is satisfied that the applicant is eligible (in accordance with paragraph (4)) to sign the petition by proxy for an indefinite period.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(e), the registration officer must be satisfied—

(a) if the application states a national insurance number, that the requirements of paragraph (3) below are met; or

(b) if the application states that the applicant does not have a national insurance number, that no such number was supplied as the applicant’s national insurance number pursuant to section 10(4A)(c)(i), 10A(1A)(c)(i) or 13A(2A)(c)(i) of the 1983 Act.

(3) The requirements of this paragraph are met if—

(a) the number stated as mentioned in paragraph (2)(a) is the same as the one supplied as the applicant’s national insurance number pursuant to section 10(4A)(c)(i), 10A(1A)(c)(i) or 13A(2A)(c)(i) of the 1983 Act; or

(b) no national insurance number was supplied under any of those provisions, but the registration officer is not aware of any reason to doubt the authenticity of the application.

(4) For the purposes of this regulation, a person is eligible to sign a petition by proxy for an indefinite period if that person—

(a) is or will be registered as a service voter;

(b) has an anonymous entry in the register of electors for a parliamentary election;

(c) cannot reasonably be expected—

(i) to go in person to the signing place allotted or likely to be allotted to them under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing places), or

(ii) to sign the petition unaided there, by reason of blindness or other disability;

(d) cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to that petition signing place by reason of the general nature of their occupation, service or employment or that of their spouse or civil partner or by reason of their attendance on a course provided by an educational institution or that of their spouse or civil partner;

(e) cannot go in person from their qualifying address to that petition signing place without making a journey by air or sea; or

(f) is or will be registered in the register of parliamentary electors in pursuance of an overseas electors declaration.

(5) The registration officer must keep a record of those whose applications under this regulation have been granted showing—
(a) in the case of those who may sign a petition by post, the addresses provided by them in their applications as the addresses to which their signing sheets are to be sent, and

(b) in the case of those who may sign a petition by proxy, the names and addresses of those appointed as their proxies.

(6) The registration officer must remove a person from the record kept under paragraph (5)—

(a) if that person applies to the registration officer to be removed;

(b) in the case of a person who is eligible to sign the petition by proxy by virtue of having an anonymous entry, if that person ceases to have an anonymous entry;

(c) in the case of any person registered in the register of parliamentary electors, if that person ceases to be registered or registered at the same qualifying address; or

(d) if the registration officer gives notice that he or she has reason to believe there has been a material change of circumstances.

(7) A person shown in the record kept under paragraph (5) as being eligible to sign a petition by post or by proxy (as the case may be) may subsequently alter their choice (subject to paragraph (8)) on an application to the registration officer that meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part and the registration officer must amend the record accordingly.

(8) A person applying to sign a petition by post must provide an address in the United Kingdom as the address to which that person’s signing sheet is to be sent.

Absent signing at a particular petition: England and Wales and Scotland

53.—(1) Where a person applies to the registration officer to sign a particular petition by post, the officer must grant the application if—

(a) the officer is satisfied that the applicant is or will be entitled to sign the petition in accordance with section 10 of the Act (entitlement to sign a recall petition);

(b) the officer is satisfied that the applicant has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to them under regulation 16; and

(c) the application contains the applicant’s signature and date of birth and meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

(2) Where a person applies to the registration officer to sign a particular petition by proxy, the officer must grant the application if—

(a) the officer is satisfied that the applicant’s circumstances during the signing period will be, or are likely to be, such that the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to sign in person at the petition signing place allotted or likely to be, allotted to that person under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing places);

(b) the officer is satisfied that the applicant is or will be entitled to sign the petition in accordance with section 10 of the Act;

(c) the officer is satisfied that the applicant has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to them under regulation 16; and

(d) the application contains the applicant’s signature and date of birth and meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

(3) Where a person who has an anonymous entry in the register, applies to the registration officer to sign a particular petition by proxy, the registration officer must grant the application if—

(a) the officer is satisfied that the applicant has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to them under regulation 16; and

(b) it meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.
(4) Nothing in paragraphs (1) to (3) applies to a person who is included in the record kept under regulation 51(4) (absent signing at any petition for a definite or indefinite period: England and Wales and Scotland) or in the record kept under paragraph 3(4) or 7(6) of Schedule 4, but if such a person is shown in any of those records as being entitled to sign the petition by post or voting by post (as the case may be) the person may, in respect of a particular petition, apply to the registration officer—

(a) for that person’s signing sheet to be sent to a different address from that shown in the record, or

(b) to sign the petition by proxy.

(5) The registration officer must grant an application under paragraph (4) if—

(a) it meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part, and

(b) in the case of an application to sign the petition by proxy, the officer is satisfied that the applicant’s circumstances during the signing period will or are likely to be such that the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to sign the petition in person at the petition signing place allotted or likely to be allotted to that person in accordance with regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing places).

(6) The registration officer may dispense with the requirement under paragraph (1)(c) or (2)(d) for the applicant to provide a signature if the officer is satisfied that the applicant is unable—

(a) to provide a signature because of any disability the applicant has;

(b) to provide a signature because the applicant is unable to read or write; or

(c) to sign in a consistent and distinctive way because of any such disability or inability.

**Absent signing at a particular petition: Northern Ireland**

**54.**—(1) Where a person applies to the registration officer to sign a particular petition by post, or to sign that petition by proxy, the registration officer must grant the application (subject to paragraph (4)) if—

(a) in the case of a proxy application, the officer is satisfied that the applicant’s circumstances during the signing period will be or are likely to be such that the person cannot reasonably be expected to sign the petition in person at the petition signing place allotted or likely to be allotted to that person under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing place);

(b) the officer is satisfied that the applicant is or will be entitled to sign the petition in accordance with section 10 of the Act;

(c) the application states the applicant’s date of birth and the registration officer is satisfied that the date stated corresponds with the date supplied as the date of the applicant’s birth pursuant to section 10(4A)(b), 10A(1A)(b) or 13A(2A)(b) of the 1983 Act;

(d) the application is signed and (unless section 10(4B), 10A(1B) or 13A(2B) of the 1983 Act applies) the registration officer is satisfied that the signature on the application corresponds with the signature supplied as the applicant’s signature pursuant to section 10(4A)(a), 10A(1A)(a) or 13A(2A)(a) of the 1983 Act;

(e) the application either states the applicant’s national insurance number or states that he or she does not have one, and the registration officer is satisfied as mentioned in paragraph (2);

(f) the officer is satisfied that the applicant has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to that person under regulation 16; and

(g) the application meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(e), the registration officer must be satisfied—
(a) if the application states a national insurance number, that the requirements of paragraph (3) are met; or

(b) if the application states that the applicant does not have a national insurance number, that no such number was supplied as that person’s national insurance number pursuant to section 10(4A)(c)(i), 10A(1A)(c)(i) or 13A(2A)(c)(i) of the 1983 Act.

(3) The requirements of this paragraph are met if—

(a) the number stated as mentioned in paragraph (2)(a) is the same as the one supplied as the applicant’s national insurance number pursuant to section 10(4A)(c)(i), 10A(1A)(c)(i) or 13A(2A)(c)(i) of the 1983 Act; or

(b) no national insurance number was supplied under any of those provisions, but the registration officer is not aware of any reason to doubt the authenticity of the application.

(4) Paragraph (1) does not apply to a person who is included in the record kept under regulation 52(5) (absent signing at any petition for indefinite period: Northern Ireland) or kept in the record kept under section 6(3) of the 1985 Act (absent vote at elections for indefinite period), but such a person may, in respect of a particular petition, apply to the registration officer—

(a) for that person’s signing sheet to be sent to a different address in the United Kingdom, or

(b) to sign the petition by proxy,

if that person is shown in the record so kept as signing the petition by post or proxy, or voting by post of proxy (as the case may be).

(5) The registration officer must grant an application under paragraph (4) if it meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

Absent signers lists: England and Wales and Scotland

55.—(1) The registration officer must, in respect of each petition, keep the two lists mentioned in paragraphs (2) and (3).

(2) The first of those lists (“the postal signers list”) is a list of—

(a) those persons who are for the time being shown in the postal voters list under paragraph 5(2) of Schedule 4, together with the addresses as shown in that list as the addresses to which their postal ballot sheets are to be sent;

(b) those persons who are for the time being shown in the record kept under regulation 51(4) as signing the petition by post (excluding those so shown whose applications under regulation 53(4) to sign the petition by proxy have been granted), together with the addresses provided by them in their applications under regulation 51 or regulation 53(4) (a) (as the case may be) as the addresses to which their signing sheets are to be sent;

(c) those persons whose applications have been granted under regulation 53(1) to sign a particular petition by post, together with the addresses provided by them in their application under that regulation.

(3) The second of those lists (“the list of proxies”) is a list of—

(a) those persons who are for the time being shown in the list of proxies under paragraph 5(3) of Schedule 4,

(b) those persons who are for the time being shown in the record kept under regulation 51(4) as being eligible to sign the petition by proxy,

(c) those persons whose applications have been granted under regulation 53(2) or (5) to sign that petition by proxy,

together with (in each case) the names and the addresses of those appointed as their proxies.
(4) In the case of a person who has an anonymous entry in the register, the postal signers list or list of proxies (as the case may be) must contain only—

(a) the person’s electoral number, and

(b) the period for which the anonymous entry has effect.

(5) The registration officer must, immediately on completion of list referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3), supply to the petition officer so much of those lists as relate to the constituency to which the petition relates.

Absent signers list: Northern Ireland

56.—(1) The registration officer must, in respect of each petition, keep the two lists mentioned in paragraphs (2) and (3).

(2) The first of those lists (“the postal signers list”) is a list of—

(a) those persons who are for the time being shown in the record kept under regulation 52(5) as being entitled to sign the petition by post (excluding those so shown whose applications under regulation 54(4) to sign the petition by proxy have been granted) together with the addresses provided by them in their application under regulation 52, or regulation 54(4) (a) (as the case may be) as the address to which their signing sheet is to be sent;

(b) those persons whose applications under regulation 54(1) to sign the petition by post have been granted, together with the addresses provided by them in their applications as the addresses to which their signing sheets are to be sent; and

(c) those persons who are for the time being shown in the record kept under section 6(3) of the 1985 Act as voting by post at parliamentary elections (excluding those so shown whose applications under regulation 54(4) to sign the petition by proxy at the election have been granted), together with the addresses provided by them in their applications under that section or regulation 54(4)(a) (as the case may be) as the addresses to which their signing sheet sheets are to be sent.

(3) The second of those lists (“the list of proxies”) is a list of—

(a) those persons whose applications under regulation 52 (absent signing at any petition for an indefinite period) to sign the petition by proxy have been granted,

(b) those persons whose applications under regulation 54 (absent signing at a particular petition) to sign the petition by proxy have been granted,

(c) those persons who are for the time being shown in the record kept under section 6(3) of the 1985 Act (absent vote at elections for an indefinite period) as voting by proxy at parliamentary elections,

(together with (in each case) the names and addresses of those appointed as their proxies.

(4) In the case of a person who has an anonymous entry in the register of electors, the postal signers list or list of proxies (as the case may be) must contain only—

(a) the person’s electoral number, and

(b) the period for which the anonymous entry has effect.

Proxies at petitions

57.—(1) Subject to the following provisions of this regulation, any person is capable of being appointed proxy to sign a petition for another (the person appointing the proxy is referred to in this regulation and regulation 58 as “the appointer”).

(2) The appointer cannot have more than one person at a time appointed as proxy to sign a petition for him or her.
(3) A person is not capable of being appointed to sign a petition as proxy if the person—
   (a) is subject to any legal incapacity (age apart) to sign a petition as an elector, and
   (b) is neither a Commonwealth citizen or a citizen of the Republic of Ireland.

(4) A person is not capable of signing a petition as proxy unless before the end of the signing period for that petition the person has attained the age of 18; but such a person may sign the petition during the signing period notwithstanding that they may have not attained the age of 18 on the day they sign the petition.

(5) A person is not entitled to sign any one petition as proxy on behalf of more than two persons to whom that person is not related.

(6) Where the appointer applies to the registration officer for the appointment of a proxy to sign the petition for him or her (whether for an indefinite period or for a particular period specified in his application), the registration officer must make the appointment if the application meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part and the registration officer is satisfied that the appointer—
   (a) is or will be entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act;
   (b) is or will be shown in the record kept under regulation 51(4) above as being eligible to sign the petition by proxy or (as the case may be) in the record kept under paragraph 3(4) of Schedule 4 as entitled to vote by proxy and the proxy is capable of being, and willing to be, appointed to sign the petition as proxy; and
   (c) has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to them under regulation 16.

(7) Where the appointer applies to the registration officer for the appointment of a proxy to sign the petition for him or her at a particular petition the registration officer must make the appointment if the application meets the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Part and the registration officer is satisfied that the appointer—
   (a) is or will be entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act;
   (b) is or will be eligible to sign the petition by proxy by virtue of an application under regulation 53(2) and (3) and that the proxy is capable of being, and willing to be, appointed to sign the petition as proxy; and
   (c) has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to the appointer under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing place).

(8) The appointment of a proxy under this regulation must be made by means of a proxy paper issued by the registration officer in the form set out in Form J in Schedule 2.

(9) The appointment may be cancelled by the appointer by giving notice to the registration officer.

(10) The appointment also ceases to be in force—
   (a) on the issue of a proxy paper appointing a different person to sign the petition for the appointer;
   (b) where the appointment was for a definite period, once that period expires, unless the proxy is entitled to sign the petition by post in which case that period is deemed to continue until the end of the signing period for the purposes of signing the petition.

(11) Subject to paragraphs (9) and (10), the appointment remains in force—
   (a) in the case of an appointment for a particular petition, for that petition;
   (b) in any other case, while the appointer is shown in the record kept under regulation 51(4) as being entitled to sign the petition by proxy or (as the case may be) in the record kept under paragraph 3(4) of Schedule 4 as entitled to vote by proxy.

(12) In respect of petitions in Northern Ireland, the application of this regulation is modified as follows—
(a) for references to “regulation 51(4)” substitute “regulation 52(5)”;
(b) for references to “regulation 53(2)” substitute “regulation 54(1)”;
(c) for references to “paragraph 3(4) of Schedule 4” substitute “section 6(3) of the 1985 Act”.

**Signing the petition as a proxy**

58.—(1) A person entitled to sign the petition as proxy for another may do so in person at the petition signing place allotted to the appointer under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing place) unless the person is entitled to sign the petition by post as proxy for the appointer, in which case the person may sign the petition by post.

(2) But in the case of a person entitled to sign the petition as proxy for an appointer included in the register of electors in Northern Ireland who has an anonymous entry—

(a) paragraph (1) does not apply, and

(b) the person may only sign the petition by post (where entitled as a proxy to sign the petition by post).

(3) Where a person is entitled to sign the petition by post as proxy for the appointer, that appointer may not apply for a signing sheet for the purpose of signing the petition in person.

(4) For the purposes of this Part, a person entitled to sign the petition as proxy is entitled to sign the petition by post if that person is included—

(a) in the proxy postal signers list;

(b) in the record (record of proxy postal voting) kept under paragraph 7(6) of Schedule 4; or

(c) in the record (record of proxy postal voting) kept under section 9(6) of the 1985 Act.

(5) Where a person applies to the registration officer to sign the petition by post as proxy, the registration officer must grant the application if the conditions set out in paragraph (6) are satisfied.

(6) Those conditions are—

(a) that the registration officer is satisfied that the appointer is or will be entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act;

(b) that there is in force an appointment of the applicant as the appointer’s proxy to sign the petition on behalf of the appointer;

(c) the officer is satisfied that the proxy has not signed the petition at the petition signing place allotted to the appointer under regulation 16; and

(d) that the application contains the applicant’s signature and date of birth and meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

(7) The registration officer must keep a record of those whose applications under paragraph (5) have been granted showing—

(a) whether their applications were to sign the petition by post as proxy for an indefinite or particular period (specifying that period); and

(b) the addresses provided by them in their applications as the addresses to which their signing sheets are to be sent.

(8) Where, in the case of a particular petition, a person included in the record kept under paragraph (7) applies to the registration officer for their signing sheet to be sent to a different address to the one shown in the record, the registration officer must grant the application if it meets the requirements of Chapter 2 of this Part.

(9) The registration officer must, in respect of each petition, keep a special list (“the proxy postal signers list”) of those who are for the time being included in the record kept under
paragraph (7), together with the addresses provided by them in their application under paragraph (5) or paragraph (8) (as the case may be) as the addresses to which their signing sheets are to be sent.

(10) In the case of a person who has an anonymous entry in the register, the proxy postal signers list must contain only—

(a) the person’s electoral number; and

(b) the period for which the anonymous entry has effect.

(11) The registration officer must remove a person from the record kept under paragraph (7)—

(a) if that person applies to the registration officer to be removed;

(b) if the appointer ceases to be entitled to sign the petition as mentioned in paragraph (6)(a);

(c) if the appointment of the person concerned as the appointer’s proxy ceases to be in force (whether or not that person is re-appointed); or

(d) in the case of a person who applied to sign the petition by post as proxy for a particular period, once that period has expired, unless paragraph (16) applies.

(12) The registration officer must on the completion of the proxy postal signers list, supply to the petition officer so much of that list as relates to the constituency to which the petition relates.

(13) Paragraph (3) does not prevent a person, at the petition signing place to which the person is allotted, signing a tendered signing sheet in the circumstances prescribed in regulation 30 (tendered signing sheets) if the person would otherwise be able to do so.

(14) The registration officer may dispense with the requirement under paragraph (6)(d) for the applicant to provide a signature if the officer is satisfied that the applicant is unable—

(a) to provide a signature because of any disability the applicant has;

(b) to provide a signature because the applicant is unable to read or write; or

(c) to sign in a consistent and distinctive way because of any such disability or inability.

(15) For petitions held in Northern Ireland, the following modifications are made to this regulation—

(a) in paragraph (6), a person applying to sign the petition by post as proxy must provide an address in the United Kingdom as an address to which their signing sheet is to be sent;

(b) paragraphs (7)(a), (12) and (14) do not apply.

(16) For the purposes of paragraph (11)(d), and without prejudice to paragraph (11)(a) to (c), where a person has been granted an application under paragraph (5) to sign the petition by post as proxy for a definite period, and that period expires during the signing period for a particular petition, that definite period is deemed to continue until the end of the signing period for the purposes of enabling the proxy to sign the petition by post.

The personal identifiers record: England and Wales and Scotland

59.—(1) The registration officer must maintain a record (“the personal identifiers record”), apart from the other records and lists which the officer is required to keep under this Part, of the signatures and dates of birth provided by persons whose applications under regulation 51 (absent signing at any petition for a definite or an indefinite period), regulation 53 (absent signing at a particular petition) or regulation 58 (signing the petition as a proxy) were granted, until the expiry of twelve months from—

(a) the date on which a person is removed from the record kept pursuant to regulation 51(4) or 58(7); or

(b) the date of the last day of the signing period of the petition for which the person’s application for absent signing of the petition was granted under regulation 53(1) or (2).
(2) The personal identifiers record must contain the following information in respect of each person on the postal signers list, the list of proxies or proxy postal signers list—
   (a) their name;
   (b) their date of birth; and
   (c) their signature, or a record of the waiver by the registration officer of the requirement for a signature.

(3) The registration officer may disclose information held in the personal identifiers records to—
   (a) any person attending proceedings on receipt of postal signing sheets, who is entitled to do so by virtue of any of sections 6A to 6D of PPERA 2000 (attendance of the Electoral Commission etc), but only to the extent required to permit them to observe proceedings;
   (b) any other registration officer if the officer thinks that to do so will assist the other registration officer in the performance of his or her duties;
   (c) any person exercising functions in relation to the preparation or conduct of legal proceedings in relation to a petition.

CHAPTER 2
Applications for Absent Signing

General requirements for applications for absent signing

60.—(1) An application under Chapter 1 of this Part must state—
   (a) the full name of the applicant;
   (b) except in a case within subparagraph (c), the address in respect of which the applicant is registered or has applied to be (or is treated as having applied to be) registered in the registers of electors;
   (c) in the case of an application under regulation 58(5) (signing the petition by post as a proxy), the proxy’s address, together with the name of the elector for whom the applicant will act as proxy and the elector’s address for the purposes of subparagraph (b);
   (d) in the case of a person applying to sign the petition by post, the address to which the signing sheet should be sent;
   (e) in the case of an application to sign the petition by proxy, the grounds on which the applicant claims to be eligible to sign the petition by proxy;
   (f) in the case of a person who is unable to provide a signature (or a consistent or distinctive signature), the reasons for requesting the waiver of any requirement under regulation 51, regulation 53 or regulation 58 to provide a signature and the name and address of any person who has assisted in the completion of the application; and
   (g) where the applicant has, or has applied for, an anonymous entry, that fact.

(2) The application must be made in writing and must be dated.

(3) Where an application is required to contain a signature and date of birth, the information must be set out in a manner that is sufficiently clear and unambiguous as to be capable of electronic scanning into the record by configuring the information as follows—
   (a) the signature must appear against a background of white unlined paper of at least five centimetres long and two centimetres high, and
   (b) the applicant’s date of birth must be set out numerically configured in the sequence of date, month and year, namely [d][d][m][m][y][y][y][y].

(4) Paragraph (3)(a) does not apply where the application contains a request that the registration officer waive the requirement for a signature.
(5) An application under regulation 53 (absent signing at a particular petition: England and Wales and Scotland) or regulation 54 (absent signing at a particular petition: Northern Ireland) must—
   (a) state that it is made for a particular petition, and
   (b) identify the petition in question.

(6) An application to sign the petition by proxy must also include an application for the appointment of a proxy which meets the requirements of regulation 57 (proxies at petitions).

(7) For petitions in Northern Ireland, the following modifications are made to this regulation—
   (a) an application under paragraph (1) must also contain—
      (i) the signature of the applicant; and
      (ii) an address in the United Kingdom to which the applicant’s signing sheet is to be sent, and
   (b) paragraphs (1)(f) and (3) do not apply.

Additional requirements for applications for signing sheets to be sent to different address from that stated in application

61.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3) this regulation applies where—
   (a) in the case of an application to sign the petition by post under regulation 51(1), 52(1), 53(1) or 54(1), the addresses stated in accordance with regulation 60(1)(b) and (d) are different; 
   (b) in the case of an application by a proxy to sign by post under regulation 58(5), the proxy’s addresses stated in accordance with regulation 60(1)(c) and (d) are different.

(2) The application must set out why the applicant’s circumstances will be or are likely to be such that the applicant requires the postal signing sheet to be sent to the address stated in accordance with regulation 60(1)(d).

(3) This regulation does not apply where an applicant has, or has applied for, an anonymous entry.

Additional requirements for applications for signing sheets to be sent to different addresses from that shown in the record kept by the registration officer

62.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), this regulation applies in respect of applications under—
   (a) regulation 53(4)(a) by a person shown as signing the petition by post in the record kept under regulation 51(4), or shown as voting by post in the record kept under paragraph 3(4) or 7(6) of Schedule 4;
   (b) regulation 54(4)(a) by a person shown as signing the petition by post in the record kept under regulation 52 (5), or shown as voting by post in the record kept under section 6(3) or section 9(6) of the 1985 Act;
   (c) regulation 58(8) by a person shown as signing the petition by post in the record kept under regulation 58(7).

(2) For the applicant’s postal signing sheet to be sent to a different address from that shown in the records the application must set out why the applicant’s circumstances will be, or are likely to be, such that the applicant requires the postal signing sheet to be sent to that address.

(3) This regulation does not apply where an applicant has, or has applied for, an anonymous entry.

Additional requirements for applications for the appointment of a proxy

63.—(1) An application for the appointment of a proxy under regulation 51, 52, 53 or 54 must state the full name and address of the person the applicant wishes to appoint as proxy, together with that person’s family relationship, if any, with the applicant, and—
(a) if it is signed only by the applicant, must contain a statement by the applicant that the person so named has been consulted and that that person is capable of being and willing to be appointed to sign the petition as proxy; or

(b) if it is also signed by the person to be appointed, must contain a statement by that person that the person is capable of being and willing to be appointed to sign the petition as the applicant’s proxy.

(2) Where the application mentioned in paragraph (1) is made by an elector with an anonymous entry in the register of electors maintained by the Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland, the application must also be accompanied by an application, by the person to be appointed as proxy, under regulation 58(5) (application to sign the petition by post as proxy).

Additional requirements for applications for a proxy signature for a definite or an indefinite period on grounds of blindness or other disability: England and Wales and Scotland

64.—(1) An application to sign the petition by proxy for a particular or indefinite period under regulation 51(2) in pursuance of the grounds under paragraph (3)(c) of that regulation must specify the disability by reason of which it is made.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), such an application must be attested and signed by—

(a) a registered medical practitioner(20);

(b) a registered nurse(21);

(c) a registered dentist as defined by section 53(1) of the Dentists Act 1984(22);

(d) a registered dispensing optician or a registered optometrist within the meaning of the Opticians Act 1989(23);

(e) a registered pharmacist within the meaning of article 3(1) of the Pharmacy Order 2010(24);

(f) a registered osteopath as defined by section 41 of the Osteopaths Act 1993(25);

(g) a registered chiropractor as defined by section 43 of the Chiropractors Act 1994(26);

(h) a Christian Science practitioner;

(i) a person registered as a member of a profession to which the Health and Social Work Professions Order 2001(27) extends;

(j) the person registered—

(i) in England and Wales, as carrying on a care home registered under Part 2 of the Care Standards Act 2000(28), or

(ii) in Scotland, as managing a care home service registered under Part 5 of the Public Services Reform (Scotland) Act 2010(29),

where the applicant is resident in such a home;

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(20) A registered medical practitioner means a fully registered person within the meaning of the Medical Act 1983 (c. 54) who holds a licence to practise under that Act; see Schedule 1 to the Interpretation Act 1978 (c. 30).

(21) A registered nurse means a nurse registered in the register maintained under article 5 of the Nursing and Midwifery Order 2001 (S.I. 2002/253) by virtue of qualifications in nursing; see Schedule 1 to the Interpretation Act 1978.

(22) 1984 c. 24.

(23) 1989 c. 44.

(24) S.I. 2010/231.

(25) 1993 c. 21.

(26) 1994 c. 17.

(27) S.I. 2002/254.


(29) 2010 asp. 8.
(k) the warden of premises forming one of a group of premises provided for persons of pensionable age or disabled persons for which there is a resident warden, where the applicant states that he or she resides in such premises;

(l) a manager—
   (i) in England and Wales, within the meaning of section 145(1) of the Mental Health Act 1983(30), or
   (ii) in Scotland, within the meaning of section 329 of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003(31) responsible for the administration of a hospital within the meaning of that section,

or a person authorised to act on behalf of such a manager for these purposes;

(m) a person registered in the register of social workers maintained—
   (i) in England, in accordance with the Health and Social Work Professions Order 2001;
   (ii) in Wales, in accordance with section 56 of the Care Standards Act 2000, or
   (iii) in Scotland, in accordance with section 44 of the Regulation of Care (Scotland) Act 2001(32).

(3) A person who qualifies—
   (a) by virtue of any of paragraphs (2)(a) to (i) may not attest an application for these purposes unless—
      (i) the person is treating the applicant for the disability specified in the application;
      (ii) the applicant is receiving care from that person in respect of that disability; or
   (b) by virtue of paragraph (2)(m) may not attest an application for these purposes unless—
      (i) the person is treating the applicant for the disability specified in the application;
      (ii) the applicant is receiving care from the person in respect of that disability; or
      (iii) the person has arranged care or assistance for the applicant in respect of that disability.

(4) The person attesting the application must state—
   (a) their name and address and the qualification by virtue of which they attest the application;
   (b) where the person (A) who attests the application is a person referred to in paragraph (3) (a), that—
      (i) A is treating the applicant for the disability specified in the application; or
      (ii) the applicant is receiving care from A in respect of that disability;
   (c) where the person (B) who attests the application is a person referred to in paragraph (3) (b), that—
      (i) B is treating the applicant for the disability specified in the application; or
      (ii) the applicant is receiving care from B in respect of that disability; or
      (iii) B has arranged care or assistance for the applicant in respect of that disability;
   (d) that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the applicant has the disability specified in the application and that the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to their allotted petition signing place or to sign unaided there by reason of that disability; and

(30) 1983 c. 20.
(31) 2003 asp. 13.
(32) 2001 asp. 8.
(e) that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the disability specified in the application is likely to continue either indefinitely or for a period specified by the person attesting the application.

(5) Paragraphs (2) to (4) do not apply where—

(a) the application is based on the applicant’s blindness and—

(i) in England, the applicant is registered by the local authority which is specified in the application as a person who is severely sight-impaired under section 77(1) of the Care Act 2014 (registers of sight-impaired adults) (33);

(ii) in Wales, the applicant is registered as a blind person by the local authority which is specified in the application and which has made arrangements for the applicant under section 29(1) of the National Assistance Act 1948 (34);

(iii) in Scotland, the applicant is registered as a blind person by the local authority which is specified in the application; or

(b) the applicant is in receipt of—

(i) the higher rate of the mobility component of a disability living allowance (payable under section 73 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992) (35),

(ii) the enhanced rate of the mobility component of personal independence payment (payable under section 79(2) of the Welfare Reform Act 2012) (36), or

(iii) the armed forces independence payment under the Armed Forces and Reserve Forces (Compensation Scheme) Order 2011 (37),

because of the disability specified in the application.

(6) The fact that an applicant is registered with a local authority as a person who is severely sight-impaired or as a blind person, as mentioned in paragraph (5)(a), is to be deemed sufficient evidence that the applicant is eligible to sign the petition by proxy on the grounds set out in regulation 51(3)(c).

(7) A manager (or person authorised to act on behalf of such a manager) attesting an application by virtue of paragraph (2)(1) must, instead of the matters specified in paragraph (4)(a), state in the attestation—

(a) the name of the person attesting the application;

(b) that the person is authorised to attest the application;

(c) the position of the person in the hospital at which the applicant is liable to be detained, or at which the applicant is receiving treatment;

(d) the statutory provision under which the applicant is liable to be detained at the hospital (where applicable).

**Additional requirements for applications for a proxy signature for an indefinite period on grounds of blindness or other disability: Northern Ireland**

65.—(1) An application to sign the petition by proxy for an indefinite period under regulation 52(1) in pursuance of the grounds under paragraph (4)(c) of that regulation must specify the disability by reason of which it is made.

(2) Such an application must be attested and signed by a person who is registered in the register of parliamentary electors and who is—

(33) 2014 c. 23.
(34) 1948 c. 29.
(35) 1992 c. 4.
(36) 2012 c. 5.
(37) S.I. 2011/2552.
(a) a registered medical practitioner;
(b) a registered nurse;
(c) a social worker registered under the principal part of the register maintained by the Northern Ireland Social Care Council under section 3 of the Health and Personal Services Act (Northern Ireland) 2001(38);
(d) a Christian Science practitioner;
(e) the person registered under the Registered Homes (Northern Ireland) Order 1992(39) as carrying on a residential care home within the meaning of article 3 of that Order or a nursing home within the meaning of article 16 of that Order, where the applicant states that he or she is resident in such a home;
(f) the person in charge of residential accommodation provided under article 15 of the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972(40), where the applicant states that he or she is resident in such accommodation; or
(g) the manager or other person in charge of premises forming one of a group of premises provided for persons of pensionable age or persons with a disability for which there is a resident manager or other person in charge, where the applicant states that he resides in such premises.

(3) The person attesting the application (“A”) must state—

(a) A’s name and address and the qualification by virtue of which A attests the application;
(b) that A is registered in the register of parliamentary electors;
(c) that, to the best of A’s knowledge and belief, the applicant has the disability specified in the application and that the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to their allotted signing place or to sign the petition unaided there by reason of that disability; and
(d) that, to the best of A’s knowledge and belief, the disability specified in the application is likely to continue either indefinitely or for a period specified by A.

(4) Paragraphs (2) and (3) do not apply where—

(a) the application is based on the applicant’s blindness and the applicant is registered as a blind person by a Health and Social Care Trust which is specified in the application; or
(b) the application states that the applicant is in receipt of—

(i) the higher rate of attendance allowance (payable under section 65 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992(41)),
(ii) the highest rate of the care component or the higher rate of the mobility component (or both) of the disability living allowance (payable under section 72 and section 73 of that Act), or
(iii) armed forces independence payment under the Armed Forces and Reserve Forces (Compensation Scheme) Order 2011, because of the disability specified in the application.

(5) The fact that an applicant is registered with a Health and Social Care Trust as a blind person, as mentioned in paragraph (4)(a), is to be deemed sufficient evidence that the applicant is eligible to sign the petition by proxy as set out in regulation 52(4)(c).
Additional requirements for applications for a proxy signature for a definite or an indefinite period based on occupation, service, employment or attendance on a course

66.—(1) An application to sign the petition by proxy for a particular or an indefinite period under regulation 51(2) in pursuance of the grounds under paragraph (3)(d) of that regulation, or for an indefinite period under regulation 52(1) in pursuance of the grounds under paragraph (4)(d) of that regulation (as the case may be) must state—

(a) whether the occupation, service or employment in respect of which it is made is that of the applicant or the applicant’s spouse or civil partner or, as the case may be, it is the applicant or the applicant’s spouse or civil partner who is attending the course provided by an educational institution by reason of which the application is made;

(b) the nature of the occupation, service or employment or course provided by an educational institution giving rise to the application;

(c) where the person in respect of whose occupation, service or employment the application is made (in this regulation referred to as “the employed person”) is self-employed, that fact; and in any other case the name of that person’s employer;

(d) the reason, relevant to the general nature of the employment, service or occupation in question or the course provided by an educational institution, why the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to the allotted petition signing place.

(2) Such an application must be attested and signed—

(a) where the person is self-employed, by a person who—

(i) is aged 18 years or over;

(ii) knows the self-employed person; and

(iii) is not related to that person;

(b) by the employer of the employed person or by another employee to whom this function is delegated by the employer; and

(c) in the case of a course provided by an educational institution, by the director or tutor of that course or by the principal or head of that institution or an employee to whom this function is delegated by the principal or head.

(3) The person attesting an application under paragraph (2) must—

(a) where the applicant is the employed person, self-employed person or the person attending the course, certify that the statements required by paragraph (1)(a) to (d) to be included in the application are true; or

(b) where the applicant is the spouse or civil partner of the employed person, self-employed person or the person attending the course, certify that the statements included in the application in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (1)(a) to (c) are true.

(4) The person (“A”) attesting an application under paragraph (2) must also state—

(a) A’s name and address, that A is aged 18 years or over, that A knows the employed person, self-employed person or person attending a course provided by an educational institution but is not related to him or her; and

(b) if A is attesting as or on behalf of the employer of the employed person, that A is the employer or the position A holds in the employment of that employer; or

(c) if A is attesting an application made on the grounds of attendance at a course provided by an educational institution, the post A holds at that institution.

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Additional provision concerning the requirement that an application for absent signing must be signed by the applicant: England and Wales and Scotland

67. The registration officer must be satisfied—

(a) that an application under Chapter 1 of this Part meets any requirements that it has been signed by the applicant and states his or her date of birth by referring to any signature and date of birth previously provided by the applicant to the registration officer; and

(b) as to whether the applicant is unable to provide a signature or a consistent signature due to any disability or inability to read and write.

Additional requirements for applications for a proxy signature in respect of a particular petition: England and Wales and Scotland

68.—(1) An application under regulation 53(2) to sign a particular petition by proxy must set out why the applicant’s circumstances during the signing period in respect of the petition for which it is made will be, or are likely to be, such that they cannot reasonably be expected to sign in person at their allotted signing place.

(2) Where an application under regulation 53(2) is made—

(a) on the grounds of the applicant’s disability, and

(b) after 5pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period for the petition for which it is made,

the requirements of regulation 64 (proxy signature on the grounds of disability) as to the matters to be specified and the attestation are to apply.

(3) Where an application mentioned in paragraph (2) is made, the person who attests the application (“A”) must state, in addition to those matters specified in regulation 64, to the best of A’s knowledge and belief, the date upon which the applicant became disabled.

(4) Where an application under regulation 53(2) is made—

(a) on grounds relating to the applicant’s occupation, service or employment, and

(b) after 5pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period for the petition for which it is made,

the requirements of regulation 69 (emergency proxy signature) as to the matters to be specified and the attestation are to apply.

(5) Where an application under regulation 53(2) is made by a person to whom section 7(1) of the 1983 Act applies (patients in mental hospitals who are not detained offenders) after 5pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period for the petition for which it is made, the requirements of paragraph (6) as to the matters to be specified and as to attestation are to apply.

(6) Where an application mentioned in paragraph (5) is made—

(a) the application must additionally state the name and address of the hospital at which the applicant is liable to be detained; and

(b) the application must be attested by the manager, within the meaning of section 145(1) of the Mental Health Act 1983, or section 329 of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003, responsible for the administration of the hospital at which the applicant is liable to be detained, or a person authorised to act on behalf of such a manager for these purposes, and the attestation must state—

(i) the name of the person attesting the application;

(ii) that the person is authorised to attest the application;
(iii) the position of the person in the hospital at which the applicant is liable to be detained; and
(iv) the statutory provision under which the applicant is liable to be detained at the hospital (where applicable).

(7) This regulation does not apply where the applicant has an anonymous entry.

Additional requirements: applications for an emergency proxy signature in respect of a particular petition: England and Wales and Scotland

69.—(1) This regulation sets out the requirements referred to in regulation 68(4).

(2) The application must (in addition to providing the information required by regulation 68(1)) state—

(a) where the applicant is self-employed, that fact; and in any other case, the name of the applicant’s employer;
(b) that the reason provided in accordance with regulation 68(1) relates to the applicant’s occupation, service or employment; and
(c) the date on which the applicant became aware of that reason.

(3) Paragraphs (4) to (6) apply unless the applicant is or will be registered as a service voter.

(4) The application must be attested and signed—

(a) where the applicant is self-employed, by a person who—

(i) is aged 18 years or over;
(ii) knows the applicant; and
(iii) is not related to the applicant;
(b) where the applicant is not self-employed, by the applicant’s employer or by another employee to whom this function is delegated by the employer.

(5) The person (“A”) attesting an application under paragraph (4) must certify that the statements required by paragraph (2) and the information required by regulation 68(1) are true to the best of their knowledge and belief.

(6) A must also state A’s name and address and—

(a) where A is attesting that the applicant is self-employed, that A is aged 18 years or over and that A knows, but is not related to, the applicant, or
(b) where A is attesting as, or on behalf of, the employer of the applicant, that A is the employer, or the position that A holds in the employment of that employer.

Additional requirements for applications in respect of a particular petition: Northern Ireland

70.—(1) This regulation applies to an application under regulation 54(1) to sign a particular petition by proxy.

(2) The application must set out why the applicant’s circumstances during the signing period for the petition for which it is made will be or are likely to be such that the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to sign the petition in person at the petition signing place allotted or likely to be allotted to the applicant under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing places).

(3) Except in respect of an application to which paragraph (5) or (7) applies, such an application must be signed and attested by a person who—

(a) is aged 18 years or over;
(b) resides in the United Kingdom;
(c) knows the applicant but is not related to them; and
(d) has not attested under this paragraph any other application in respect of the petition for which the application that person attests is made.

(4) The person (P) attesting an application under paragraph (3) must state—
(a) P’s full name and address,
(b) that P is aged 18 years or over,
(c) that P resides in the United Kingdom,
(d) that P knows the applicant but is not related to that person, and
(e) that P has not attested under paragraph (3) any other application in respect of the petition for which the application P attests is made,

and must certify that, to the best of P’s knowledge and belief, the statement included in the application in accordance with paragraph (2) is true.

(5) This paragraph applies in respect of an application in which the circumstances set out in accordance with paragraph (2) are that the applicant will be, or is likely to be, ill during the signing period, and which—
(a) specifies the illness which the applicant is likely to suffer from; and
(b) is attested and signed by one of the persons specified in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c) of regulation 65(2) (proxy signature on grounds of disability).

(6) The person (P) attesting an application under paragraph (5) must state—
(a) P’s name and address;
(b) that P is registered in the register of parliamentary electors;
(c) the qualification by virtue of which P is authorised to attest it;
(d) that P has seen the applicant in connection with the circumstances set out in the application in accordance with paragraph (2); and
(e) that, to the best of P’s knowledge and belief the applicant—
   (i) is suffering from the illness specified in the application,
   (ii) will be or is likely to be so suffering during the whole of the signing period, and
   (iii) cannot reasonably be expected to sign the petition in person at the petition signing place allotted or likely to be allotted to the applicant under regulation 16 (allotment of petition signing places) because of that illness.

(7) This paragraph applies in respect of an application—
(a) which is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the eleventh day before the end of the signing period but before 5pm on the sixth day before the end of that period;
(b) in which the circumstances set out in accordance with paragraph (2) relate to the applicant’s employment either as a constable or person employed by the petition officer to attend at a petition signing place during the signing period of the petition for which the application is made;
(c) which states the employment in question; and
(d) in the case of a constable, which is signed by a member of the Police Service of Northern Ireland of or above the rank of chief inspector.
Closing date for applications: England and Wales and Scotland

71.—(1) An application under regulation 51(1), (6) or (7), or 58(5) must be disregarded for the purposes of a particular petition if it is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the eleventh day before the last day of the signing period.

(2) An application under regulation 51(2) or 57(6) must be disregarded for the purposes of a particular petition if it is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), an application under regulation 53(2) or 57(7) must be refused if it is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period at the petition for which it is made.

(4) Where an application made under regulation 53(2) is made—
  (a) on the grounds of the applicant’s disability and the applicant became disabled after 5 pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period at the petition for which it is made;
  (b) on grounds relating to the applicant’s occupation, service or employment and the applicant became aware of those grounds after 5pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period at the petition for which it is made; or
  (c) by a person to whom section 7 of the 1983 Act (mental health patients who are not detained offenders) applies and who is liable, by virtue of any enactment to be detained in the mental hospital in question, whether that person is registered by virtue of that provision or not, the application, or an application under regulation 57(7) made by virtue of that application, must be refused if it is received on the last day of the signing period less than 5 hours before the end of the period for which the petition is available for signing on that day.

(5) An application under regulation 53(1) or 58(8) must be refused if it is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the eleventh day before the last day of the signing period at the petition for which it is made.

(6) An application under—
  (a) regulation 51(5)(a) by an elector to be removed from the record kept under regulation 51(4), or
  (b) regulation 58(11)(a) by a proxy to be removed from the record kept under regulation 58(7),
and a notice under regulation 57(9) by an elector cancelling a proxy’s appointment must be disregarded for the purposes of a particular petition if it is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the eleventh day before the last day of the signing period at that petition.

(7) Any application or notice mentioned in this regulation must be disregarded for the purposes of a particular petition if, before the application or notice is considered by the registration officer, the elector or proxy has returned a postal signing sheet to the petition officer (except where it has been returned in accordance with regulation 94 or 96 (spoilt and lost postal signing sheets)).

Closing date for applications: Northern Ireland

72.—(1) An application under regulation 52(1) or (7), 57(6) or 58(5) must be disregarded for the purposes of a particular petition if it is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the eleventh day before the last day of the signing period.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), an application under regulation 54(1), 57(7) or 58(8) must be refused if it is received by the registration officer after 5pm on the eleventh day before the last day of the signing period.

(3) Paragraph (2) is not to apply to an application which satisfies the requirements of regulation 70(7) (person employed as a constable or person attending at signing places); and such
an application must be refused if it received by the registration officer after 5pm on the sixth day before the last day of the signing period.

(4) An application under—

(a) regulation 52(6)(a) by an elector to be removed from the record kept under regulation 52(5), or

(b) regulation 58(11)(a) by a proxy to be removed from the record kept under regulation 58(7),

and a notice under regulation 57(9) by an elector cancelling a proxy’s appointment must be disregarded for the purposes of a particular petition if it is received by the petition officer after 5pm on the eleventh day before the last day of the signing period at that petition.

(5) Any application or notice mentioned in this regulation must be disregarded for the purposes of a particular petition if, before the application or notice is considered by the registration officer, the elector or proxy has returned a postal signing sheet to the petition officer (except where it has been returned in accordance with regulation 95 or 97 (spoilt and lost postal signing sheets)).

Grant or refusal of applications

73.—(1) Where the registration officer grants an application to sign the petition by post, the officer must notify the applicant of that decision.

(2) Where the registration officer grants an application for the appointment of a proxy, that officer must confirm in writing to the elector that the proxy has been appointed, the proxy’s name and address and the duration of the appointment.

(3) Where the registration officer refuses an application under this Part, the officer must notify the applicant of that decision and of the reasons for it.

(4) Where the registration officer grants an application made under—

(a) regulation 53(4) by a person shown as signing the petition by post in the record kept under regulation 51(4),

(b) regulation 54(4) by a person shown as signing the petition by post in the record kept under regulation 52(5),

(c) regulation 58(8) by a person shown as signing the petition by post in the record kept under regulation 58(7),

the officer must notify the applicant of this.

(5) Where a person is removed from the record kept pursuant to regulation 51(4), 52(5) or 58(7) the registration officer must where practicable notify that person of this and the reason for it.

(6) Where the appointment of a proxy is cancelled by the elector or otherwise ceases to be in force, the registration officer must, where practicable, notify the elector that the appointment has been cancelled or notify the elector that the appointment has ceased and the reasons for it (as the case may be).

(7) Where under regulation 71 or 72 (closing date for applications) the registration officer disregards an application for the purposes of a particular petition, the officer must, where practicable, notify the applicant of this.

(8) The registration officer must send to the petition officer details of any application to sign the petition by post which has been granted under this Chapter as soon as practicable after it is granted.

Appeals: England and Wales

74.—(1) An appeal lies to the county court from a decision of the registration officer refusing an application—
(a) to sign a petition by post or proxy under regulation 51(1) or (2) or 53(1) or (2);
(b) to sign a petition by post as proxy under regulation 58(5);
(c) to sign a petition by proxy instead of post or by post instead of proxy under regulation 51(6) or (7);
(d) for a signing sheet to be sent to a different address under regulation 53(4)(a) or 58(8);
(e) to appoint a proxy under regulation 57(6) and (7).

(2) No appeal lies from the decision of the Court of Appeal on appeal from a decision of the county court under this regulation.

(3) An appeal to the county court or Court of Appeal by virtue of this regulation which is pending when notice of a petition is given under regulation 14 (notice of petition) does not prejudice the operation as respects the petition of the decision appealed against, and anything done in pursuance of the decision—

(a) is as good as if no such appeal had been brought; and
(b) is not affected by the decision of the appeal.

(4) The registration officer must make the necessary entries in the record kept under regulation 51(4) and 58(7) as may be required to give effect to that decision.

(5) On any appeal, the registration officer is deemed to be a party to the proceedings and the registration expenses payable to that officer include any expenses properly incurred by virtue of this regulation.

Appeals: Scotland

75.—(1) An appeal lies to the sheriff from a decision of the registration officer refusing an application—

(a) to sign a petition by post or proxy under regulation 51(1) or (2) or 53(1) or (2);
(b) to sign a petition by post as proxy under regulation 58(5);
(c) to sign a petition by proxy instead of post or by post instead of proxy under regulation 51(6) or (7);
(d) for a signing sheet to be sent to a different address under regulation 53(4)(a) or 58(8);
(e) to appoint a proxy under regulation 57(6) and (7).

(2) An appeal lies on any point of law from any decision of the sheriff under this regulation to the court of three judges constituted under paragraph (3).

(3) The court for hearing appeals under paragraph (2) is to consist of three judges of the Court of Session who are to be appointed by the Court of Session by act of sederunt and of whom one judge is to be appointed from each division of the Inner House and one from the Lords Ordinary in the Outer House; and the Principal Clerk of Session is to be clerk of the court.

(4) The Court of Session may by act of sederunt fill any vacancy in the court of three judges, and regulate its sittings and forms of process so as to carry out the provisions of these Regulations; and acts of sederunt under this regulation may be made, and the court of three judges may sit, either during the sitting of the Court of Session or in vacation or recess.

(5) No appeal lies from a decision of the Court of Session on appeal from a decision of the sheriff under this regulation.

(6) An appeal to the sheriff or Court of Session by virtue of this regulation which is pending when notice of a petition is given under regulation 14 (notice of petition) does not prejudice the operation as respects the petition of the decision appealed against, and anything done in pursuance of the decision—
(a) is as good as if no such appeal had been brought; and
(b) is not affected by the decision of the appeal.

(7) The registration officer must make the necessary entries in the record kept under regulation 51(4) and 58(7) as may be required to give effect to that decision.

(8) On any appeal, the registration officer is deemed to be party to the proceedings and the registration expenses payable to that officer include any expenses properly incurred by virtue of this regulation.

Appeals: Northern Ireland

76.—(1) An appeal lies to the county court from any decision under these Regulations of the Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland refusing a person’s application—
(a) to sign a petition by post or proxy under regulation 52(1) or 54(1);
(b) to sign a petition by post as proxy under regulation 58(5);
(c) to sign a petition by proxy instead of post or by post instead of proxy under regulation 52(7);
(d) for a signing sheet to be sent to a different address under regulation 54(4)(a) or 58(8);
(e) to appoint a proxy under regulation 57(6) and (7).

(2) An appeal to the county court or Court of Appeal by virtue of this regulation which is pending when notice of a petition is given under regulation 14 (notice of petition) does not prejudice the operation as respects the petition of the decision appealed against, and anything done in pursuance of the decision—
(a) is as good as if no such appeal had been brought, and
(b) is not affected by the decision of the appeal.

(3) The Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland must make the necessary entries in the record kept under regulation 52(5) and 58(7) as may be required to give effect to that decision.

(4) On any appeal, the Chief Electoral Officer is deemed to be a party to the proceedings and the registration expenses payable to him or her include any expenses properly incurred by virtue of this regulation.

(5) Section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954 (rules regulating procedure of courts etc) applies as if the jurisdiction conferred by subsection (1) were conferred by any enactment within the meaning of that Act.

Notice of appeal

77.—(1) A person desiring to appeal under regulation 74, 75 or 76 against the decision of a registration officer must give notice of the appeal to the registration officer within 14 days of the receipt of the notice given under regulation 73 (grant or refusal of applications), specifying the grounds of appeal.

(2) The registration officer must forward any such notice to the appropriate court in the manner directed by rules of court together in each case with a statement of the material facts which in that officer’s opinion have been established in the case, of his decision upon the whole case and on any point which may be specified as a ground of appeal.

(3) Where it appears to the registration officer that any notices of appeal given to that officer are based on similar grounds, the officer must inform the court of this to enable the court (if it thinks fit) to consolidate the appeals or select a case as a test case.
(4) In the application of this regulation to Scotland, a reference to the court is to be read as a reference to the sheriff.

Cancellation of proxy appointment

78. Where the appointment of a proxy is cancelled by notice given to the registration officer under regulation 57(9) or ceases to be in force under regulation 57(10), the petition officer must—

(a) notify the person whose appointment as proxy has been cancelled, expired or is no longer in force, unless the registration officer has previously been notified by that person that they no longer wish to act as proxy; and

(b) remove that person’s name from the record kept under regulation 51(4) or regulation 52(5) (as the case may be).

Inquiries by registration officer

79.—(1) The registration officer may, at such times as he or she considers appropriate, make inquiries of a person who is shown as signing the petition by proxy in the record kept under—

(a) regulation 51(4) in pursuance of an application granted on the grounds set out in regulation 51(3)(c) or (d), or

(b) regulation 52(5) in pursuance of an application granted on the grounds set out in regulation 52(4)(c) or (d),

for the purpose of determining whether there has been a material change of circumstances.

(2) Where the grant of an application to sign the petition by proxy—

(a) for an indefinite or particular period, was based on the grounds referred to in regulation 51(3)(d); or

(b) for an indefinite period, was based on the grounds referred to in regulation 52(4)(d),

the registration officer must make the inquiries referred to not later than three years after the granting of the application or of the last such inquiries.

(3) The petition officer may treat the failure by a person of whom inquiries have been made to respond to such inquiries within one month of the date on which they were made as sufficient evidence of a material change in circumstances.

Records and lists kept under this Part

80.—(1) The registration officer must, on request, supply free of charge a copy of the lists kept under regulation 55 and regulation 56 (absent signers lists) and regulation 58(9) (proxy postal signers list) to—

(a) a registered political party, other than a minority party, within the meaning of section 160(1) of PPERA 2000 (general interpretation);

(b) the MP to whom a petition relates;

(c) the Electoral Commission;

(d) the Security Service, Government Communications Headquarters and the Secret Intelligence Service;

(e) any police force in Great Britain, the Police Service of Northern Ireland, the Police Service of Northern Ireland (Reserve), the National Crime Agency, and any body of constables established under an Act of Parliament; and

(f) an accredited campaigner within the meaning of Part 5 of Schedule 3 to the Act.
(2) The registration officer must make available for inspection at his or her office a copy of the records kept under regulations 51(4), 52(5) and 58(7).

(3) As soon as practicable after 5pm on the cut-off day the registration officer must—
   (a) publish the lists kept under regulations 55, 56 and 58(9) by making a copy of them available for inspection at his or her office; and
   (b) send to the petition officer a copy of those lists.

(4) The registration officer must ensure that where he or she supplies or discloses information in accordance with this regulation, he or she does not supply or disclose any record relating to—
   (a) a person who has an anonymous entry; or
   (b) the proxy of a person who has an anonymous entry.

(5) Where inspection takes place by providing a copy of the information on a computer screen or otherwise in data form, the registration officer must ensure that the manner in, and equipment on, which that copy is provided do not permit any person consulting that copy to—
   (a) search it by electronic means by reference to the name of any person; or
   (b) copy or transmit any part of that copy by electronic, or any other means.

(6) A person who inspects a copy of the information, whether a printed copy or in data form, may not—
   (a) make copies of any part of it, or
   (b) record any particulars in it,
otherwise than by means of hand-written notes.

(7) No person who has obtained access to a copy of a list referred to under paragraph (1), or information contained in such lists, may—
   (a) supply a copy of that list,
   (b) disclose any information contained in those lists (that is not disclosed in the edited register), or
   (c) make use of any such information,
other than for a permitted purpose specified in paragraph (8).

(8) The permitted purposes are—
   (a) where a copy of any information was supplied to a person or body referred to in paragraph (1)(d) or (e)—
      (i) the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the criminal law (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere), or
      (ii) the vetting of a relevant person (within the meaning of regulation 109(5) of the 2001 Regulations and regulation 108(5) of the 2001 (Scotland) Regulations) for the purposes of safeguarding national security;
   (b) where a copy of any information was supplied to the Electoral Commission, in connection with their functions under, or by virtue of, PPERA 2000;
   (c) in any other case, for the purposes of a petition.

Marked register for petition signing place

81. To indicate that an elector or that person’s proxy is entitled to sign the petition by post and is for that reason not entitled to sign the petition in person, the letter “A” must be placed against the entry of the elector in any copy of the register, or part of it, provided at a petition signing place.
PART 5

ISSUE AND RECEIPT OF POSTAL SIGNING SHEETS

CHAPTER 1

General

Interpretation of Part 5

82. For the purposes of this Part—

“covering envelope” and “signing sheet envelope” have the meaning given by regulation 91 (envelopes);

“postal signer” means an elector or proxy who is entitled to sign the petition by post;

“postal signers’ ballot box” and “postal ballot box” have the meaning given by regulation 101 (postal ballot boxes and receptacles);

“postal signing pack” means for England and Wales and Scotland, the documents referred to in regulation 85(1)(a); and for Northern Ireland, the documents referred to in regulation 85(1)(b) (postal signing packs);

“receptacle for signing sheet envelopes” and other references to specified receptacles, means the receptacles referred to in regulation 101 (postal ballot boxes and receptacles);

“spoilt postal signing sheet” for England and Wales and Scotland, has the meaning given by regulation 94; and for Northern Ireland has the meaning given by regulation 95 (spoilt postal signing sheets);

“valid declaration of identity” means a declaration of identity which satisfies the conditions in regulation 105 (procedure in relation to declaration of identity);

“valid postal petition statement” means a postal petition statement which, in accordance with regulation 107 (procedure in relation to postal petition statements), the petition officer is satisfied has been duly completed.

Form of postal petition statement: England and Wales and Scotland

83. The form of the postal petition statement to be used in England and Wales and Scotland for the purposes of a petition must be in the form of Form K in Schedule 2.

Form of declaration of identity: Northern Ireland

84. The form of the declaration of identity to be used in Northern Ireland for the purposes of a petition must be in the form of Form M in Schedule 2.

Postal signing packs

85.—(1) The petition officer must issue to a person entitled to sign a petition by post—

(a) for a petition in England and Wales or Scotland—

(i) a postal signing sheet,

(ii) a postal petition statement, and

(iii) envelopes for their return which comply with regulation 91 (envelopes);

(b) for a petition in Northern Ireland—

(i) a postal signing sheet,
(ii) a declaration of identity, and
(iii) envelopes for their return which comply with regulation 91 (envelopes).

(2) The petition officer must also issue to such persons such information as the officer thinks appropriate about how to obtain—
(a) translations into languages other than English of any directions to, or guidance for, signers sent with a postal signing sheet;
(b) a translation into Braille of such directions or guidance;
(c) graphical representations of such directions or guidance;
(d) the directions or guidance in any other form (including any audible form).

(3) The petition officer must ensure that the return of the postal signing sheet and postal petition statement or declaration of identity (as the case may be) is free of charge to the postal signer.

**Time when postal signing packs are to be issued**

86. A petition officer must issue the postal signing packs as soon as reasonably practicable and, in any event—
(a) between one and three working days before the designated day(42);
(b) on the tenth and twentieth working day after the designated day; and
(c) by the eighth working day before the last day of the signing period.

**CHAPTER 2**

**Issue of Postal Signing Sheets**

**Procedure on issue of postal signing sheets**

87.—(1) The number of the elector as stated in the register must be marked on the corresponding number list, next to the number and unique identifying mark of the signing sheet issued to that elector.

(2) A mark must be placed in the postal signers list or the proxy postal signers list against the number of the elector to denote that a signing sheet has been issued to the elector or the elector’s proxy, but without showing the particular signing sheet issued.

(3) The number on a postal signing sheet and the name of the postal signer (unless the signer is an anonymous elector) must be marked on the postal petition statement or, in the case of Northern Ireland, on the declaration of identity, sent with that signing sheet.

(4) Subject to paragraph (5), the address to which the postal signing pack must be sent is—
(a) in the case of an elector, the address shown in the postal signers list;
(b) in the case of a proxy, the address shown in the proxy postal signers list.

(5) Where a person has an anonymous entry in the register, the postal signing pack must be sent to the address—
(a) as shown in the record kept under regulation 51(4), 52(5) or 58(7); or
(b) as given in pursuance of an application made under regulation 53(1) or (2) or 54(1).

**Refusal to issue postal signing sheet**

88. Where the petition officer is satisfied that two or more entries in the postal signers list, list of proxies, or the proxy postal signers list, or an entry in two or more of those lists, relates to the

(42) See section 7(1) of the Act; “designated day” means the day from which the petition is made available for signing.
same elector, the officer must not issue more than one postal signing sheet in respect of that elector at any one petition.

**Persons entitled to be present at proceedings on issue of postal petition signing sheets**

89. No person may be present at the proceedings on the issue of postal signing sheets other than—
   (a) the petition officer;
   (b) any assistants of the petition officer;
   (c) any petition clerk;
   (d) any representative of the Electoral Commission.

**Notification of requirement of secrecy**

90. The petition officer must make such arrangements as the officer considers appropriate to ensure that every person attending the proceedings in connection with the issue or receipt of postal signing sheets has been given a copy in writing of the provisions of regulation 123(5) and (6) (requirement of secrecy).

**Envelopes**

91.—(1) This regulation prescribes the envelopes which must be issued with the postal signing packs under regulation 85 (postal signing packs).
   (2) There must be issued an envelope (“covering envelope”) marked with the letter “B” for the return—
       (a) in England and Wales and Scotland, of the postal signing sheet and postal petition statement;
       (b) in Northern Ireland, of the postal signing sheet and the declaration of identity.
   (3) There must also be issued a smaller envelope (“signing sheet envelope”) which is to be marked with—
       (a) the letter “A”;
       (b) the words “postal signing sheet envelope”; and
       (c) unless the envelope has a window through which the number on the postal signing sheet can be displayed, the number of that sheet.

**Sealing up of corresponding number lists and security of special lists**

92.—(1) As soon as practicable after the issue of each batch of postal signing sheets, the petition officer must make up into a packet the completed corresponding number lists of those signing sheets which have been issued and must seal the packet.
   (2) Until the time referred to in regulation 104 (opening of covering envelopes) the petition officer must take proper precautions for the security of the marked copy of the special lists.

**Delivery of postal signing sheets**

93.—(1) For the purposes of delivering postal signing packs, the petition officer may use—
       (a) a universal postal service provider; or
       (b) a commercial delivery firm.
(2) Where the services of a universal postal service provider or commercial delivery firm are to be used, envelopes addressed to postal signers must be counted and delivered by the petition officer with such form of receipt to be endorsed by that provider or firm as may be arranged.

(3) Postage must be prepaid on envelopes addressed to the postal signers.

(4) Return postage must be prepaid on all covering envelopes where the address provided by the postal signer for the receipt of the signing sheet is within the United Kingdom.

Spoilt postal signing sheets: England and Wales and Scotland

94.—(1) Where a postal signer has inadvertently dealt with their postal signing sheet or postal petition statement in such a manner that it cannot be conveniently used as such (“spoilt signing sheet” or “spoilt postal petition statement”) (as the case may be) that person may return (either by hand or by post) to the petition officer the spoilt signing sheet or spoilt postal petition statement (as the case may be).

(2) Where a person exercises the entitlement conferred by paragraph (1), they must also return—

(a) the postal signing sheet or postal petition statement (as the case may be), whether spoilt or not; and

(b) the envelopes supplied for the return of those documents.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), on receipt of a document referred to in paragraph (1) (and, where applicable, paragraph (2)), the petition officer must issue another postal signing sheet, except where those documents are received on the last day of the signing period less than five hours before the end of the period for which the petition is available for signing on that day.

(4) Where the petition officer receives the documents referred to in paragraph (1) (and, where applicable paragraph (2)), after 5pm on the day before the last day of the signing period, the petition officer may issue another postal signing sheet only if the documents were returned by hand.

(5) The following provisions apply to the issue of a replacement postal signing sheet under paragraphs (3) and (4)—

(a) regulation 87 (except paragraph (2)) (procedure on issue of postal signing sheets);

(b) regulations 91 (envelopes) and 92 (sealing up of corresponding number lists and security of special lists);

(c) subject to paragraph (8), regulation 93 (delivery of postal signing sheets).

(6) Any postal signing sheet or postal petition statement, whether spoilt or not, returned in accordance with paragraph (1) or (2) must be cancelled immediately.

(7) The petition officer, as soon as practicable after cancelling those documents, must make them up into a separate packet and must seal the packet; and if on any subsequent occasion further such documents are cancelled, the sealed packet must be opened and the additional cancelled documents included in it and the packet must again be made up and sealed.

(8) Where a person referred to in paragraph (1) applies in person—

(a) before 5pm on the day before the last day of the signing period, the petition officer may hand a replacement postal signing sheet and postal petition statement to that person,

(b) after 5pm on that day, the petition officer may only hand a replacement postal signing sheet and postal petition statement to that person,

instead of delivering it in accordance regulation 93.

(9) The petition officer must enter in a list (“the list of spoilt postal signing sheets”)—

(a) the name and number of the elector as stated in the register (or the electoral number alone in the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry);
(b) the number of the postal signing sheet issued under this regulation; and
(c) where the postal signer whose signing sheet is spoilt is a proxy, their name and address
(or, in the case of a proxy who has an anonymous entry or is the proxy for a person with
an anonymous entry, the proxy’s electoral number alone or a statement that the proxy is
not registered in the register of parliamentary electors (as the case may be)).

Spoilt postal signing sheets: Northern Ireland

95.—(1) Where a postal signer has inadvertently dealt with their postal signing sheet or
declaration of identity in such a manner that it cannot be conveniently used as such (“spoilt postal
signing sheet” or “spoilt declaration of identity”) (as the case may be), that person may return (either
by hand or by post) to the petition officer the spoilt signing sheet or spoilt declaration of identity
(as the case may be).

(2) Where a person exercises the entitlement conferred by paragraph (1), they must also return—
(a) the postal signing sheet or declaration of identity (as the case maybe), whether spoilt or
not; and
(b) the envelopes supplied for the return of those documents.

(3) On receipt of a document referred to in paragraph (1) (and, where applicable, paragraph (2)),
the petition officer must issue another postal signing sheet, except where those documents are
received after 5pm on the day before the last day of the signing period.

(4) The following provisions apply to the issue of a replacement postal signing sheet under
paragraph (3)—
(a) regulation 87 (except paragraph (2)) (procedure on issue of postal signing sheets);
(b) regulations 91 (envelopes) and 92 (sealing up of corresponding number lists and security
of special lists);
(c) subject to paragraph (7), regulation 93 (delivery of postal signing sheets).

(5) Any postal signing sheet or declaration of identity, whether spoilt or not, returned in
accordance with paragraph (1) or (2) must be cancelled immediately.

(6) The petition officer, as soon as practicable after cancelling those documents, must make them
up into a separate packet and must seal the packet; and if on any subsequent occasion further such
documents are cancelled, the sealed packet must be opened and the additional cancelled documents
included in it and the packet must again be made up and sealed.

(7) Where a postal signer applies in person, the petition officer may hand a replacement postal
signing sheet to that person instead of delivering it in accordance with regulation 93.

(8) The petition officer must enter in a list kept for the purpose of recording spoilt postal signing
sheets (“the list of spoilt postal signing sheets”—
(a) the name and number of the elector as stated in the register (or the electoral number alone
in the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry);
(b) the number of the postal signing sheet issued under this regulation; and
(c) where the postal signer whose signing sheet is spoilt is a proxy, their name and address
(or, in the case of a proxy who has an anonymous entry or is the proxy for a person with
an anonymous entry, the proxy’s electoral number alone or a statement that the proxy is
not registered in the register of parliamentary electors (as the case may be)).

Lost postal signing sheets: England and Wales and Scotland

96.—(1) Where a postal signer claims either to have lost or not to have received—
(a) the postal signing sheet,
(b) the postal petition statement, or
(c) one or more of the envelopes supplied for their return,
by the fourth day before the last day of the signing period, the postal signer may apply (whether or not in person) to the petition officer for a replacement signing sheet.

(2) Such an application must include evidence of the postal signer’s identity.

(3) Where a postal signer exercises the entitlement conferred by paragraph (1), they must return the documents (if any) referred to in paragraph (1)(a) to (c) which the postal signer has received and which have not been lost.

(4) Any postal signing sheet or postal petition statement returned in accordance with paragraph (3) must be cancelled immediately and the petition officer must take any administrative steps which that officer considers appropriate for the purpose of preventing an elector signing the petition more than once.

(5) The petition officer, as soon as practicable after cancelling those documents, must make them up in a separate packet and must seal the packet; and if on any subsequent occasion further such documents are cancelled, the sealed packet must be opened and the additional cancelled documents included in it and the packet must be again made up and sealed.

(6) Subject to paragraph (7), the petition officer must issue another postal signing sheet where the application is received by the petition officer at least five hours before the end of the signing period and the petition officer—

(a) is satisfied as to the postal signer’s identity; and
(b) has no reason to doubt that the postal signer has either lost or has not received the original postal signing statement or postal petition statement or one or more of the envelopes provided for their return.

(7) Where the application is received by the petition officer after 5pm on the day before the last day of the signing period, the officer may only issue another postal signing sheet if the postal signer applies in person.

(8) The petition officer must enter in a list kept for the purpose of recording lost postal signing sheets (“the list of lost postal signing sheets”)—

(a) the name and number of the elector as stated in the register (or the electoral number alone in the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry);
(b) the number of any postal signing sheet issued under this regulation; and
(c) where the postal signer whose signing sheet is lost is a proxy, their name and address (or, in the case of a proxy who has an anonymous entry or is the proxy for a person with an anonymous entry, the proxy’s electoral number alone or a statement that the proxy is not registered as in the register of parliamentary electors (as the case may be)).

(9) The following provisions apply to the issue of a replacement postal signing sheet under paragraph (6)—

(a) regulation 87 (except paragraph (2)) (procedure on issue of postal signing sheets);
(b) regulations 91 (envelopes) and regulation 92 (sealing up of corresponding number lists and security of special lists); and
(c) subject to paragraph (10), regulation 93 (delivery of postal signing sheets).

(10) Where a postal signer applies in person—

(a) by 5pm on the day before the last day of the signing period, the petition officer may hand a replacement postal signing sheet to the postal signer, or
(b) after 5pm on the day before the last day of the signing period, the petition officer may only
hand a replacement postal signing sheet to the postal signer,
instead of delivering it in accordance with regulation 93.

Lost postal signing sheets: Northern Ireland

97.—(1) Where a postal signer claims either to have lost or not to have received—
(a) the postal signing sheet,
(b) the declaration of identity, or
(c) one or more of the envelopes supplied for their return,
by the fourth day before the last day of the signing period, the postal signer may apply (whether or
not in person) to the petition officer for a replacement signing sheet.

(2) Such an application must include evidence of the postal signer’s identity.

(3) Where a postal signer exercises the entitlement conferred by paragraph (1), they must return
the documents (if any) referred to in paragraph (1)(a) to (c) which the postal signer has received and
which have not been lost.

(4) Any postal signing sheet or declaration of identity returned in accordance with paragraph (3)
must be cancelled immediately and the petition officer must take any administrative steps which
that officer considers appropriate for the purpose of preventing an elector signing the petition more
than once.

(5) The petition officer, as soon as practicable after cancelling those documents, must make them
up in a separate packet and must seal the packet; and if on any subsequent occasion further such
documents are cancelled, the sealed packet must be opened and the additional cancelled documents
included in it and the packet must be again made up and sealed.

(6) The petition officer must issue another postal signing sheet where the application is received
by the petition officer before 5pm on the day before the last day of signing period and the petition
officer—
(a) is satisfied as to the postal signer’s identity; and
(b) has no reason to doubt that the postal signer has either lost or has not received the original
postal signing sheet or declaration of identity or one or more envelopes for their return.

(7) The petition officer must enter in a list kept for the purpose of recording lost postal signing
sheets (“the list of lost postal signing sheets”)—
(a) the name and number of the elector as stated in the register (or the electoral number alone
in the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry);
(b) the number of any postal signing sheet issued under this regulation; and
(c) where the postal signer whose signing sheet is lost is a proxy, their name and address (or,
in the case of a proxy who has an anonymous entry or is the proxy for a person with an
anonymous entry, the proxy’s electoral number alone or a statement that the proxy is not
registered in the register of parliamentary electors).

(8) The following provisions apply to the issue of a replacement postal signing sheet under
paragraph (6)—
(a) regulation 87 (except paragraph (2)) (procedure on issue of postal signing sheets);
(b) regulations 91 (envelopes) and 92 (sealing up of corresponding number lists and security
of special lists);
(c) subject to paragraph (9), regulation 93 (delivery of postal signing sheets).
(9) Where a postal signer applies in person, the petition officer may hand a replacement postal signing sheet to that person instead of delivering it in accordance with regulation 93.

Cancellation of postal signing sheets

98.—(1) Where, on or after the designated day, a registration officer grants a relevant application or receives a relevant notice and the application or notice is not to be disregarded for the purposes of the petition under regulation 71 or 72 (closing date for applications), that officer must immediately notify the petition officer who must—

(a) cancel any postal signing sheet issued to the elector or proxy;
(b) in the case of an application under regulation 53(4)(a), 54(4)(a) or 58(8) (postal signing sheet to be sent to different address), issue a replacement postal signing sheet; and
(c) take any administrative steps which the petition officer considers appropriate for the purpose of preventing an elector signing the petition more than once.

(2) Where a person returns a postal signing sheet that has been or is to be cancelled in accordance with paragraph (1), it must be dealt with as follows—

(a) any postal signing sheet, postal signing statement or declaration of identity (as the case may be), or covering envelope returned to the registration officer must be given to the petition officer;
(b) any document returned in accordance with this paragraph but not already cancelled in accordance with paragraph (1) must be immediately cancelled;
(c) the petition officer, as soon as practicable after receiving and cancelling the documents referred to in subparagraphs (a) and (b), must make them up in a separate packet and must seal the packet, and if on any subsequent occasion further such documents are returned in accordance with this paragraph, the sealed packet must be opened, the additional cancelled documents included in it and the packet must be again made up and sealed.

(3) The petition officer must enter in a list kept for the purpose of recording postal signing sheets cancelled under this regulation (“the list of cancelled postal signing sheets”)—

(a) the name and number of the elector as stated in the register (or the electoral number alone in the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry);
(b) the number of any cancelled postal signing sheet;
(c) the number of any replacement postal signing sheet issued under paragraph (1);
(d) where the postal signer is a proxy, their name and address (or, in the case of a proxy who has an anonymous entry or is the proxy for a person with an anonymous entry, the proxy’s electoral number alone or a statement that the proxy is not registered as an elector (as the case may be)).

(4) The following provisions apply to the issue of a replacement postal signing sheet under paragraph (1)—

(a) regulation 87 (except paragraph (2)) (procedure on issue of postal signing sheets);
(b) regulation 91 (envelopes);
(c) regulation 92 (sealing up of corresponding number lists and security of special lists);
(d) regulation 93 (delivery of postal signing sheets).

(5) For the purposes of this regulation—

(a) a relevant application is an application under—

(i) regulation 51(5)(a) or 52(6)(a) (application to be removed from record),
(ii) regulation 51(6) (application to sign the petition by proxy instead of post),
(iii) regulation 51(7) (application to sign the petition by post instead of proxy),
(iv) regulation 52(7) (application to sign by post or proxy instead of proxy or post respectively),
(v) regulation 53(4)(a) or 54(4)(a) (postal signing sheet to be sent to different address),
(vi) regulation 57(6) and (7) (appointment of proxies),
(vii) regulation 58(8) (application by a postal proxy signer for signing sheet to be sent to different address),
(viii) regulation 58(11)(a) (application for proxy to be removed); and
(b) a relevant notice is a notice under regulation 57(9) (cancellation of proxy appointment).

CHAPTER 3
Receipt of Postal Signing Sheet etc

Alternative means of returning postal signing sheets, postal petition statements and declarations of identity.

99.—(1) For the purposes of regulation 39(3) and (5) (the count)—
(a) the manner in which a postal signing sheet and postal petition statement, or declaration of identity (as the case may be) may be returned to any petition signing place is by hand;
(b) the manner in which such a sheet, statement or declaration may be returned to the petition officer is by hand or by post.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the petition clerk must deliver, or cause to be delivered, any postal signing sheet, postal petition statement or declaration of identity returned to that signing place, to the petition officer in the same manner and at the same time as the petition clerk delivers, or causes to be delivered, the packets referred to in regulation 37 (procedure on close of petition).

(3) The petition officer may collect, or cause to be collected, any postal signing sheet, postal petition statement or declaration of identity which by virtue of paragraph (2) the petition clerk would otherwise be required to deliver or cause to be delivered to the petition officer.

(4) Where the petition officer collects, or causes to be collected, any postal signing sheet, postal petition statement or declaration of identity in accordance with paragraph (3) the petition clerk must first make it (or them) up into a packet (or packets) sealed with the petition clerk’s own seal.

Persons entitled to be present at proceedings on receipt of postal signing sheet

100. No person may be present at the proceedings on the receipt of postal signing sheets other than—
(a) the petition officer;
(b) any assistants of the petition officer;
(c) any petition clerk;
(d) any representative of the Electoral Commission.

Postal ballot boxes and receptacles

101.—(1) The petition officer must provide a separate ballot box for the reception of—
(a) the covering envelopes returned by the postal signers (“postal signers’ ballot box”); and
(b) postal signing sheets (“postal ballot box”).
(2) Each such ballot box must be marked “postal signers’ ballot box” or “postal ballot box” (as the case may be) and marked with the name of the petition signing place in relation to which it is to be used at the petition.

(3) The postal ballot box must be shown to those present on the occasion of opening the first postal signers’ ballot box as being empty.

(4) The petition officer must then lock the postal ballot box (if it has a lock) and apply the officer’s seal in such manner as to prevent its being opened without breaking the seal.

(5) For petitions in England and Wales and Scotland, the petition officer must provide the following receptacles—
   (a) receptacle for rejected signing sheets;
   (b) receptacle for signing sheet envelopes;
   (c) receptacle for rejected signing sheet envelopes;
   (d) receptacle for rejected signing sheets (verification procedure); and
   (e) receptacle for postal petition statements (verification procedure).

(6) For petitions in Northern Ireland, the petition officer must provide the following receptacles—
   (a) receptacle for rejected signing sheets;
   (b) receptacle for signing sheet envelopes; and
   (c) receptacle for declarations of identity.

(7) The petition officer must take proper precautions for the safe custody of every ballot box and receptacle referred to in this regulation.

Receipt of covering envelopes

102.—(1) The petition officer must, immediately on receipt (whether by hand or by post) of a covering envelope (or an envelope which is stated to include a postal signing sheet) before the end of the signing period, place it unopened in a postal signers’ ballot box.

(2) Where an envelope, other than a covering envelope issued by the petition officer—
   (a) has been opened, and
   (b) contains a signing sheet envelope, postal petition statement or declaration of identity (as the case may be), or signing sheet,
the first-mentioned envelope, together with its contents, must be placed in a postal signers’ ballot box.

Opening of postal signers’ ballot box

103.—(1) Each postal signers’ ballot box must be opened by the petition officer in the presence of at least one petition clerk or other person appointed by that officer and any representative of the Electoral Commission who attends for the opening of the postal signers’ ballot box.

(2) So long as the petition officer ensures that there is at least one sealed postal signers’ ballot box for the reception of covering envelopes up to the end of the signing period, the other postal signers’ ballot boxes may previously be opened by the officer in accordance with paragraph (1).

(3) The last postal signers’ ballot box and the postal ballot box must be opened at the counting of the signatures under regulation 39 (the count).
Opening of covering envelopes

104.—(1) When a postal signers’ ballot box is opened, the petition officer must count and record the number of covering envelopes (including any envelope which is stated to include a postal signing sheet and any envelope described in regulation 102(2)) (receipt of covering envelopes).

(2) The petition officer must open separately each envelope.

(3) For petitions in Northern Ireland—

(a) the procedure in regulation 105 (procedure in relation to declarations of identity) applies where a covering envelope (including an envelope to which regulation 102(2) applies) contains both a declaration of identity and a signing sheet envelope or, if there is no signing sheet envelope, a signing sheet;

(b) where a covering envelope does not contain a declaration of identity separately, the petition officer must open the signing sheet envelope to ascertain whether the declaration of identity is inside;

(c) where the covering envelope does not contain both a declaration of identity (whether separately or not) and a signing sheet envelope or, if there is no envelope, a signing sheet, the petition officer must mark the covering envelope “rejected” attach its contents (if any) and place it in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets.

(4) For petitions in England and Wales and Scotland—

(a) the procedure in regulation 107 (procedure in relation to postal petition statements: personal identifier verification) applies where a covering envelope (including an envelope to which regulation 102(2) applies) contains a postal petition statement;

(b) where the covering envelope does not contain a postal petition statement separately, the petition officer must open the signing sheet envelope to ascertain whether the postal petition statement is inside;

(c) where a covering envelope does not contain a postal petition statement (whether separately or not) the petition officer must mark the covering envelope “provisionally rejected”, attach its contents (if any) and place it in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets.

(5) In carrying out the procedures in this regulation and regulations 108 (opening of signing sheet envelopes) to 111 (checking lists of rejected signing sheets: England and Wales and Scotland) the petition officer and the petition officer’s assistants—

(a) must keep the signing sheets face downwards and must take proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the mark made on the signing sheets; and

(b) must not be permitted to view the corresponding number list used at the issue of the postal signing sheets.

(6) Where an envelope opened in accordance with paragraph (2) contains a postal petition statement or declaration of identity (as the case may be), the petition officer must place a mark in the marked copy of the postal signers list or proxy postal signers list in a place corresponding to the number of the elector to denote that a postal signing sheet has been returned.

(7) A mark made under paragraph (6) must be distinguishable from and not obscure the mark made under regulation 87 (procedure on issue of postal signing sheets).

(8) As soon as practicable after the last covering envelope has been opened, the petition officer must make up into a packet the copy of the marked postal signers list and proxy postal signers list that have been marked in accordance with paragraph (6) and must seal that packet.
Procedure in relation to declarations of identity: Northern Ireland

105.—(1) A declaration of identity is a valid declaration of identity for the purposes of these Regulations if—

(a) it is duly signed by the postal signer; and
(b) in the case of an elector, regulation 39(5) is satisfied (the count).

(2) The petition officer must be satisfied that the declaration of identity is a valid declaration of identity.

(3) Where the petition officer is not so satisfied, the petition officer must mark the declaration “rejected”, attach to it the signing sheet envelope, or if there is no such envelope, the signing sheet and place it in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets.

(4) The petition officer must then compare the number on the declaration of identity against the number on the signing sheet envelope and, where they are the same, the petition officer must place the declaration and the signing sheet envelope respectively in the receptacles for declarations of identity and the receptacle for signing sheet envelopes.

(5) Where—

(a) the number on a valid declaration of identity is not the same as the number on the signing sheet envelope, or
(b) that envelope has no number on it and the number is not displayed through a window in it,

the petition officer must open the envelope.

(6) Paragraph (7) applies where—

(a) there is a valid declaration of identity but no postal signing sheet envelope; or
(b) the postal signing sheet envelope has been opened under paragraph (5) or regulation 104(3) (opening of covering envelopes).

(7) In the circumstances described in paragraph (6), the petition officer must place—

(a) in the postal ballot box, any postal signing sheet the number on which is the same as the number on the valid declaration of identity;
(b) in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets, any other petition signing sheet, with the valid declaration of identity attached and marked “rejected”;
(c) in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets, any valid declaration of identity marked “rejected” where there is no postal signing sheet;
(d) in the receptacle for declarations of identity, any valid declaration not disposed of under subparagraph (b) or (c).

Confirming receipt of postal signing statements: England and Wales and Scotland

106.—(1) An elector or a proxy signer who is shown in the postal signers list or proxy postal signers list may make a request, at any time after the first issue of postal signing sheets under regulation 86 (time when postal signing packs are to be issued) and before the end of the signing period, that the petition officer confirm—

(a) whether a mark is shown in the marked copy of the postal signers list or proxy postal signers list in a place corresponding to the number of the elector to denote that a postal signing sheet has been returned; and
(b) whether the number of the signing sheet issued to the elector or the elector’s proxy has been recorded on either of the lists kept by the petition officer under regulation 110 (lists of rejected postal signing sheets).

(2) A request under paragraph (1) must—
(a) be made by any method specified by the petition officer; and
(b) include any evidence of the signer’s identity requested by that officer.

(3) Where a request is received in accordance with paragraph (2) the petition officer must satisfy himself or herself that the request has been made by the elector or their proxy and, if satisfied that it was, provide confirmation of the matters under paragraph (1).

Procedure in relation to postal petition statements: personal identifier verification: England and Wales and Scotland

107.—(1) This paragraph applies in the circumstances described in regulation 104(4)(a) (opening of covering envelopes).

(2) The petition officer must satisfy himself or herself that the postal petition statement is duly completed and as part of that process must compare the date of birth and the signature on the postal petition statement against the date of birth and signature contained in the personal identifier record relating to the person to whom the postal signing sheet was addressed.

(3) Where the petition officer is not satisfied that the postal petition statement is duly completed, the officer must mark the statement “rejected”, attach to it the signing sheet envelope, or if there is no such envelope but there is a signing sheet, the signing sheet and place it in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets (verification procedure).

(4) The petition officer must then compare the number on the postal petition statement against the number on the signing sheet envelope and, where they are the same, the officer must place the statement and the signing sheet envelope respectively in the receptacle for postal petition statements (verification procedure) and the receptacle for signing sheet envelopes.

(5) The petition officer must open the signing sheet envelope where—
(a) the number on a valid postal petition statement is not the same as the number on that signing sheet envelope; or
(b) that envelope has no number on it.

(6) Paragraph (7) applies where—
(a) there is a valid postal petition statement but no signing sheet envelope;
(b) the signing sheet envelope has been opened under paragraph (5); or
(c) the signing sheet envelope has been opened under regulation 104(4)(b) (opening of covering envelopes).

(7) In the circumstances described in paragraph (6), the petition officer must place—
(a) in the postal ballot box, any signing sheet the number on which is the same as the number on the valid postal petition statement;
(b) in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets (verification procedure), any other signing sheet, with the valid postal petition statement attached and marked “provisionally rejected”; 
(c) in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets (verification procedure), any valid postal petition statement marked “provisionally rejected” where there is no signing sheet;
(d) in the receptacle for postal petition statements (verification procedure), any valid statement not disposed of under subparagraph (b) or (c).

Opening of signing sheet envelopes

108.—(1) The petition officer must open separately each signing sheet envelope placed in the receptacle for signing sheet envelopes.
(2) The petition officer must—

(a) place in the postal ballot box, any signing sheet the number on which is the same as the
number on the signing sheet envelope;
(b) place in the receptacle for rejected signing sheets, any other signing sheets which must be
marked “provisionally rejected” and to which the signing sheets envelope is to be attached;
(c) place in the receptacle for rejected signing sheet envelopes, any signing sheet envelope
which must be marked “provisionally rejected” because it does not contain a signing sheet.

(3) In the application of this regulation to Northern Ireland—

(a) references to “provisionally rejected” are to be read as references to “rejected”; and
(b) in paragraph (2)(c) substitute “receptacle for rejected signing sheet envelopes” with
“receptacle for rejected signing sheets”.

Retrieval of cancelled postal signing sheets

109.—(1) Where it appears to the petition officer that a cancelled postal signing sheet has been
placed—

(a) in a postal signers’ ballot box,
(b) in the receptacle for signing sheet envelopes, or
(c) in a postal ballot box,

the officer must proceed as follows.

(2) The petition officer must, on at least one occasion on which a postal signers’ ballot box is
opened in accordance with regulation 103 (opening of postal signers’ ballot box), also open any
postal ballot box and the receptacle for signing sheet envelopes and—

(a) retrieve the cancelled signing sheet;
(b) retrieve the postal petition statement or declaration of identity (as the case may be) that
relates to a cancelled signing sheet from the receptacle for postal petition statements
(verification procedure) or receptacle for declarations of identity (as the case may be);
(c) attach any cancelled postal signing sheet to the postal petition statement or declaration of
identity to which it relates;
(d) place the cancelled documents in a separate packet and deal with that packet in the manner
provided for by regulations 94 and 95 (spoilt postal signing sheets) or regulation 98
(cancellation of postal signing sheets); and
(e) unless the postal ballot box has been opened for the purposes of the counting of signing
sheets under regulation 39 (the count), re-lock (if it has a lock) and re-seal the postal ballot
box.

Lists of rejected postal signing sheets: England and Wales and Scotland

110.—(1) In respect of any petition, the petition officer must keep three separate lists relating to
rejected postal signing sheets as required by this regulation (“lists of rejected postal signing sheets”).

(2) In the first list, the officer must record the signing sheet number of any postal signing sheet
for which no valid postal petition statement was received with it.

(3) In the second list, the officer must record the postal signing sheet number which is entered
on a valid postal petition statement where that signing sheet is not received with the postal petition
statement.

(4) In the third list, the officer must record, for every postal petition statement in the receptacle
for rejected signing sheets (verification procedure) immediately prior to sealing—

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(a) the elector’s name and address (and the name and address of the proxy if the elector has a proxy);
(b) the elector’s number on the register of electors (and that of the proxy if the elector has a proxy);
(c) the specified reason or reasons for the rejection of the postal petition statement; and
(d) any other information relating to the rejection that the petition officer considers appropriate, but not the signing sheet number.

(5) The specified reasons that may be given under paragraph (4)(c) for the rejection of a postal petition statement are as follows—

(a) the signature does not match the example held on the personal identifiers record;
(b) the date of birth does not match the one held on the personal identifiers record;
(c) the signature field is blank; or
(d) the date of birth field is blank.

Checking lists of rejected postal signing sheets: England and Wales and Scotland

111.—(1) Where the petition officer receives a valid postal petition statement without the postal signing sheet to which it relates, the officer may, at any time before the end of the signing period, check the list kept under regulation 110(2) to see whether the number of a postal signing sheet to which the statement relates is entered in that list.

(2) Where the petition officer receives a postal signing sheet without the postal petition statement to which it relates, the officer may, at any time prior to the end of the signing period, check the list kept under regulation 110(3) to see whether the number of that signing sheet is entered in that list.

(3) The petition officer must conduct the checks required by paragraphs (1) and (2) as soon as practicable after the receipt of the packets from every petition signing place.

(4) Where the signing sheet number in the list matches that number on a valid postal petition statement or the postal signing sheet (as the case may be) the petition officer must retrieve that statement or sheet.

(5) The petition officer must then take the appropriate steps under these Regulations as though any document earlier marked “provisionally rejected” had not been so marked and must amend the document accordingly.

Sealing of receptacles

112.—(1) For petitions in England and Wales and Scotland, as soon as practicable after the completion of the procedure under regulation 111(3) and (4) (checking of lists of rejected signing sheets), the petition officer must make up into separate packets the contents of—

(a) the receptacle for rejected signing sheets,
(b) the receptacle for rejected signing sheet envelopes,
(c) the lists of spoilt, lost or cancelled postal signing sheets,
(d) the receptacle for rejected signing sheets (verification procedure),
(e) the receptacle for postal petition statements (verification procedure),

and must seal up such packets.

(2) For petitions in Northern Ireland, as soon as practicable after the completion of the procedure under regulation 108 (opening of signing sheet envelopes) the petition officer must make up into separate packets the contents of—
(a) the receptacle for rejected signing sheets,
(b) the receptacle for declarations of identity,
(c) the lists of spoilt, lost or cancelled postal signing sheets,

and must seal up such packets.
(3) Any document in those packets referred to in paragraph (1) marked “provisionally rejected” is to be deemed to be marked “rejected”.

Early termination of petition

113. Where a petition is terminated by virtue of section 13 of the Act (early termination of recall petition process) after postal signing sheets have been issued, the petition officer—
(a) must not take any step or further steps to open covering envelopes or deal with the contents in accordance with the provisions of this Part; and
(b) must, notwithstanding regulation 104 (opening of covering envelopes) to regulation 108 (opening of signing sheet envelopes), treat all unopened covering envelopes and the contents of those that have been opened as if they were counted signing sheets.

Forwarding of documents

114.—(1) The petition officer must forward to the registration officer at the same time as the petition officer forwards the documents mentioned in regulation 44 (delivery of documents to the registration officer)—
(a) any packets referred to in regulation 92 (sealing up of corresponding number lists), regulations 94 and 95 (spoilt postal signing sheets), regulations 96 and 97 (lost signing sheets), regulation 98 (cancellation of postal signing sheets), regulation 104 (opening of covering envelopes) and regulation 112 (sealing of receptacles) and subject to regulation 113, endorse on each packet a description of its contents and the name of the petition signing place; and
(b) a completed statement of the number of postal signing sheets issued, which is to be in the form of Form L in Schedule 2 (forms).

(2) Where—
(a) any covering envelopes are received by the petition officer after the end of the signing period (apart from those delivered in accordance with the provisions of regulation 99(3) (alternative means of returning postal signing sheets, postal petition statements and declarations of identity),
(b) any envelopes addressed to postal signers are returned as undelivered too late to be readdressed, or
(c) any spoilt postal signing sheets are returned too late to enable other postal signing sheets to be issued,
the petition officer must put them unopened in a separate packet, seal up such packet and endorse and forward it at a subsequent date in the manner described in paragraph (1).
(3) A petition officer, must at the same time as forwarding the documents mentioned in paragraph (1)—
(a) forward the list required to be compiled under regulation 110(4) (lists of rejected postal signing sheets) to the registration officer; and
(b) where the constituency comprises any part of the area of more than one local authority, the petition officer must also forward a copy of such extract of the list required to be compiled under regulation 110(4) as are relevant to each of the other registration officers concerned.
(4) Regulation 45 (orders for the production of documents) and regulation 46 (retention of documents) are to apply to any packet or document forwarded under this regulation except that in applying those provisions the list compiled and any extracts from it under regulation 110(4) (lists of rejected postal signing sheets) must be treated in the same manner as a counted signing sheet.

(5) In the application of this regulation to Scotland, the petition officer is not required to forward the documents mentioned to the registration officer but instead the petition officer must retain those documents and regulation 47 (retention and disposal of documents: Scotland) is to apply to those documents as it applies to documents retained under that regulation.

(6) A copy of the statement referred to in paragraph (1)(b) is to be provided by the petition officer to the Secretary of State and the Electoral Commission in the period which starts 10 days after the last day of the signing period and ends 15 days after that date.

(7) In the application of this regulation to Northern Ireland, in paragraph (6) the copy of the statement mentioned in that paragraph is to be provided to the Electoral Commission only.

(8) In the application of this regulation to England and Wales and Northern Ireland, a reference to “the registration officer” is a reference to—
   (a) for England and Wales—
      (i) the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the constituency of the MP to whom the petition relates is situated, or
      (ii) if the constituency includes any part of the area of more than one local authority, the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the greatest number of electors is registered;
   (b) for Northern Ireland, the Clerk of the Crown for Northern Ireland.

Notification of a rejected postal petition statement: England and Wales and Scotland

115.—(1) Where an absent signer for a petition in England and Wales or Scotland appears on the list compiled under regulation 110(4) (lists of rejected postal signing sheets)—
   (a) the registration officer responsible for the personal identifiers record that contains information in respect of the absent signer must notify the absent signer (and the elector if the absent signer is a proxy) that the signing sheet concerned was rejected because the petition officer was not satisfied that the postal petition statement was duly completed;
   (b) the registration officer must send the notification as soon as possible, and within the period of three months beginning with the last day of the signing period; and
   (c) the notification must include information as to which of the specified reasons referred to in regulation 110(5) applied to the postal petition statement.

(2) The registration officer is not obliged to send a notification—
   (a) to any person who is no longer shown as signing the petition by post in the record kept under regulation 51(4) or regulation 58(7) at the time the registration officer proposes to send the notification; or
   (b) where the registration officer suspects that an offence may have been committed in relation to the postal signing sheet, the postal petition statement or the absent signer’s entitlement to sign the petition under section 10 of the Act (persons entitled to sign a recall petition).

(3) A notification issued under paragraph (1) may also include any other information that the registration officer considers appropriate, but a notification must not include information held on the personal identifiers record.
Requirement to provide fresh signature following rejection of a postal petition statement: England and Wales and Scotland

116.—(1) This regulation applies where an absent signer is notified under regulation 115 (notification of a rejected postal petition statement) that the signature on the postal petition statement with which they were issued does not match the example held on the personal identifiers record, and the person continues to be shown on the record kept under regulation 51(4) as signing the petition by post.

(2) Where this regulation applies, the registration officer may require the absent signer to provide a fresh signature for the personal identifiers record in accordance with regulation 59 (the personal identifiers record).

PART 6
OFFENCES

Interpretation

117. In this Part, in the application of—
(a) regulation 122 (tampering with signing sheets etc.),
(b) regulation 123 (requirement of secrecy),
(c) regulation 124 (prohibition on publication of exit polls),
(d) regulation 131 (details to appear on petition publications),
(e) regulation 132 (prohibition of paid canvassers),
(f) regulation 133 (providing money for illegal purposes),
(g) regulation 137 (absent signing),
to a petition in Scotland or Northern Ireland, the reference to a fine on a summary conviction is to be read as a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum for Scotland or the statutory maximum for Northern Ireland (as the case may be).

Personation

118.—(1) A person is guilty of a corrupt practice if they commit, or aid, abet, counsel or procure the commission of, the offence of personation.

(2) A person is guilty of personation if they—
(a) sign a petition in person or by post as some other person, whether as an elector or as proxy, and whether that other person is living or dead or is a fictitious person; or
(b) sign a petition, in person or by post, as proxy—
   (i) for a person whom they know or have reasonable grounds for supposing to be dead or to be a fictitious person, or
   (ii) when they know or have reasonable grounds for supposing that their appointment as proxy is not in force.

(3) For the purposes of this regulation, a person who—
(a) has their signing sheet endorsed under regulation 29 (signing sheets endorsed by petition clerk),
(b) applies for a signing sheet for the purpose of signing by post, or
(c) marks a postal signing sheet with a signature or otherwise and returns it, is also to be taken to have signed the petition.

**Other signing offences**

119.—(1) A person is guilty of an offence if that person—

(a) signs a petition in person or by post, whether as an elector or as proxy, knowing that they are not entitled to do so;

(b) applies to sign a petition by proxy or by post as an elector, knowing that they are not entitled at any time during the signing period to sign the petition;

(c) applies for the appointment of a proxy to sign a petition for them knowing that they or their prospective proxy is not entitled at any time during the signing period to sign the petition; or

(d) signs a petition in person or by post, as proxy for some other person, knowing the other person is not entitled to do so.

(2) A person is guilty of an offence if they—

(a) sign a petition in any signing place when there is in force an appointment of a person to sign the petition as their proxy in another signing place;

(b) sign in person a petition they are only entitled to sign by post;

(c) apply for a person to be appointed as their proxy to sign a petition without applying for the cancellation of a previous appointment of a third person then in force in respect of that petition or without withdrawing a pending application for such an appointment.

(3) A person is guilty of an offence if they sign a petition in person as proxy for an elector at which that person is entitled to sign by post as proxy for that elector.

(4) A person is guilty of an offence if they sign a petition as proxy for more than two persons of whom they are not the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.

(5) A person is guilty of an offence if they knowingly induce or procure another person to do an act which is, or but for that other person’s want of knowledge would be, an offence by that other person under any of paragraphs (1) to (4).

(6) For the purposes of this regulation, and subject to paragraph (7), a person who—

(a) has their signing sheet endorsed under regulation 29 (signing sheets endorsed by petition clerk),

(b) applies for a signing sheet for the purpose of signing the petition in person, or

(c) marks a postal signing sheet with a signature or otherwise and returns it, is also to be taken to have signed the petition.

(7) For the purposes of determining whether an application for a signing sheet constitutes an offence under paragraph (1), a previous application made in circumstances which entitle the applicant only to mark a tendered signing sheet shall, if that right is exercised, be disregarded.

(8) A person is not guilty of an offence under paragraph (2)(b) or (3) only by reason of their having signed a tendered signing sheet in pursuance of regulation 30 (tendered signing sheets).

(9) An offence under this regulation is an illegal practice.

**Offences relating to applications for postal and proxy signing**

120.—(1) A person commits an offence if they—

(a) engage in an act specified in paragraph (2) in relation to a petition; and
(b) intend by doing so to deprive another person of an opportunity to sign the petition, to secure a signature on the petition, or to gain money or property of any description.

(2) These are the acts—
(a) applying as some other person to sign a petition by post or proxy (whether that other person is living or dead or is a fictitious person);
(b) otherwise making a false statement in, or in connection with, an application to sign a petition by post or proxy;
(c) inducing the petition officer to send a postal signing sheet or any communication relating to signing a petition by post or proxy to an address which has not been agreed to by the person entitled to sign the petition;
(d) causing a communication relating to signing a petition by post or proxy or containing a postal signing sheet not to be delivered to the intended recipient.

(3) In paragraph (2), a reference to signing the petition by post includes signing the petition by post as a proxy and postal signing sheet is to be construed accordingly.

(4) A person who commits an offence under paragraph (1) or who aids, abets, counsels or procures the commission of such an offence is guilty of a corrupt practice.

**Breach of official duty**

121.—(1) If a person to whom this regulation applies is, without reasonable cause, guilty of any act or omission in breach of that person’s official duty, they are liable on summary conviction to a fine.

(2) A person to whom this regulation applies is not liable for breach of their official duty to any penalty at common law and no action for damages will lie in respect of the breach by such a person of their official duty.

(3) The persons to whom this section applies are—
(a) the Clerk of the Crown (or, in Northern Ireland, the Clerk of the Crown for Northern Ireland),
(b) any registration officer, petition officer or petition clerk,
(c) any other person whose duty it is to be responsible after a petition for the used signing sheets and other documents (including returns and declarations as to expenses),
(d) any official designated by a universal postal service provider, and
(e) any deputy of a person mentioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (d) above or any person appointed to assist or in the course of their employment assisting a person so mentioned in connection with their official duties,

and for the purposes of this regulation “official duty” is to be construed accordingly, but does not include duties imposed otherwise than by or under the Act.

**Tampering with signing sheets etc.**

122.—(1) A person is guilty of an offence if that person—
(a) fraudulently defaces or fraudulently destroys a signing sheet, the official mark on any signing sheet, or a postal petition statement, declaration of identity or official envelope used in connection with signing the petition by post;
(b) without due authority supplies a signing sheet to any person;
(c) fraudulently puts into a ballot box any paper other than any signing sheet which the person is authorised by law to put in;
(d) fraudulently takes out of any petition signing place a signing sheet;
(e) without due authority destroys, takes, opens or otherwise interferes with a ballot box or packet of petition signing sheets then in use for the purposes of the petition; or
(f) fraudulently or without due authority, as the case may be, attempts to do any of the foregoing acts.

(2) If a petition officer or petition clerk counting the signing sheets or assisting at the proceedings in connection with the issue or receipt of postal signing sheets is guilty of an offence under this regulation, that person is liable—

(a) on conviction on indictment to a fine, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years, or to both;
(b) on summary conviction, to a fine, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months, or to both.

(3) If any other person is guilty of an offence under this regulation, that person is liable on summary conviction to a fine, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months, or to both.

Requirement of secrecy

123.—(1) A person to whom this paragraph applies must maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the proceedings in connection with the signing of a petition and must not, except for some purpose authorised by law, communicate to any person before the end of the signing period any information as to—

(a) the name of any elector or proxy for an elector who has or has not applied for a signing sheet or signed the petition;
(b) the number on the register of electors of any elector who, or whose proxy, has or has not applied for a signing sheet or signed the petition; or
(c) the official mark.

(2) Paragraph (1) applies to—

(a) a petition officer, petition clerk or assistant attending at a petition signing place;
(b) any representative of the Electoral Commission so attending.

(3) A person attending at the counting of signing sheets relating to a petition must maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of such proceedings and must not—

(a) ascertain or attempt to ascertain the number or other unique identifying mark on the back of any signing sheet; or
(b) communicate any information obtained when so attending as to the number of signing sheets which have been signed.

(4) A person must not—

(a) interfere with or attempt to interfere with a person signing a petition; or
(b) communicate to any person the number or other unique identifying mark on the back of the signing sheet issued to a person at a petition signing place.

(5) A person attending the proceedings in connection with the issue or the receipt of postal signing sheets must maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of those proceedings and must not, except for some purpose authorised by law—

(a) communicate to any person, before the end of the signing period, any information obtained at those proceedings as to the official mark;
(b) communicate to any person at any time any information obtained at those proceedings as to the number or other unique identifying mark on the back of the signing sheet sent to any person; or

(c) attempt to ascertain at proceedings on the receipt of signing sheets the number or other unique identifying mark on the back of any such sheet.

(6) A person guilty of an offence under this regulation is liable on summary conviction to a fine or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months.

Prohibition on publication of exit polls

124.—(1) A person must not, before the end of the last day of the signing period for a petition, publish—

(a) any statement relating to whether any person has signed the petition where that statement is (or might reasonably be taken to be) based on information given by that person; or

(b) any forecast as to the result of the petition which is (or might reasonably be taken to be) based on information so given.

(2) A person who contravenes paragraph (1) is liable on summary conviction to a fine or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(3) In this regulation—

“forecast” includes estimate; and

“publish” means make available to the public at large, or any section of the public, in whatever form and by whatever means.

Broadcasting from outside United Kingdom

125.—(1) No person must, with intent to influence persons to sign or refrain from signing a petition, include, or aid, abet, counsel or procure the inclusion of, any matter relating to the petition in any licensable programme services (within the meaning of the Broadcasting Act 1990) provided from a place outside the United Kingdom otherwise than in pursuance of arrangements made with—

(a) the British Broadcasting Corporation,

(b) Sianel Pedwar Cymru, or

(c) the holder of any licence granted by the Office of Communications,

for the reception and re-transmission of that matter by that body or the holder of that licence.

(2) An offence under this regulation shall be an illegal practice.

(3) Where any act or omission of an association or body of persons, corporate or unincorporate, is an illegal practice under this regulation, any person who at the time of the act or omission was a director, general manager, secretary or other similar officer of the association or body, or was purporting to act in any such capacity, is deemed to be guilty of the illegal practice, unless that person proves—

(a) that the act or omission took place without their consent or connivance; and

(b) that that person exercised all such diligence to prevent the commission of the illegal practice as they ought to have exercised having regard to the nature of their functions in that capacity and to all the circumstances.
Imitation of official petition notice

126.—(1) A person must not, for the purpose of promoting or procuring the success or failure of a petition, issue any official petition notice or a document so closely resembling an official petition notice as to be calculated to deceive.

(2) An offence under this regulation is an illegal practice.

(3) Paragraph (3) of regulation 125 (broadcasting from outside the United Kingdom) applies as if an offence under this regulation were an offence under that regulation.

Disturbances at petition meetings: England and Wales and Scotland

127.—(1) A person who at a public meeting to which this regulation applies acts, or incites others to act, in a disorderly manner for the purpose of preventing the transaction of the business for which the meeting was called together is guilty of an illegal practice.

(2) This regulation applies to a political meeting held in the constituency of the MP to whom a petition relates at any time when that MP is subject to a petition process.

(3) If a constable reasonably suspects any person of committing an offence under paragraph (1), that constable may if requested so to do by the chairperson of the meeting require that person to declare to that constable immediately their name and address and, if that person refuses or fails so to declare their name and address or gives a false name and address, that person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 1 on the standard scale.

Illegal canvassing by police officers

128.—(1) A member of a police force must not by word, message, writing or in any other manner, endeavour to persuade any person to sign a petition held in relation to a constituency wholly or partly within the police area of the force of which that person is a member, or dissuade any person from signing such a petition, whether as an elector or as proxy.

(2) A person who contravenes paragraph (1) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale, but nothing in that paragraph shall subject a member of a police force to any penalty for anything done in the discharge of their duty as a member of the force.

(3) In this regulation, references to a member of a police force and to a police area are to be taken in relation to Northern Ireland as references to a member of the Police Service of Northern Ireland and to Northern Ireland.

False statements as to MP or accredited campaigner

129.—(1) A person who, or any director of any body corporate which—

(a) during the period beginning with the giving of notice under section 5 of the Act (Speaker’s notice) and ending with the last day of the signing period, and

(b) for the purpose of affecting the outcome of the petition,

makes or publishes any false statement of fact in relation to the personal character or conduct of a relevant person is guilty of an illegal practice, unless that person can show that they had reasonable grounds for believing, and did believe, the statement to be true.

(2) In paragraph (1), “relevant person” means—

(a) the MP to whom the petition relates; or

(b) a person who is an accredited campaigner in relation to that petition.

(3) A person making or publishing any false statement of fact as mentioned above may be restrained by interim or perpetual injunction by the High Court or the county court from any
repetition of that false statement or of a false statement of a similar character in relation to the Member of Parliament and, for the purpose of granting an interim injunction, prima facie proof of the falsity of the statement shall be sufficient.

(4) Article 60 of the County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (ordinary appeals from the county court in civil cases)\(^\text{(43)}\) shall apply in relation to any order of a county court in Northern Ireland made by virtue of subsection (3) above as it applies in relation to any such decree of a county court as is mentioned in paragraph (1) of that Article.

(5) In the application of this regulation to Scotland, a reference to the county court is to be read as a reference to the sheriff.

**Payments for exhibition of petition notices**

130.—(1) A payment or contract for payment for the purpose of promoting or procuring the success or failure of a petition may not be made to an elector or their proxy on account of the exhibition of, or the use of any house, land, building or premises for the exhibition of, any address, bill or notice, unless—

(a) it is the ordinary business of the elector or proxy as an advertising agent to exhibit for payment bills and advertisements; and

(b) the payment or contract is made in the ordinary course of that business.

(2) If any payment or contract for payment is knowingly made in contravention of this regulation at any time after the giving of notice under section 5 of the Act (Speaker’s notice)—

(a) the person making the payment or contract, and

(b) if that person knew it to be in contravention of this regulation, any person receiving the payment or being a party to the contract,

is guilty of an illegal practice.

**Details to appear on petition publications**

131.—(1) This regulation applies to any material which can reasonably be regarded as intended to promote or procure the success or failure of a petition (whether or not it can be so regarded as intended to achieve any other purpose as well).

(2) Material to which this regulation applies and which is, or is contained in, such a document as is mentioned in paragraphs (4) to (6), must not be published unless the requirements of that paragraph are complied with.

(3) For the purposes of paragraphs (4) to (6) the following details are “the relevant details” in the case of any material falling within paragraph (2), namely—

(a) the name and address of the printer of the document;

(b) the name and address of the promoter of the material; and

(c) the name and address of any person on behalf of whom the material is being published (and who is not the promoter).

(4) Where the material is a document consisting (or consisting principally) of a single side of printed matter, the relevant details must appear on the face of the document.

(5) Where the material is a printed document other than one to which paragraph (4) applies, the relevant details must appear either on the first or the last page of the document.

(6) Where the material is an advertisement contained in a newspaper or periodical—

\(^{(43)}\) N.I.S.I 1980/397 (N.I. 3).
(a) the name and address of the printer of the newspaper or periodical must appear either on its first or last page; and

(b) the relevant details specified in paragraph (3)(b) and (c) must be included in the advertisement.

(7) Where any material falling within paragraph (2) is published in contravention of that paragraph, then (subject to paragraphs (8) and (9))—

(a) the promoter of the material,

(b) any other person by whom the material is so published, and

(c) the printer of the document,

is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine.

(8) It is a defence for a person charged with an offence under this regulation to prove—

(a) that the contravention of paragraph (2) arose from circumstances beyond their control; and

(b) that they took all reasonable steps, and exercised all due diligence, to ensure that that contravention would not arise.

(9) Where an MP (apart from this paragraph) is guilty of an offence under paragraph (7), they are instead guilty of an illegal practice.

(10) In this regulation—

“print” means print by whatever means, and “printer” is construed accordingly;

“the promoter”, in relation to any material to which this regulation applies, means the person causing the material to be published;

“publish” means make available to the public at large, or any section of the public, in whatever form and by whatever means.

(11) For the purpose of determining whether any material is material such as is mentioned in paragraph (1), it is immaterial that it does not expressly mention the name of the MP to whom the petition relates.

Prohibition of paid canvassers

132.—(1) If a person is, either before, during or after a petition, engaged or employed for payment or promise of payment as a canvasser for the purpose of promoting or procuring the success or failure of the petition—

(a) the person so engaging or employing that person, and

(b) the person so engaged or employed,

is guilty of illegal employment.

(2) A person guilty of an offence under paragraph (1) shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine; and on a prosecution for such an offence it shall be sufficient to allege that the person charged was guilty of illegal employment.

(3) Where an MP (apart from this paragraph) is guilty of an offence under paragraph (1), they are instead guilty of an illegal practice.

(4) Any person charged with an offence of illegal employment may be found guilty of that offence, notwithstanding that the act constituting the offence amounted to a corrupt or illegal practice.

Providing money for illegal purposes

133.—(1) Where a person knowingly provides money—
(a) for any payment which is contrary to the provisions of the Act or these Regulations,
(b) for any expenses incurred in excess of the maximum amount allowed by or under the Act, or
(c) for replacing any money expended in any such payment or expenses,

that person is guilty of an illegal payment.

(2) A person guilty of an offence under paragraph (1) shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine; and on a prosecution for such an offence it shall be sufficient to allege that the person charged was guilty of an illegal payment.

(3) Where an MP (apart from this paragraph) is guilty of an offence under paragraph (1), they are instead guilty of an illegal practice.

(4) Any person charged with an offence of illegal payment may be found guilty of that offence, notwithstanding that the act constituting the offence amounted to a corrupt or illegal practice.

Bribery

134.—(1) A person is guilty of a corrupt practice if that person is guilty of bribery.

(2) A person is guilty of bribery if that person, directly or indirectly, by themselves or by any other person on their behalf—

(a) gives any money or procures any office to or for—

(i) any person entitled to sign a petition,

(ii) any other person on behalf of any person entitled to sign a petition, or

(iii) any other person,

in order to induce any person to sign a petition or to refrain from doing so;

(b) corruptly does any such act on account of any person having signed the petition or refrained from doing so; or

(c) makes any such gift or procurement to or for any person in order to induce that person to procure, or endeavour to procure, a particular outcome in the petition or a person to sign it or refrain from doing so.

(3) A person is guilty of bribery if upon or in consequence of any gift or procurement mentioned in paragraph (2) that person procures or engages, promises or endeavours to procure a particular outcome in the petition or a person to sign it or refrain from doing so.

(4) For the purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3)—

(a) references to giving money include references to giving, lending, agreeing to give or lend, offering, promising, or promising to procure or endeavour to procure any money or valuable consideration; and

(b) references to procuring any office include references to giving, procuring, agreeing to give or procure, offering, promising, or promising to procure or to endeavour to procure any office, place or employment.

(5) A person is guilty of bribery if that person advances or pays or causes to be paid any money to or for the use of any other person with the intent that that money or any part of it will be expended in bribery in relation to a petition or knowingly pays or causes to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery in relation to a petition.

(6) This regulation does not apply to any money paid or agreed to be paid for or on account of any legal expenses incurred in good faith in relation to a petition.

(7) A person signing a petition is guilty of bribery if, before the end of the signing period, that person directly or indirectly by themselves or by any other person on their behalf receives, agrees,
or contracts for any money, gift, loan or valuable consideration, office, place or employment for themselves or for any other person for signing the petition or agreeing to do so or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from doing so.

(8) A person is guilty of bribery if, after the end of the signing period for a petition, that person directly or indirectly by themselves or by any other person on their behalf receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having signed the petition or refrained from doing so or having induced any other person to sign or refrain from doing so.

(9) In this regulation, the expression “person signing the petition” includes any person who is or claims to be entitled to sign the petition.

Treating

135.—(1) A person is guilty of a corrupt practice if that person is guilty of treating.

(2) A person is guilty of treating if they corruptly, by themselves or by any other person, at any time after notice is given under section 5 of the Act (Speaker’s notice) in relation to a petition, directly or indirectly give or provide, or pay wholly or in part the expense of giving or providing, any meat, drink, entertainment or provision to or for any person—

(a) for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person or any other person to sign that petition or to refrain from doing so; or

(b) on account of that person or any other person having signed the petition or refrained from doing so, or being about to sign the petition or to refrain from doing so.

(3) Every elector or their proxy who corruptly accepts or takes any such meat, drink, entertainment or provision is also guilty of treating.

Undue influence

136.—(1) A person is guilty of a corrupt practice if that person is guilty of undue influence.

(2) A person is guilty of undue influence—

(a) if that person, directly or indirectly, by themselves or by any other person on their behalf, makes use of or threatens to make use of any force, violence or restraint, or inflicts or threatens to inflict, by themselves or by any other person, any temporal or spiritual injury, damage, harm or loss upon or against any person in order to induce or compel that person to sign a petition or to refrain from doing so, or on account of that person having signed the petition or refrained from doing so; or

(b) if, by abduction, duress or any fraudulent device or contrivance, that person impedes or prevents, or intends to impede or prevent, the free exercise of the entitlement to sign a petition of an elector or their proxy, or so compels, induces or prevails upon, or intends so to compel, induce or prevail upon, an elector or proxy either to sign a petition or to refrain from doing so.

Absent signing

137. A person who—

(a) in any declaration or form used for absent signing of a petition, makes a statement which that person knows to be false, or

(b) attests an application for absent signing of a petition when that person knows that they are not authorised to do so or that it contains a statement which is false, is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine.
Interference with notices

138. Any person who without lawful authority destroys, mutilates, defaces or removes—
(a) any notice published by the petition officer in connection with their duties as such, or
(b) any copies of a document which have been made available for inspection in pursuance of those duties,
is liable on a summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

Corrupt and illegal practices

139. Paragraph 25 of Schedule 3 to the Act (corrupt and illegal practices) applies to an offence under this Part that is a corrupt or illegal practice as if that offence were such an offence under that Schedule.

PART 7
MISCELLANEOUS

Questioning the outcome of a petition

140. Schedule 4 (legal proceedings: application to recall petitions of existing provisions) is to have effect.

Public notice of early termination

141.—(1) This regulation applies to a petition which has terminated in accordance with section 13 of the Act (early termination of recall petition process).
(2) The public notice given by the petition officer under section 13(8)(b) must include—
(a) the name and constituency of the MP to whom the petition related;
(b) the recall condition which was met in relation to that MP;
(c) the beginning and end dates of the signing period for that petition;
(d) the condition under section 13(1) of the Act which has been met.
(3) The petition clerk must forward to the petition officer, as soon as practicable after termination of the petition takes effect, the documents referred to in regulation 37(1)(a) to (f) (procedure on close of petition), which are located at the signing place, in accordance and the provisions of that regulation is to apply to this regulation as it applies to that regulation.
(4) The petition officer must forward to the registration officer as soon as practicable after the early termination of the petition, any documents in the possession of the petition officer referred to in—
(a) regulation 44(1) (as applied by regulation 44(2)) (delivery of documents to the registration officer), and
(b) regulation 114 (1) to (3) (forwarding of documents)
and the provisions of those regulations are to apply to this regulation as they apply to those regulations.
(5) In the application of this regulation to Scotland, the petition officer is not required to forward the documents mentioned to the registration officer but instead the petition officer must retain those documents and regulation 47 (retention and disposal of documents: Scotland) is to apply to those documents as it applies to documents retained under that regulation.
(6) In the application of this regulation to England and Wales and Northern Ireland, the reference to “the registration officer” is a reference to—

(a) for England and Wales—
   (i) the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the constituency of the MP to whom the petition relates is situated, or
   (ii) if the constituency includes any part of the area of more than one local authority, the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the greatest number of electors is registered;

(b) for Northern Ireland, the Clerk of the Crown for Northern Ireland.

Communication of applications, notices etc

142. The requirement in these Regulations that any application, notice, representation or objection should be in writing is satisfied where (apart from the usual meaning of that expression) the text of it—

(a) is transmitted by electronic means;

(b) is received in legible form; and

(c) is capable of being used for subsequent reference.

Electronic signatures and related certificates

143.—(1) A requirement under these Regulations for an application, notice, representation or objection to be signed is satisfied (as an alternative to the signature being given by hand) where there is—

(a) an electronic signature incorporated into or otherwise logically associated with a particular electronic communication; and

(b) the certification by any person of such a signature.

(2) For the purposes of this regulation an electronic signature is so much of anything in electronic form as—

(a) is incorporated into or otherwise logically associated with any electronic communication or both; and

(b) purports to be so incorporated or associated for the purpose of being used in establishing the authenticity of the communication, the integrity of the communication or both.

(3) For the purposes of this regulation an electronic signature incorporated into or associated with a particular electronic communication is certified by any person if that person (whether before or after the making of the communication) has made a statement confirming that—

(a) the signature,

(b) a means of producing, communicating or verifying the signature, or

(c) a procedure applied to the signature,

is (either alone or in combination with other factors) a valid means of establishing the authenticity of the communication, the integrity of the communication or both.

(4) This regulation does not apply to the provision of signatures under regulations 27 (signing procedure: England and Wales and Scotland) or regulation 28 (signing procedure: Northern Ireland) which must be given by hand.
Forms

144.—(1) The petition officer must supply free of charge as many forms for use in accordance with these Regulations as appear to that officer reasonable in the circumstances to any person who satisfies that officer of their intention to use the forms in connection with a petition.

(2) A reference in these Regulations to a form in Schedule 2 identified by a letter is—

(a) in relation to a petition held in a constituency in Scotland, a reference to the form identified by that letter in Part 1 of that Schedule;

(b) in relation to a petition held in a constituency in England and Wales, a reference to the form identified by that letter either in Part 1 or Part 2 of that Schedule;

(c) in relation to a petition held in a constituency in Northern Ireland, a reference to a form identified by that letter in Part 3 of that Schedule unless there is no form with that letter in that Part, in which case it is a reference to the form identified by that letter in Part 1.

(3) Where these Regulations require a form in Schedule 2 to be used, with the exception of Form A (the signing sheet), a form to substantially like effect may be used with such variations as the circumstances may require.

Time

145. In computing any period of time for the purposes of these Regulations any day which is not a working day is to be disregarded.

Translations etc of certain documents

146.—(1) Subject to paragraph (4), paragraphs (2) and (3) apply to any document which under or by virtue of these Regulations is required or authorised to be given to electors or displayed in any place for the purposes of a petition.

(2) The petition officer who is required or authorised to give or display the document must, as the petition officer thinks appropriate, give or display or otherwise make available in such form as the petition officer considers appropriate—

(a) the document in Braille,

(b) the document in languages other than English,

(c) graphical representations of the information contained in the document,

(d) other means of making the information contained in the document accessible to persons who might not otherwise have reasonable access to the information.

(3) The petition officer required or authorised to give or display the document must also, as the petition officer considers appropriate, make available the information contained in the document in such audible form as the petition officer thinks appropriate.

(4) Paragraphs (2) and (3) do not apply to the signing sheet.

Public notices and declarations

147.—(1) This regulation applies to any public notice which is required by these Regulations to be given by a petition officer.

(2) Public notice must be given by posting the notice in some conspicuous place or places (as the case may be) in the constituency for which the officer acts, and may also be given in such other manner as the officer thinks desirable for publicising it.

(44) See section 22 of the Act for the definition of working day.
Publication of documents

148.—(1) Any failure to publish a document in accordance with these Regulations does not invalidate the document, but this provision does not relieve any person from any penalty for such a failure.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), where a document is made available for inspection, any person may make a copy (whether in handwriting or by other means) of the whole or any part of such a document.

(3) Paragraph (2) is subject to any restriction as to the making of copies which is imposed by—
   (a) regulation 80(6); and
   (b) paragraph 3(7) of Schedule 3.

Amendment to section 9(4) of the Act

149. Section 9(4) of the Act (recall petition to be made available for signing) is substituted as follows—

“(4) The wording of a petition signing sheet must include the following—

By signing in the box below, you are signing a petition for [name of MP], the MP for [name of constituency], to lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons.

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.”.

Modification of section 6C PPERA 2000

150. Section 6C of PPERA 2000 (accredited observers: individuals) is to apply for the purposes of attending the count of a petition under regulation 39 (the count) as it applies for the purposes of attending the proceedings for the counting of votes under that section.

Fee for the copy of the return or declaration or any other document

151. For the purposes of paragraph 9 of Schedule 5 to the Act (inspection of returns and accompanying documents) the prescribed fee under subparagraph (c) is to be 20p for each side of paper supplied under that subparagraph.

Notices in connection with alteration of registers: amendments

152.—(1) The 2001 Regulations, the 2001 (Scotland) Regulations and the 2008 Regulations are amended as follows.

(2) In regulation 36 of both the 2001 Regulations and the 2001 (Scotland) Regulations (notices in connection with registration: England and Wales and Scotland)—
   (a) in paragraph (2)—
      (i) after “13AB(2)”, for “or” substitute “,”;
      (ii) after “(3D)” insert “or 13BC(3) or (6)”; and
   (b) after paragraph (3) insert—

“(4) For the purposes of section 13BC(5)(a) of the 1983 Act (alteration of the registers: recall petition), the prescribed time is one hour before the end of the signing period (within the meaning of section 9(2) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015).”.

83
(3) In the 2008 Regulations—

(a) in regulation 25 (alteration of the registers: Northern Ireland)—

(i) in the heading and in paragraph (2), after “section 13BA(3)” insert “or 13BC”; and
(ii) after paragraph (1), insert—

“(1A) For the purposes of section 13BC(2)(d) of the 1983 Act (alteration of registers: recall petition) the prescribed date is the eleventh day before the beginning of the signing period (within the meaning of section 9(2) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015).’’;

(b) in regulation 44 (notices in connection with registration: Northern Ireland)—

(i) in paragraph (2)—

(aa) after “13A(2)”, for “or” substitute “,”,

(bb) after “(9)” insert “or 13BC(3) or (6)”;

(ii) after paragraph (3) insert—

“(4) For the purposes of section 13BC(5)(a) of the 1983 Act, the prescribed time is three hours before the end of the signing period (within the meaning of section 9(2) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015).’’.

John Penrose
Minister for Constitutional Reform
3rd March 2016

Cabinet Office
S C H E D U L E S

SCHEDULE 1

SUPPLY OF REGISTER

Supply of copy of register of parliamentary electors to petition officer: England and Wales and Scotland

1.—(1) As soon as practicable after the registration officer is notified by the petition officer that the petition officer has received a Speaker’s notice under section 5 of the Act (Speakers notice), that registration officer must supply the petition officer with as many printed copies of the following as the petition officer may reasonably require for the purposes of the petition —

(a) the latest revised version of the register of parliamentary electors for the constituency to which the petition relates published under section 13(1) or (3) of the 1983 Act; and

(b) any notice published under section 13A(2), 13B(3B) or (3D), 13BA(9) or 13BC(3) of that Act setting out an alteration to the latest version of that register.

(2) The registration officer must also supply the petition officer with as many printed copies of any notices issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act as the petition officer may reasonably require for the purposes of the petition as soon as practicable after any such notice is issued.

(3) Where the registration officer is under a duty to supply a petition officer with printed copies of a register or notice under this paragraph, the registration officer must also supply a copy of the register or notice in data form.

(4) A copy of a register or notice supplied under this paragraph is to be supplied free of charge.

(5) A person to whom a copy of a register or notice has been supplied under this paragraph must not, other than for the purposes of the petition—

(a) supply a copy of that register or those notices to any other person;

(b) disclose any information contained in them that is not contained in the edited register; or

(c) make use of any such information.

Supply of record of anonymous entries to petition officer: England and Wales and Scotland

2.—(1) Whenever the registration officer supplies a copy of the register or notice in accordance with paragraph 1 to a petition officer, the registration officer must also supply a copy of the record of anonymous entries so far as it relates to that register.

(2) The petition officer to whom a copy of the record has been supplied under this paragraph must not, other than for the purposes of a petition—

(a) supply a copy of the record to any other person;

(b) disclose any information contained in it; or

(c) make use of such information.

(3) The petition officer supplied with a copy of the record under this paragraph must take proper precautions for its safe custody.
Supply of register on request and specific restrictions

3.—(1) The petition officer must supply free of charge a copy of the register and any notices issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act upon request to—

(a) a registered party other than a minor party, within the meaning of section 160(1) of PPERA 2000 (general interpretation);
(b) the MP to whom a petition relates;
(c) the Electoral Commission;
(d) the Security Service, Government Communications Headquarters and the Secret Intelligence Service;
(e) any police force in Great Britain, the Police Service of Northern Ireland and the Police Service of Northern Ireland (Reserve), the National Crime Agency and any body of constables established under an Act of Parliament; and
(f) an accredited campaigner within the meaning of Part 5 of Schedule 3 to the Act.

(2) A request under subparagraph (1) must be made in writing and must—

(a) specify the documents requested;
(b) state whether the request is made only in respect of the current documents or whether it includes a request for the supply of any subsequent document on publication for so long as the person making the request falls within the category of persons entitled to receive the documents requested; and
(c) state whether a printed copy of any of the documents is requested instead of the version in data form.

(3) Unless a request has been made in advance of supply under subparagraph (2)(c), the copy of a document supplied under this paragraph is to be in data form.

(4) The petition officer must supply the documents referred to in subparagraph (2) in accordance with a request that has been duly made.

(5) A person or body to whom this paragraph applies who has been supplied with a copy of a register or notices under this paragraph must not, other than for purposes set out in subparagraph (6)—

(a) supply a copy of that register or those notices to any other person;
(b) disclose any information contained in them that is not contained in the edited register; or
(c) make use of any such information.

(6) Those purposes are—

(a) in the case of a person or body falling within subparagraph (1)(a) or (b)—

(i) the purposes of the petition, or
(ii) the purposes of complying with the control on donations under Schedule 4 to the Act;
(b) in the case of the Electoral Commission, purposes in connection with their functions under, or by virtue of, PPERA 2000;
(c) in the case of a person or body falling within subparagraph (1)(d) or (e)—

(i) the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the criminal law (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere),
(ii) the vetting of a relevant person (within the meaning of regulation 109(5) of the 2001 Regulations and regulation 108(5) of the 2001 (Scotland) Regulations) for the purposes of safeguarding national security;
(d) in the case of an accredited campaigner within the meaning of Part 5 of Schedule 3 to the Act—

(i) purposes in connection with the campaign in respect of the accreditation notice delivered to the petition officer under paragraph 17(1)(b) of Schedule 3 to the Act (accredited campaigners and responsible persons); or

(ii) the purposes of complying with the controls on donations in Schedule 4 to the Act (control of donations to accredited campaigners).

SCHEDULE 2

FORMS

PART 1

United Kingdom

Form A Signing sheet
Front of signing sheet

Petition signing sheet

Petition to Remove the MP for [insert name of constituency], [insert name of MP]

You should only complete this signing sheet if you support the petition for the removal of the MP named above.

[insert wording in section 9(4) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 as amended from time to time]

My Signature is:
Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

Back of signing sheet

Number

[other unique identifying mark]

Petition to Remove the MP for [insert name of constituency]

Between [insert first date of the petition signing period] and [insert final date of the petition signing period]
Directions as to printing the signing sheet

1. Nothing is to be printed on the signing sheet except in accordance with these directions.

2. So far as is practicable, the arrangements set out in paragraphs 3 to 7 must be observed in the printing of the signing sheet (Form A).

3. No word may be printed on the front of the signing sheet except:
   (a) the heading "Petition signing sheet";
   (b) the sub-heading "Petition to Remove the MP for...........";
   (c) after that sub-heading, the name of the constituency and the name of the MP;
   (d) the direction "You should only complete this signing sheet if you support the petition for the removal of the MP named above."
   (e) the words required by section 9(4) of the Act (as it has effect from time to time); and
   (f) the words "My Signature is:"

4. A box must be printed:
   (a) to the right of the words "My Signature is:"
   (b) around the words "My Signature is:" and the box referred to in sub-paragraph (a).

5. No rule may be printed on the front of the signing sheet except:
   (a) as part of a box referred to in paragraph 4;
   (b) a horizontal rule above the heading referred to in paragraph 3(a);
   (c) a horizontal rule above and below the sub-heading and name and constituency referred to in paragraph 3(b) and (c);
   (d) a horizontal rule below the box referred to in paragraph 4(d);
   (e) a vertical rule on both sides of the signing sheet joining the horizontal rules referred to in sub-paragraphs (b) and (d).

6. All the words on the front of the signing sheet must appear in the same type except that:
   (a) the heading must appear in very large and bold type;
   (b) the sub-heading and name of the constituency and name of the MP referred to in paragraph 3(b) and (c) must appear in large and bold type; and
   (c) the words in the direction referred to in paragraph 3(d), must appear in bold type.

7. The number and other unique identifying mark must be printed close to each other on the back of the signing sheet.
Form B Corresponding number list for use at a petition signing place

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Constituency:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petition signing dates:</td>
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<td>Signing place:</td>
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Form C Correspoing number list

Constituency: ____________________________
Petition signing dates: _____________________
Sheet No.: ____________________________

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<tr>
<th>Signing Sheet Number</th>
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<th>Elector Number (to be completed only in respect of signing sheets issued to postal signers)</th>
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Form D Official petition notice for an elector who may sign the petition in person

First page of petition notice

Your details: [ELECTOR’S NAME] [LOCAL AUTHORITY’S ADDRESS AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS] CONTACT DETAILS]

Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to an anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope.

Number on register: [DATE]

Dear [Elector’s name]

Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because your name is on the electoral register, however signing the petition is optional.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been sentenced/ordered to be imprisoned/detained] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]*]

[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been sentenced/ordered to be imprisoned/detained/fined] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)*]

[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs]**

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.

What to do if you wish to sign the petition

## [You do not need to take this notice with you if you go to sign the petition at your official signing place.]

## [You must take this notice with you if you go to sign the petition at your official signing place, otherwise you won’t be able to sign it.]

## If an anonymous elector, omit the words in the first set of brackets, if not omit the words in the second set of brackets
Second page of petition notice

Your Official Signing Place:

[insert address]

When is the petition available to sign?

Petition open between [insert dates and times]

You can apply to sign the petition by post or you can appoint someone else to sign it for you. More information can be found below.

This space for map of signing place

If you need any help or to find out if your signing place is accessible, please contact us.

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website if appropriate]

Other ways to sign the petition

You can apply to sign the petition by post.

Completed applications must reach us by [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. If you choose to sign by post you will not be able to sign the petition in person at your signing place.

You can apply to sign by proxy (this means someone else can sign on your behalf in person or by post).

Completed applications must reach us before [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. If you appoint a proxy you can sign the petition if you wish, but only if your proxy has not already signed it on your behalf at the signing place and has not applied for a proxy postal signing sheet.

Contact us if you wish to apply to sign the petition by post or proxy.

Emergency Proxy

If after [time] on [the sixth day before the final signing day] you are unable to sign in person because you:

- Have a medical condition
- Learn you cannot go to the signing place because of work reasons

You can apply to sign the petition by proxy.

Completed applications must reach us before [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. To find out how to apply, call the helpline immediately.
Final page of petition notice

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.

* IMPORTANT - if you choose to sign the petition your name will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the ‘marked register’ and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

* delete if notice is sent to an anonymous elector

Yours sincerely

Petition Officer
Form E Official petition notice for an elector who may sign the petition by post

First page of petition notice

Your details: [
ELECTOR’S NAME 
AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS]  
[LOCAL AUTHORITY’S ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS]

* Petition Officer to send a copy of the petition to an 
anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must 
be delivered in a sealed envelope

Number on register: [DATE]

Dear [Elector’s name]

Postal Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because your name is on the electoral register and you have a postal vote arrangement in force, however signing the petition is optional.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for [given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]]**

[Convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for [given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)]* ]**

[Suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs]*

* Petition Officer to complete as appropriate

** Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.

Information - signing the petition

We will send your petition signing sheet around [day] [date] [month] [year] # [addressed to]:

# [Elector’s name and qualifying address here]
Your postal signing pack

- You will receive a petition signing sheet for this petition because you have a postal vote arrangement in force.
- You will not be able to sign the petition at a signing place.
- If you have not received your postal signing sheet by [day] [date] [month] call [insert helpline number].

How to sign the petition

1. When you receive your petition signing sheet and postal signing statement, read the instructions carefully.
2. If you choose to sign the petition then you must complete both of these forms and return them immediately.
3. We need to receive both these forms by [time] on [day] [final day for signing the petition].

If you lose your petition signing sheet and/or postal petition statement, or make a mistake:

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal signing pack before [time] on [day] [date of deadline].

If you would rather sign the petition in person, or ask someone else to sign on your behalf, you must cancel your postal vote before [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. For more information, please call the helpline.

If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below.

If you need help to sign the petition, you can ask someone you know or you can get independent help by calling our helpline:

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website]

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition using a petition signing sheet that was not sent for your use or interfere with another person's petition signing sheet.
- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.
*IMPORTANT - if you choose to sign the petition your name will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the ‘marked register’ and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

* delete if notice is sent to an anonymous elector

Yours sincerely

Petition Officer
Form F Official petition notice for a proxy who may sign the petition in person

First page of petition notice

Your details: [LOCAL AUTHORITY’S ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS]
# [PROXY’S NAME AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS]

Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to an anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

Number on register: [DATE]

Dear [Proxy’s name]

Proxy Notice of Petition to remove the MP [for [name of constituency], [name of MP]]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because our records show that [the person named on the back of this notice] [another person] has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition. However signing the petition is optional.

*An anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/detained] to be [imprisoned/detained] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]*][**

[[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/detained] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)***]

[[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs]*][***]

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.
Second page of petition notice

What to do if you wish to sign the petition

You should check with the person who has named you as their proxy whether or not they wish you to sign the petition on their behalf.

### [You do not need to take this notice with you if you go to sign the petition at your official signing place.]
### [You must take this notice with you if you go to sign the petition at your official signing place, otherwise you won’t be able to sign it.]
### If an anonymous elector, omit the words in the first set of brackets, if not omit the words in the second.

Your Official Signing Place:

[insert address]

When is the petition available to sign?

Petition open between [insert dates and times]

You can apply to sign the petition by post. More information can be found below.

This space for map of signing place

If you need any help or to find out if your signing place is accessible, please contact us.

(Petition Officer to add contact details including website if appropriate)

Signing as a proxy

** [The person named below] [another person] has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition.]

** [You do not need to take this notice with you to sign the petition. [You must have this notice with you if you go to sign the petition. You cannot sign as a proxy without it.)]

If an anonymous elector, omit the words in the first set of brackets, if not omit the words in each of the second sets of brackets.

For this petition you are the proxy for:

*[(Elector’s name)]
(Elector’s address)
(Elector’s number on the register)]
(The person with this elector number. [insert elector’s number on the register])

*If an anonymous elector, omit the words in the first set of square brackets, if not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

The person you are proxy for can sign the petition themselves if they wish – but only if you have not already signed the petition on their behalf.
Final page of petition notice

How to sign the petition as a proxy:

1. *"At the signing place, tell the staff that you are a proxy for the person named above. They will give you that person’s petition signing sheet. *"At the signing place, ask to speak to the petition clerk and show them this letter. They will give you the petition signing sheet for the person you are proxy for."* If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.
2. Read the content of the signing sheet and sign it in the box provided.
3. Fold the signing sheet and put it in the ballot box.

If you need any help, just ask the staff.

If you are away or cannot go to the signing place,

- You can apply to sign the petition by post. The deadline for completed applications is [time] on [day] [date of deadline].
- If you are given a petition signing sheet by post, you or the person you are proxy for will not be able to sign in person at this petition.
- To find out how to apply, please call us on [insert helpline number or other contact details].

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.

*IMPORTANT - if you choose to sign the petition the name of the person on whose behalf you have signed, will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the 'marked register' and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

*delete if notice is sent to an anonymous elector

Yours sincerely

Petition Officer
Form G Official petition notice for a proxy who may sign the petition by post

First page of petition notice

Your details: [LOCAL AUTHORITY'S NAME]
AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS]
[LOCAL AUTHORITY'S ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS]
# Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to an anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

Number on register: [DATE]

Dear [Proxy’s name]

Proxy Postal Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because our records show that *[the person named on the back of this notice] [another person] has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition and you have a postal vote arrangement in force. However signing the petition is optional.

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/detained] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for [given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]*]*

[[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/detained] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for [given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)*][*]

[[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs*]][**]

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.
Second page of petition notice

For this petition you are the proxy for:

*[(Elector’s name)]
*(Elector’s address)*
*(Elector’s number on the register)*
*[The person with this elector number. (Insert elector’s number on the register)].*

*If you are the elector or the proxy, omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not, omit the words in the second set of square brackets.*

Your postal signing pack

- You will receive a petition signing sheet for this petition because you have postal vote arrangement in force.
- You will not be able to sign the petition in a signing place.
- If you have not received your petition signing sheet by [day] [date] [month] call [insert helpline number].

How to sign the petition

1. When you receive your petition signing sheet and postal petition statement, read the instructions carefully.
2. If you choose to sign the petition then you must complete both of these forms and return them immediately.
3. We need to receive both these forms by [time] on [day] [final day for signing the petition].

If you lose your petition signing sheet and/or postal petition statement, or make a mistake:

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal signing pack before [time] on [day] [date of deadline].

If you would rather sign the petition in person, or ask someone else to sign on your behalf, you must cancel your postal vote before [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. For more information, please call the helpline.

Information – signing the petition

We will send your petition signing sheet around [day] [date] [month] [year] ***[addressed to]:

*** Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector. Notice to proxy of an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope.

You should check with the person who has named you as their proxy whether or not they wish you to sign the petition on their behalf.
If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below.

If you need help to sign the petition, you can ask someone you know or you can get independent help by calling our helpline:

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website]

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition using a petition signing sheet that was not sent for your use or interfere with another person’s petition signing sheet.
- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.

"IMPORTANT" - if you choose to sign the petition, the name of the person on whose behalf you have signed, will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the ‘marked register’ and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

Yours sincerely

Petition Officer
Form H Guidance for persons signing the petition

How to sign the petition

1. Go to the desk and tell the staff your name and address. They will give you a petition signing sheet.

2. Read the signing sheet and sign it in the box provided.

3. When you have signed your signing sheet, fold it.

4. Put your folded signing sheet into the ballot box.

If you make a mistake or need some help, just ask the staff.
Certificate of Employment

Petition to Remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

Petition signing period [day] [date] [month] [year] to [day] [date] [month] [year]

Constituency: [name of constituency]

The person named below is entitled to sign the petition at any signing place in the above petition area on production and surrender of this certificate to the Petition Officer or signing place staff.

I certify that __________________________ (name of elector)

who is numbered* ________________ in the register of electors for the petition area named above, cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to the signing place allotted to them by reason of his/her employment on the remaining dates that the petition is available for signing.

- as a constable**
- as a Police Community Support Officer**
- by me (Only applies to Petition Officer's staff)**

Signature __________________________ Petition Officer/Police Officer (Inspector or above)**

Date __________________________

* The elector’s number can be found on the petition notice letter which was sent to them when the petition was announced, or can be checked by contacting the Electoral Registration Officer.

**Person completing the form to delete whichever does not apply.
**Form J Proxy paper**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proxy Paper</th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petition to Remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Constituency</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Name of Proxy</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Address of Proxy</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You have been appointed as proxy for:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Elector name)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*[who is qualified to be registered at: ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Qualifying address)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*[who qualifies as an overseas elector in respect of the above constituency]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to sign for them at this petition.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>[This proxy appointment is not valid until...............]</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>[This proxy appointment remains valid until...............]</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Petition Officer)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Enter as appropriate
** Delete whichever is inappropriate

1. This proxy paper gives you the right to sign the petition as a proxy for the elector named above. However, you may not sign the petition as proxy at the same petition for more than two electors of whom you are not the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.

2. Your appointment as a proxy may be for a particular petition only, or it may be for a definite or indefinite period.
   If it is for a particular petition, you may have the right to sign the petition as proxy only at the petition specified in the proxy paper.
   If it is for an indefinite period, you have in general the right to sign the petition at any petition held in the constituency, until you are informed to the contrary.
   If it is for a definite period, your right to sign the petition as proxy expires on the date stated on the form.

3. You may sign the petition as proxy at the signing place allotted to the elector on whose behalf you are appointed. Shortly before the petition opens you will be sent a proxy petition notice telling you where the signing place is. You do not need to take either the petition notice or this proxy paper to the signing place but you may find it helpful to do so.

4. If you cannot sign the petition in person at the signing place, you should consult the petition officer about your right to sign it by post.
Form K Postal petition statement

Postal petition statement

Petition to Remove the MP for [name of constituency], [insert name of MP]

Final day for receipt of completed petition signing sheets: [day] [date] [name of month] [year]

Important - You only need to sign this petition statement if you wish to sign the petition. Signing the petition is optional.

If you wish to sign the petition, you must also fill in and return this statement with your petition signing sheet for your signature in support of the petition to be counted.

Please read the instructions carefully and use a black pen.

Name: * Petition signing sheet number: 

* Petition Officer to insert name but omit where sent to an anonymous elector

Check that the number on the back of your signing sheet matches the number shown above. If these do not match, call us immediately on [insert hotline number].

I am the person the signing sheet numbered above was sent to.

My Date of Birth is: [Day] [Month] [Year]

* My Signature is: (You must sign inside the box)

* Petition Officer to omit box where the elector has been granted a waiver

We will check this information against our records for security.

It is an offence to sign the petition using a signing sheet that was not sent for your use or interfere with another person's signing sheet. It is an offence to sign the petition more than once (unless you are appointed as a proxy).
Instructions for signing the petition by post

Please read through carefully. If you need help, please call us on [insert helpline number].

1. If you choose to sign the petition for your MP to be removed you must complete and return both the petition signing sheet and this statement.
2. This statement is used to check you are, who you say you are, and your petition signing sheet will be included in the petition count.
3. Make sure you have filled in both the signature box and date of birth on this statement.
4. Do not mark the signing sheet in any other way or your support of the petition may not count.
5. We must get your signing sheet and this statement by [time] on [day] [date of final signing day]. If you miss the post, you can hand it in at our office or at any petition signing place in [electoral area] before [time] on [day] [date of final signing day].
   * Petition Officer: to delete whichever does not apply.
6. After receiving your signing sheet, you cannot sign the petition in person at a petition signing place.

Getting Help

- If you need help to sign the petition, you can get independent help by calling the helpline on [insert helpline number].
- Please call the helpline if you require copies of this form or guidance in Braille or languages other than English.
- If you make a mistake, or lose your signing sheet or this statement, you can obtain a replacement. Call us immediately as we can only issue a replacement before [time] on [day] [date] [month]. If you apply after [time] on [day before final signing day] we can only issue a replacement if you return this signing pack by hand.

Electoral fraud is a crime. It is an offence to sign the petition more than once unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.

The Petition Officer issued this statement.
Form L Statement as to postal petition signing sheets, proxies and additional data

First page of statement

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**STATEMENT AS TO POSTAL PETITION SIGNING SHEETS, PROXIES AND ADDITIONAL DATA**

**RECALL OF M Ps ACT 2015**

**RECALL PETITION**

Constituency: ____________________________

Petition Signing Period: from __________ to __________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>Issue of postal signing packs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total number of original postal signing packs issued</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs replaced due to the original pack being lost (or not received)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs replaced due to the original being spoiled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs replaced due to the elector requesting the pack to be sent to a different address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Total number of postal signing packs issued (i.e. Total of A1 to A4)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B</th>
<th>Waivers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Number of signature waivers issued</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>C</th>
<th>Receipt of postal signing packs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Number of complete postal signing packs received by the close of the petition (excluding those returned in C3-C9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements received by close of petition <strong>without</strong> the corresponding petition signing sheet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>Number of petition signing sheets received by close of petition <strong>without</strong> the corresponding postal petition statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs cancelled on request of executor by 5pm on the eleventh working day before the final day of the petition signing period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs cancelled as spoiled 5 hours before the petition closed on the final signing day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs cancelled as not returned within the seventh calendar day after the petition closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs returned as undeliverable by the seventh calendar day after the petition closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs received between the close of the petition and the seventh calendar day thereafter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Total number of postal signing packs not returned (including empty envelopes and any signing packs received more than seven calendar days after the petition closed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Total postal signing packs (i.e. Total of C1-C8)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D</th>
<th>Checks on personal identifiers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements checked against the personal identifier record</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
#### Final page of statement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2</th>
<th>Number of postal petition statements where required personal identifiers were verified as valid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3a</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected because there was no signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3b</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected because there was no date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3c</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected because there was no signature and no date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4a</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected due to a mismatched signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4b</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected due to a mismatched date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4c</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected due to a mismatch of both identifiers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements not checked against the personal identifier record and accepted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Total checks on personal identifiers (i.e., Total of D2-D5 and total should equal D1 and C1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Summary of postal signing packs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Proxies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total number of proxies issued (i.e., Total of F1 to F3) |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Signature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Authority:

Petition Officer
## PART 2

**Welsh Forms**

**Petition signing sheet**  
**Taflen Ilofnodi deiseb**

| Petition to Remove the MP for [insert name of constituency], [insert name of MP]  
| Deiseb i gael gwared ar yr AS dros [rhowch enw'r otholaeth], [rhowch enw'r AS] |

You should only complete this signing sheet if you support the petition for the removal of the MP named above.

*[insert wording in section 9(4) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 as amended from time to time]*

Dim ond os ydych yn cefnogi’r deiseb i gael gwared ar yr AS a enwir uchod y dylech lofnodi’r daflen lofnodi hon.

*[rhowch y gaحدود yn adran 9(4) Deddf Gaiw Aelodau Seneddol yn Ōl 2015 fel y'i diwygiwyd o dro i dro]*

| My Signature is: |  
| Fy Llofnod yw: |
Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

Back of signing sheet

Number / Rhif

[other unique identifying mark / unrhyw nod achnabod unrhyw araf]

Petition to Remove the MP for [insert name of constituency] / Deiseb i gwaed â’r AS dros [rhychen rhwydwaith]

Rhesaen / Rheung [insert first date of the petition signing period / rhychen odyddiad cyntaf y cyfnod lliwio] and / a [insert final date of the petition signing period / rhychen odyddiad olaf cyfnod lliwio]
Form B Corresponding number list for use at a petition signing place

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constituency / Etholaeth:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petition signing dates / Dyddiau llofnodi’r dd boa:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signing place / Safile llofnodi:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheet No. / Rhif Taflen:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signing Sheet Number / Rhif Taflen Llofnodi</th>
<th>Elector Number / Rhif Etholwr</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Form C: Corresponding number list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constituency / Etholaeth:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petition signing dates / Dyddiadau Ilofnodi'r ddeiseb:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheet No. / Rhif y dafli:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signing Sheet Number / Rhif y Darlen Lofnodi</th>
<th>Unique Identifying Mark / Nod Adnabod Unigryw</th>
<th>Elector Number / Rhif Etho’wyr</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(to be completed only in respect of signing sheets issued to postal signers / i’w gyblhau diannond ar dafli i lofnodi a roddir i lofnodyr drwyr post)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Form D Official petition notice for an elector who may sign the petition in person

First page of petition notice

Your details / Eich manylion chi:

[LOCAL AUTHORITY’S ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS / CYFEIRIAD CYSWLLT]

AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS / ENWR ETOLWR A CHYFEIRIAD CYMWYS

# Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to an anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

# Y Sywydd Dewisau i hebog pan anfins yr hysbysiad o ddeiseb i etholer dieni. Rhaid i hysbysiad i etholer dieni gan ei anfon iawn aman anferfron a uelio

Number on register / Rhif ar y gofrestr:

[DATE / DYDDIAD]

Dear [Annwr] [Elector’s name / Enw’r etholwr]

Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency]/[name of MP]/
Hysbysiad o Ddeiseb i gael gyared â’r AS dros [enw’r etholwr] / [enw’r AS]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because your name is on the electoral register, however signing the petition is optional.

Ysgryfennaf atoch i roi gwobr ichi y bydd yna ddeiseb i benedrefnu a ddylai [enw’r AS], sef yr AS dros [etholaeth], golli ei s wedref AS ac y dylid cynnal isetholiad i benedrefnu pwy fydyn yr AS dros yr etholaeth honno.

Anfonwyd yr hysbysiad hwn atoch othenwydd bod eich enw ar y gofrestr etholiadol, ond mater o ddeiswyd yw llofnodi’r ddeiseb.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]]’”

[[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2006 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/discharged] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] [offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims]’”]

[[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MP’s]’”

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply
Second page of petition notice

Cychwynwyd y ddeiseb oherwydd bod [enw'r AS] AS wedi cael ei [golffaru am [y drosedd]] ac wedi cael ei [ddedrydu/orchymyn] i geel ei [garcharu/gadw] am/wedi cael ddedryd ohridig am [fhyd y ddedryd[*]]**

[*] wedi ei golffaru am drosedd dan adran 10 o Ddeolfau Seneddol 2009 ac wedi cael ei [ddedrydu/orchymyn] i geel ei [garcharu/gadw/ddiwylo] am/wedi cael ddedryd ohridig o [fhyd y ddedryd/ledel y ddwylo] y drosedd o roi gwybodaeth flug neu ganarweinio i havili lifansau** *'Y Strydlog Deolfau i henli fein by'r briodol** **'Y Strydlog Deolfau i diolch i am sodau amherthnasod*

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.

Os bydd o leiaf 10% o bobi gymrys ym yr etholaeth yn llofnodi'r ddeiseb, fe fydd [enw'r AS] yn colli ei sedd yn Nhŷ'r Cyffredin a chynhyr i'r iestiaid. Nid yw'r cclli ei sedd yn alaw [enw'r AS] rhag sefyll ym yr iestiaid hwn.

Os bydd llai na 10% o bobi gymys ym yr etholaeth yn llofnodi'r ddeiseb, ni fydd [enw'r AS] yn colli ei sedd ac feyll rni chynhyr i'r iestiaid.

What to do if you wish to sign the petition /Beth i'r wneud os ydych yn dymuno llofnodi'r ddeiseb

## [You do not need to take this notice with you to sign the petition at your official signing place / Nid oes angen mynd â'r hysbysiad hwn gyda chi os byddwch yn mynd i llofnodi'r ddeiseb yn eich safle llofnodi swyddogol.]

### [You must take this notice with you if you go to sign the petition at your official signing place, otherwise you won't be able to sign it / Rheid i chi'n mynd â'r hysbysiad hwn gyda chi os byddwch yn mynd i llofnodi'r ddeiseb yn eich safle llofnodi swyddogol, neu ni fyddwch yn cael ei llofnodi]

* If an anonymous elector, omit the words in the first set of brackets. *If not omit the words in the second set of brackets / Os etholur diwi, hegorwch y gieiau yn y set gyntaf o gornffechau, os na, hegorwch y gieiau yn yr ail set o gornffechau.*
Third page of petition notice

Your Official Signing Place / Eich Safle Llofnodi Swyddogol:
[insert address / rhwch y cyfarad]

When is the petition available to sign? / Pryd bydd y ddeîseb ar gael i’w llofnodi?
Petition open between [insert dates and times] / Bydd y ddeiseb ar agor rhwng [dyddiau ac amseroedd]

You can apply to sign the petition by post or you can appoint someone else to sign it for you. More information can be found below.

Gallwch wneud cais i llofnodi’r ddeîseb drwy’r post neu gallwch benodi rhywun arall i’w llofnodi ar eich rhan. Ceir rhagor o wybodaeth i’r addas.

This space for map of signing place / Map o’r safle llofnodi

If you need any help or to find out if your signing place is accessible, please contact us.
Os ydych angen cymorth neu elisau gwybod a yw eich safe llofnodi yn hygyrch, cysylltwch â ni.
[Petition Officer to add contact details including website if appropriate / Y Swyddog Datblygu i chwierau manylun cywil, gan gyrru i’r addas]

Other ways to sign the petition / Ffyrdd eraill o llofnodi’r ddeîseb

You can apply to sign the petition by post / Gallwch wneud cais i llofnodi’r ddeiseb drwy’r post.

Completed applications must reach us by [time] on [day] [date of deadline].
If you choose to sign by post you will not be able to sign the petition in person at your signing place.

Rhaid i’r ceisiadau ein cyrraedd erbyn [amser] ar [diwrnod] [dyddiau cau].
Os byddwch yn dêwis llofnodi drwy’r post ni fyddwch yn cael llofnodi’r ddeiseb yn bersonol yn eich safe llofnodi.

You can apply to sign by proxy (this means someone else can sign on your behalf in person or by post) / Gallwch wneud cais i llofnodi drwy ddîrprwy (ystyr hyn yw bod rhwyw arall yn gallu llofnodi ar eich rhan yn bersonol neu drwy’r post).

Completed applications must reach us before [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. If you appoint a proxy you can sign the petition if you wish, but only if your proxy has not already signed it on your behalf at the signing place and has not applied for a proxy postal signing sheet.
Fourth page of petition notice

Rhaid i geisioedd ein cyrraedd erbyn [anser] ar [diwrnod] [dyddiad cau]. Os byddwch yn penodi dirprwy gallwch lofnodi’r ddeiseb os ydych yn dymuno, ond dim ond os nad yw eich dirprwy wedi lofnodi eisoes ar eich rhan yn yr saif llofnodi a heb wneud cais am dafien lofnodi dirprwy dwy’r posl.

Contact us if you wish to apply to sign the petition by post or proxy / Cysylltwch â ni os ydych yn dymuno gwneud cais i lofnodi’r ddeiseb dwy’r post neu dwy ddirprwy

Emergency Proxy / Dirprwy mewn achos brys

If after [time] on [the sixth day before the final signing day] you are unable to sign in person because you:

- Have a medical condition
- Learn you cannot go to the signing place because of work reasons

You can apply to sign the petition by proxy.

Os ydych ar ôl [anser] ar [y chweched diwrnod cyn y diwrnod llofnodi olaf] ym methu a llofnodi yn personol oherrwydd:

- Bod gennych gyflwr meddygon
- Wedi deall na allwch fynd i’r safle llofnodi am rae mai ymwyneud â’ch gwaith

Gallwch wneud cais i lofnodi’r ddeiseb dwy’r ddirprwy.

Completed applications must reach us before [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. To find out how to apply, call the helpline immediately.

Rhaid i geisioedd cyllawn ein cyrraedd erbyn [anser] ar [diwrnod] [dyddiad cau]. I gael gwybod sut i wneud cais, llofniwch y lluniau gemORTH ar unwaith.

It is an offence to / Mae’n drosedd:

- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fwy rag unwaith, oni bai eich bod yn llofnodi ar eich rhan eich hun ac fel dirprwy dros rywun arall.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fel dirprwy ar ran mwy na deu o bobl eni bai eich bod yn briod, partner syll, rhiant, nain neu dad, brawd neu chwarae, plentyn, wyr neu wyres i ddynt.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fel dirprwy ar ran rhywun gywyddoch nad oes ganddo hawl i llofnodi’r ddeiseb yn ôl y gyfraith.
Final page of petition notice

* IMPORTANT / PWYSIG –

if you choose to sign the petition your name will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the 'marked register' and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

* delete if notice is sent to an anonymous elector

os ydych yn dewis llofnodi’r ddeiseb bydd marc yn cael ei roi wrth eich enw ar y gofrestr a ddefnyddir i weinyddu’r ddeiseb. Y ‘gofrestr wedi’i marcio’ yw hon ac mae’n heip i atal mywyn rhag llofnodi ddwywath ac i ganfod twyll. Ar ôl cyhoeddîd cyanlyiad y ddeiseb, saiff un o hyfwyl berson o fn i’r swyddog deisebau am gael gweld y gofrestr wedi’i marcio os we’i emau bod twyll. Ca yw’r swyddog deisebau’n cytuno i’r cas hwn, bydd yr archwiliad yn digwydd dan oruchwyliaeth staff yr awdur oddi i’r lloeg, a dim ond nodiadau mewn llawysgrifên a ganateir, i’w trosgwyddo o bosibl i’r heddlu a lliwchwilio i’r mater.

* lleer os anfonir yr hystysiad at e eich diwrn

Yours sincerely / Yn gywir

Petition Officer / Y Swyddog Deisebau
Form E Official petition notice for an elector who may sign the petition by post

First page of petition notice

Your details / Eich manylion chi: [LOCAL AUTHORITY’S ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS] / CYFEIRAD YR AWURDODOL LLEOL A MANDYLLON CYSWLLT]
# [ELECTOR’S NAME] AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS / ENW’R ETHOLWR A CHYFEIRAD CYMWYS]
# [Petitioner Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to an anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope]
# Y Strydodd Deisebau i hegaw pan ant fon hysbiad o ddeisel i etholiw demw. Rhaid i hysbiad i etholiw demw gael ei anton mewn amalen wedi selio

Number on register / Rhif ar y gofrestr: [DATE / DYDDIAD]

Dear / Annwyl [Elector’s name / Enw etholiw]

Postal Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP] / Hysbiad drwy’r Post o Ddeisel i gael gwared â’r AS dros [enw’r etholaeth], [enw’r AS]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because your name is on the electoral register and you have a postal vote arrangement in force, however signing the petition is optional.

Ysgrifennaf atoch i roi gywbowd ich i byd i dw i ddeisel i benderfynu a ddyial [enw’r AS], sef yr AS dros [etholaeth], golli ei sedd fei AS ac y dyd y cynnal isetholiad i benderfynu pwy fydd yn AS dros yr etholaeth honno.

Ryddych wedi cael yr hysbiad hwn cherwydd bod eich enw ar y gofrestr etholiadol ac mae gennych drefniant pleidiau bost mewn grwm, ond mater o ddeisel yw llofnodi’r ddeisel.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for [given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]]**

[[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for [given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)]]**

[[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs]]**

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply
Second page of petition notice

Cychwynnwyd y ddëiseb oherwydd bod [enw'r AS] AS wedi cael ei [gôlifamu am y [drosedd] ac wedi cael ei [ddefrydyu/orchymyn] i gael ei [gaarcharu/gadw] am/wedi cael ddefryd ohiriedig o [hyd y ddefryd]].

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.

Os bydd o lefâ 10% o bobl gywmys yn yr etholaeth yn llofnodi'r ddëiseb, fe fydd [enw'r AS] yn colli ei sedd yn Nhŷ'r Cyffredin a chynchelir ietholiad. Nid yw colli ei sedd yn atal [enw'r AS] rhag seflyn yn yr ietholiad hwn.

Os bydd llai na 10% o bobl gywmys yn yr etholaeth yn llofnodi'r ddëiseb, ni fydd [enw'r AS] AS yn colli ei sedd ac felly ni chynchelir ietholiad.

Information - signing the petition / Gwybodaeth - llofnodi'r ddeiseb

We will send your petition signing sheet around / Byddwn yn annon eich taflen llofnodi ddeiseb tua [day / diwrnod] [date / dyddiad] [month / mis] [year / blwyddyn]

# [addressed to / i syw]:

# [Elector's name and qualifying address here / Enw'r etholwr a chyfeiriad gymys yma]

Your postal signing pack / Eich pecn llofnodi drwv'r post

- You will receive a petition signing sheet for this petition because you have a postal vote arrangement in force.
- You will not be able to sign the petition at a signing place.
- If you have not received your postal signing sheet by [day] [date] [month] call [insert helpline number].

Byddwch yn cael taflen llofnodi ddeiseb ar gyfer y ddeiseb hon oherwydd bod gennydd drafnint pleidais bost mewn grym.
- Ni fyddwch yn gallu llofnodi'r ddeiseb mewn saith llofnodi
- Os nad ydych wedi cael aich taflen llofnodi drwv'r post erbyn [diwrnod] [dyddiad] [mis] fflonwch [flioawch rhy i'lielif gymorth].
Third page of petition notice

How to sign the petition / Sut i llofnodi'r ddieisb

1. When you receive your petition signing sheet and postal petition statement, read the
   instructions carefully.
2. If you choose to sign the petition then you must complete both of these forms and return them
   immediately.
3. We need to receive both these forms by [time] on [day/ final day for signing the petition].

1. Pan fyddwch yn cael eich taflen llofnodi deisb a'r datganiad deisb drwy'r post, darlenwch y
cyfanwyddiadau'n ofalus.
2. Os ydych yn dewis llofnodi'r ddieisb, rhaid i chi lenwi'r ddwy ffurfion a'u dychwelyd ar
   unwaith.
3. Mae angen inni gael y ddwy ffurfion erbyn [amser] ar [diwrnod / diwrnod olaf ar gyfer
   llofnodi'r ddieisb].

If you lose your petition signing sheet and / or postal petition statement, or make a mistake /
Os ydych yn colli 'ch taflen llofnodi deisb a / neu eich datganiad deisb drwy'r post, neu'n
gwneud camgymeriad

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal signing pack before [time] on [day/ date of
  deadline].
- Ffoniwch y llinell gymorth ar unwaith.
- Dim ond cyn [amser] ar [diwrnod / dyddiad cau] y gallwn arfon pacyn llofnodi drwy'r post
  arall atoch.

If you would rather sign the petition in person, or ask someone else to sign on your behalf, you must
cancel your postal vote before [time] on [day/ date of deadline]. For more information, please call
the helpline.

Os yw'n well gennych llofnodi'r deisb yn bersonol, neu ofynn i rywun arall ei llofnodi ar eich rhan,
rhad ichi garsio eich persiannod bost cyn [amser] ar [diwrnod / dyddiad cau]. I gael rhagor o
wybodaeth, ffoniwch y llinell gymorth.

If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below / Os ydych eisiau gwybodaeth mewn fformat arall, ffoniwch ein llinell gymorth iseod

If you need help to sign the petition, you can ask someone you know or you can get
independent help by calling our helpline / Os ydych eisiau cymorth i llofnodi'r deisb,
gallwch ofynn i rywun rydych yn eil adnabod neu gallwch gael cymorth annibynnol drwy
ffonio ein llinell gymorth:

(Petition Office to add contact details, including website / Y Swyddog Deileuau iychwanegu mwynion cyfrol, gan gymryd
y gyfrol.)
Final page of petition notice

It is an offence to / Mae’n drosedd:

- Sign the petition using a petition signing sheet that was not sent for your use or interfere with another person’s petition signing sheet.
- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.
- Llofnodi’r ddeisdeb gan ddefnyddio llaflen llofnodi ddeiseb na chafodd ei hanfon ar eich cyfar ei, neu ymyrryd â thafelen llofnodi ddeiseb rhywun arall.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fwy nag unwaith, oni bai eich bod yn llofnodi ar eich rhan eich hun ac fel diprwy ar ran rhywun arall.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fel diprwy ar ran mwy na dau o bobl oni bai eich bod yn briod, partner sifil, rhiant, nain neu daid, brawd neu chwaer, plentyn, âr neu wyraidd i’r ddynt.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fel diprwy ar ran rhywun y gwyddoch nad oes gendynt hawli i llofnodi’r ddeiseb yn ôl y gyfraith.

*IMPORTANT / PWYSIG -

If you choose to sign the petition your name will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the 'marked register' and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

*Delete if notice is sent to an anonymous elector

Os ydych yn dewis llofnodi’r ddeiseb bydd marc yn cael ei roi wrth eich enw ar y gofrestr a ddefnyddir i weinyddu’r ddeiseb. Y ‘gofrestr wedi’i marci’ yr hon ac maen nhw’n helpu i atal rhywun rho llofnodi dwywaith ac i ganfod twyll. Ar ôl cynhoedd caintydiad y ddeiseb, caiff unrhyw berson o’fn i’r swydddog deisbâu am gael gweld y gofrestr wedi’i marcio os yw’n amau bod twyll. Os yw’r swydddog deisbâu’n cytuno i’r cais hwn, bydd yr archwiliad yn digwydd dan oruchwyliaeth staff yr awdur dol ikei, a dim ond nodiadau mewn llawysgrifeni a ganiateir, i’w trosglwydio o bosib i’r heddlu allu ymchwilio i’r mater.

* Diwer am asfonir yr hysbyściad at etholwr diwyd

Yours sincerely / Yn gywir

Petition Officer / Swydddog Deisbâu
Form F Official petition notice for a proxy who may sign the petition in person

First page of petition notice

Your details / Eich manylion chi: [LOCAL AUTHORITY’S ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS / CYFIEIRIAD CYMHWYS]

_[PROXY’S NAME] AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS / ENW’R A CHYFIEIRIAD CYMHWYS_

# Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to an anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

# Y Swyddog Deisebau i hegory pan anfonir yr hysbysiad o ddeiseb i etholiw dmiw. Rhaid i hysbysiad i etholiw dmiw gael ei anfon mewn amnen wedi selo

NUMBER ON REGISTER / RHIF AR Y GOFRESTR: [DATE / DYDDIAU]

Dear [Proxy’s name / Enw’r dirprwy]

Proxy Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency]. [name of MP] / HYSBYSiad o Ddeiseb diryw Ddirprwy i cael gwared â’r AS dros [enw etholaeth]. [enw’r AS]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because our records show that *[the person named on the back of this notice] [another person]* has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition. However signing the petition is optional.

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

Ysgrifennaf aboch i roi’r gywbed ichi y bydd yna ddeiseb i benderfynu a ddwyai [enw’r AS], sef yr AS dros [etholaeth], golli ei sedd fel AS ac y dylid cynnau isetholiad i benderfynu pwy fydd yr AS dros yr etholaeth honno.

Rydych wedi cael yr hysbysiad hwn oherwydd bod ein cofnodion yn dangos bod *[y person a enwir ar gofr yr hysbysiad hwn] [person arall] wedi eich penodi chi yn ddirprwy i lofnodi ar ei ran yr y ddeiseb hon. Ond _mater o ddewis yw lofnodi ddeiseb._

*Os etholiw dmiw, hegorych y geniaw y y seferyddo gromfachau sgwir, os na, hegorych y geniaw y, yr a’i all o gromfachau sgwir.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/orderd] to be [imprisoned/detained] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]]*”**

*[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)*”**
Second page of petition notice

[125]

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.
Third page of petition notice

Your Official Signing Place / Eich Safie Llofnodi Swyddogol

[insert address / rhoch y cfeiriad]

When is the petition available to sign? / Pryd bydd y ddeiseb ar gael i w llofnodi?

Petition open between [insert dates and times] / Bydd y ddeiseb ar agor rhwng [rhoch ddyddiau ac amseroedd]

You can apply to sign the petition by post. More information can be found below. Gallwch wneud cais i llofnodi'r ddeiseb dwy'r post. Ceir rhagor o wybodaeth isod.

You should check with the person who has named you as their proxy whether or not they wish you to sign the petition on their behalf.

Dylech chi holîr sawl sydd wedi eich enwi yn ddipwr yddwnt a ydyn nhw'n dymuno i chi llofnodi'r ddeiseb ar eu ran a'i peidio.

This space for map of signing place / Map o'r safie llofnodi

If you need any help or to find out if your signing place is accessible, please contact us.

Os ydych angen cymorth neu eisiau gwybod a yw eich safie llofnodi yn hygyrch, ceisidiwch â ni.

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website if appropriate]

 Signing as a proxy / Llofnodi fel dipwrw

**[The person named below] [another person] has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition. / [Mae'r person a enwi'r isod] [person a/all] wedi eich penodi chi yn dipwrw / llofnodi ar ei ran yn y ddeiseb hon.]

**[You do not need to take this notice with you to sign the petition / Ni ddefnyddios byddwch chi i llofnodi'r ddeiseb. You must have this notice with you if you go to sign the petition / Phai chi fynd â'r hysbysiad hwn gyda chi os byddwch yn mynd i llofnodi'r ddeiseb. You cannot sign as a proxy without it / Ni allwch llofnodi fel dipwrw heb ddod.]**

**If sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector omit the words in each of the first set of brackets. If not omit the words in each of the second sets of brackets. / Os enwi'r dipwrw ethlon deme, hapgorech y geiliau ymdod un o'r arall o gyntaf o gofrwchau. Os na, hapgorech y geiliau ymdod un o'r arall o gofrwchau.
Fourth page of petition notice

For this petition you are the proxy for / Ar gyfer y ddeiseb hon chi yw'r dirprwy ar ran:

*[(Elector's name / Enw'r etholwr)]

*(Elector’s address / Cyfeirnod yr etholwr)*

*[(The person with this elector number. (Insert elector’s number on the register) / Y person sydd â’r rhif etholwr hwn. (Rhchwch rhif yr etholwr ar yr gorrestri)]

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets. / Os etholwr diwir, hepgonwch y genrau ym y set gynfal a gromfodwch. Os na, hepgonwch y genrau yn yr ail set o gromfachau."

The person you are proxy for can sign the petition themselves if they wish – but only if you have not already signed the petition on their behalf.

Gall y person yr ydych yn dddirprwy ar ei ran llofnodi’r ddeiseb eu hun os wy’n cymuno ond dim ond os nad ydych eisoes wedi llofnodi’r ddeiseb ar ei ran.

How to sign the petition as a proxy / Sut i llofnodi’r ddeiseb fei dirprwy:

1. *"[At the signing place, tell the staff that you are a proxy for the person named above. They will give you that person’s petition signing sheet. *"At the signing place, ask to speak to the petition clerk and show them this letter. They will give you the petition signing sheet for the person you are proxy for.*]"* If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

2. Read the content of the signing sheet and sign it in the box provided.

3. Fold the signing sheet and put it in the ballot box.

4. *"[Yn y safle llofnodi, dymawddech wrth y staff eich bod yn dddirprwy ar ran y person a egni. Byddwch yn cael tafen llofnodi deiseb y person hwnnw.] *[Yn y safle llofnodi, gafynnwch am gwaith i siorad gwydr drwy deiseb i a dangaen nhw y byddwch hwn i ddod. Byddwch yn cael tafen Ilofnodi deiseb y person yr ydych yn dddirprwy ar ei ran.] * Os etholwr diwir, hepgonwch y genrau ym y set gynfal a gromfodwch. Os na, hepgonwch y genrau yn yr ail set o gromfachau."

5. Darllenwch y dafen llofnodi a llofnodwch hi yn y bwch a ddarparwvd.

6. Plwynwch y dafen llofnodi a’r rhoi ym y bwch pleidleisia.

If you need any help, just ask the staff / Os ydych ein uniongyrchol, gafynnwch â’r staff.

If you are away or cannot go to the signing place / Os ydych i fferdd neu os na allwch fynd i’r safle llofnodi.

- You can apply to sign the petition by post. The deadline for completed applications is [time] on [day] [date of deadline].
- If you are given a petition signing sheet by post, you or the person you are proxy for will not be able to sign in person at this petition.
- To find out how to apply, please call us on [insert helpline number or other contact details].
Final page of petition notice

- Gallwch wreud cais i llofnodi ddeiseb drwy'r post. Y dyddied cau ar gyfer ceisiadau wedi'u llenwi yw [anser] ar [diwrnod] [dyddiad cau].
- Os ydych yn cael tafell llofnodi ddeiseb drwy'r post, ni fyddwch chi na'i person yr ydych yn ddirprwy ar ei ran yn gall llofnodi'n bersonol yr y ddeiseb hon.
- I gael gywodd sut i wreud cais, ffoniwch ni ar [rhowch rhif y llinell gymorth neu tanylion cyswyll erall].

It is an offence to / Mae’n drosedd:

- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.
- Llofnodi'r ddeiseb fwy nag unwaith, oni bai eich bod yn llofnodi ar eich rhan eich hun ac fel dirprwy ar ran rhywun arall.
- Llofnodi'r ddeiseb fel dirprwy ar ran mwy na dau o bobol oni bai eich bod yn b撬d, partner sifil, rhiant, hain neu cad, brwed neu chwaer, plentyn, wyr neu wyres iddant.
- Llofnodi'r ddeiseb fel dirprwy ar ran rhywun y gywodd nad oes ganddo hawl i llofnodi'r ddeiseb yn ôl y gyfraith.

*IMPORTANT / PWYSIG –

If you choose to sign the petition, the name of the person on whose behalf you have signed, will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the ‘marked register’ and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

Os ydych yn dewis llofnodi'r ddeiseb bydd marc yn cael ei roi wrth eich enw ar y gofrest a deesnwydd ar weinyddu'r ddeiseb. Y 'gofrest wedi'i marcio' yr hon ac mae'n helpu i atal rhywun rhag llofnodi ddwywaith ac i ganfod twyll. Ar ôl cyhoeddû canlyniad y ddeiseb, califf unrhyw barson ofn i'r swyddog ddeisebau am gael gweld y gofrest wedi'i marcio os yw'n amau bod twyll. Os yw'r swyddog ddeisebau'n cytrun i'r cais hwn, bydd yr archwiliad yn dgywodd dan oruchwyliaeth staff yr awdurodod lleol, a dim ond nodiadau mewn llawysgrifen a ganateir, i'w trosglwyddo o bosibl i'r heddlu alu ymchwil i'r mater.

* deletion if notice is sent to an anonymous sector

Yours sincerely / Yn gywir

Petition Officer / Swyddog Deisabau
Form G Official petition notice for a proxy who may sign the petition by post

First page of petition notice

Your details / Eich manylion chi: [LOCAL AUTHORITY'S ADDRESS AND CONTACT]
AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS / [ENWR DETAILS / CYFEIRIAD CYMWS]
DIRPRWY A CHYFEIRIAD CYMWS]
# Petitions Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to an anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

# Y Strydlog Deisebau i hepgor pan antfon yr hysbysiad o ddeiseb i etholaeth diwyd. Rhaid i hysbysiad i etholaeth diwyd gaell ei antfon mewn amfen wedi selo

Number on register / Rhif ar y gofrestr: [DATE / DYDDIAD]

Dear / Annwyl [Proxy’s name / Enw’r dirpwy]

Proxy Postal Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP] / Hysbysiad o Ddeiseb i Ddirprwy drwy'r Post i gael gwared a’r AS dros [Enw’r etholaeth, [enw’r AS]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because our records show that '[the person named on the back of this notice] [another person] has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition and you have a postal vote arrangement in force.

However signing the petition is optional.

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

Yafgrifennaf i roi gyweddichi: y byd chi yna ddeiseb i benderyfynu a ddyliai [enw’r AS], saf yr AS dros [etholaeth], goll ei oedd fel AS ac y ddyli cynnal iaetholiad i benderyfynu prywyd yr AS dros yr etholaeth hwnnw.

Rydych wedi cael yr hysbysiad hwn oherwydd bod ein cofnodion yn dangos bod 'y person a enwir ar gefn yr hysbysiad hwn' [person arall] wedi eich penod chi yn ddirprwy i ffonodi ar eu rhan ym yr ddeiseb hon ac mae gennych drefniadau pleidleis bost mewn gryn. Ond mae r o ddewis yr llofnodi’r ddeiseb.

*Os etholaeth diwyd. Hepparonch y geniaw ym y setgyfan’r gornychach agwir, os na, hepparonch y geniaw ym yr ei set o gornychach agwir.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for[given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]*]'

[[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/ fined] for[given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)*]]*
Second page of petition notice

[(suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs)]**
**Petition Officer to complete as appropriate


[(wedie ei golliannu am drosedd dan adran 10 o Ddeeth Sefonau Seneddol 2009 ac wedi cael ei [ddeddfryd/orchymyn] i gael ei [garcharu/gadw/diddnydd] am wedi cael deddf y ddodfryd ohriyd ag [hyd y ddeddfryd]]**

[(wedie ei atal dros dro rhag bod yn aslod o Dŷ'r Cyffredin am gyfnod o [afiler y dwmdeu] am dorni cod ymddygiad ASau]]**
**Y Swyddog Deisebau i Llencwyl sy'n brofiol
** Y Swyddog Deisebau i Ddechreu am援助au amrethrnasol

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.

Os bydd o leiaf 10% o bobl gymwys yng y etholaeth yn llofnodi'r ddeiseb, fe fydd [envyr AS] yn colli ei sedd yn Nhŷ'r Cyffredin ac chynhelir iatholiad. Ni fydd colli ei sedd yn atal [envyr AS] thag sefyll yn yr iatholiad hwn.

Os byddi lla na 10% o bobl gymwys yng y etholaeth yn llofnodi'r ddeiseb, ni fydd [envyr AS] AS yn colli ei sedd ac felly ni chynhelir iatholiad.

For this petition you are the proxy for / Ar gyfer y ddeiseb hon chi yw’r dirprwy ar ran:

*[Elector’s name / Envyr etholwr]
[Elector’s address / Cyferiad yr etholwr]
[Elector’s number on the register / Rhif yr etholwr ar y gorrestri]

[TThe person with this elector number. (Insert elector’s number on the register) / Y person sydd â’r rhif etholwr hwn (Rhowchw rif yr etholwr ar y gorrestri)].

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets / Os etholwr ddefn, hepgornych y geni yw y set gyntaf o gromféachau sgwâr. Os na, hepgornych y geni yw yr ail set o gromféachau sgwâr.
Third page of petition notice

Your postal signing pack / Eich pecyn llofnodi drwy'r post

- You will receive a petition signing sheet for this petition because you have postal vote arrangement in force.
- You will not be able to sign the petition in a signing place.
- If you have not received your postal signing sheet by [day] [date] [month] call [insert helpline number].

- Byddwch yn cael taflen llofnodi deiseb ar gyfer y deiseb hon ohenwydd fod gennych drefniad pleidiaid bost mewn gymr.
- Ni fyddwch yn gallu llofnodi'r deiseb mewn sylw llofnodi.
- Os nad ydych wedi cael eich taflen llofnodi dwy'r post erbyn [diwrnod] [dyddiad] [mis] ffoniwch [rhwith nhif y llinell gymorth].

How to sign the petition / Sut i llofnodi'r deiseb

1. When you receive your petition signing sheet and postal petition statement, read the instructions carefully.
2. If you choose to sign the petition then you must complete both of these forms and return them immediately.
3. We need to receive both these forms by [time] on [day/ final day for signing the petition].

   1. Pan fyddwch yn cael eich taflen llofnodi deiseb a'r datganiad deiseb dwy'r post, darllenwch y cyfarwyddiadau'n olafus.
   2. Os ydych yn dewis i lhonodi'r deiseb, rhaid i chi lenwi'r dwy flurfelen a'u dychwelyd ar unwaith.
   3. Mae arferinni gael y dwy flurfelen erbyn [amser] ar [diwrnod/ diwrnod olaif ar gyfer llofnodi'r deiseb].

If you lose your petition signing sheet and/or postal petition statement, or make a mistake / Os ydych yn colli/ech taflen llofnodi deiseb a/neu eich datganiad deiseb dwy'r post, neu'n gエヌサウドカムギュメリッド

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal signing pack before [time] on [day/ date of deadline].
- Ffoniwch y llinell gymorth ar unwaith.
- Dim ond cyn [amser] ar [diwrnod/ dyddiad cau] y gaitiwn anfon pecyn llofnodi dwy'r post arall atoch.

If you would rather sign the petition in person, or ask someone else to sign on your behalf, you must cancel your postal vote before [time] on [day/ date of deadline]. For more information, please call the helpline.

Os yw'n well gennych llofnodi'r deiseb yn hersonol, neu ofyn i rywun arall ei lhonodi ar eich rhan, rhaid i chi ganol eich pleidiaid host cyn [amser] ar [diwrnod/ dyddiad cau]. I gael rhagor o wybodaeth, ffoniwch y llinell gymorth.
Fourth page of petition notice:

**Information — signing the petition / Gwybodaeth — llunio’r ddeiseb**

We will send your petition signing sheet around / Byddwn yn antor eich tafel llofnodi desebs tua [day / diwedd] [date / dyddiad] [month / mis] [year / bywyd] **[addressed to / cyfeirio at]:**

*** Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector. Notice to proxy of an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope / Y Sryddog Deisbodau i hegliau pan fyddai o ddeiseb ym caneu ei anioni ddiwydiant ohono. Rhedwch i ddiwydiant ohono gael ei anioni mewn anioni wedi seto.

You should check with the person who has named you as their proxy whether or not they wish you to sign the petition on their behalf.

Dylech chi holir sawl sydd wedi eich enwi yn ddiwydiant a ydym nhw’n dymuno i chi llofnodi’r ddeiseb ar eu rhan a peidio.

---

**If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below / Os ydych angen gwybodaeth mewn ffurad arall, ffoniwch ein llunio’r gymorth isod:**

If you need help to sign the petition, you can ask someone you know or you can get independent help by calling our helpline / Os ydych ei siasu cynorth i llofnodi’r ddeiseb, gallwch ofyn i nhw’n rydych yn ei adnabod neu gallwch gael cynorth annibynnol drwy ffoniwch ein llunio’r gymorth:

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website / Y Sryddog Deisbodau i chweinig tu allan, gan gymryd gweithiau]

---

**It is an offence to / Mae’n drosedd:**

- Sign the petition using a petition signing sheet that was not sent for your use or interfere with another person’s petition signing sheet.
- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb gan dddefnyddio taflen llofnodi desebs na chafodd ei hanfon ar eich cyfer chi, neu ymrynodd á thafel llofnodi’r desebs rhwyyn arall.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fwy nag uwchfed, oni bai eich bod yn llofnodi ar eich rhan eich hun ac fel ddirprwy ar ran rhwyyn arall.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fel ddirprwy ar ran mwy na dau o bobl oni bai eich bod yn bried, partnir oifil, rhiant, nain neu daid, breudd neu chwaer, plentyn, yr yr neu wyres iodynt.
- Llofnodi’r ddeiseb fel ddirprwy ar ran rhwyyn y gywddoch nad oes ganddynt hawl i llofnodi’r ddeiseb ym ol y gyfraith.
Final page of petition notice

*IMPORTANT / PWYSIG –

if you choose to sign the petition, the name of the person on whose behalf you have signed, will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the ‘marked register’ and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

*delete if notice is sent to an anonymous ector

os ydych yn dewis llofnodi’r deiseb bydd marc yn cael ei roi wrth eich enw ar y gofrestr a ddefnyddir i weinyddu’r deiseb. Y gofrestr wedi’i marcio’ yw hon ac mae’n helpu i afal rhwy mun hlofnodi ddwywaith ac i ganfod twyll. Ar ôl cynhoedd cyntyniad y deiseb, caiff unrhyw berson ofyn i’r swyddog deisebau am gael gweid y gofrestr wedi’i marcio os yw’n amau bod twyll. Os yw’r swyddog deisebau’n cytuno i’r cais hwn, bydd yr archwiliad yn digwydd dan oruchwiliaeth staff yr awduriod llleo, a cim ond nodiadau mewn llawysgrifen a ganiatir, i’w trosgliwyddo o bosibl i’r heddiw allu ymchwilio i’r mater.  

* ddeir o’r enwocir yr hysbysad ef eithofir dreuw

Yours sincerely / Yn gywir

Petition Officer / Swyddog Deisebau
Form H Guidance for persons signing the petition

How to sign the petition
Sut i llofnodi’r ddeiseb

Go to the desk and tell the staff your name and address.
They will give you a petition signing sheet.

1

Ewch at y ddsg a dweud wrth y staff beth yr eich enw a’ch cyfeiriad.
Byddwch yn cael taflen llofnodi’r ddeiseb ganddynt.

Read the signing sheet and sign it in the box provided.

2

Darllenwch y daflen llofnodi, a’i llofnodi yn y blwch.

When you have signed your signing sheet, fold it.

3

Ar ôl llofnodi’r daflen llofnodi, plygwch hi.

Put your folded signing sheet into the ballot box.

4

Rhowch y daflen llofnodi wedi’i phlygu yn y bocs pleidiesio.

If you make a mistake or need some help, just ask the staff.

Os ydych yn gwneud camgymru ad neu os ydych eisiau cymorth, gofynnwch i’r staff.
**Tystysgrif Cyflogaeth**

**Deiseb i gael gwared âr AS dros [enw'r etholaeth]. [enw'r AS]**

Cyhyd lofnodi’r deiseb [diwrnod] [dyddiad] [mis] [blwyddyn] ar [diwrnod] [dyddiad] [mis] [blwyddyn]

**Etholaeth: [enw'r etholaeth]**

Mae gan y sawl a enwir i ood hawl i lofnodi’r deiseb yn unrhyw le ym adal y deiseb uchod co yw’n dangos ac ynillo’r dynastygrif hon i’r Swyddog Deisebau neu staff y safle lofnodi.

Rwy’n cadarnhau nad oes disgwyl yn rhoesymol i ______________ (enw’r etholwr), sydd â’r rhif* _______________ yn y gofresir etholiadol ar gyfer artal y deiseb a enwir uchod, fynd yn bersconli i’r safle lofnodi periodol oherwydd ei gyflogaeth ar y dyddiau sy’n wedi’i addoli ar gyfer lofnodi’r deiseb.

- fel owsbati**
- fel Swyddog Cymorth Cymunedol yr Heddlu**
- gennyf fi (dim ond yn gymwys i staff y Swyddog Deisebau)**

Llofnod _________________________________ Swyddog Deisebau/Swyddog yr Heddlu (Arwyngdd neu uwch)**

Dyddiad ________________________________

* Mae rhif yr etholwr i’w gael ar lythyr hysbysiad o ddeiseb a anfonwyd pan gafodd y deiseb ei chyhoeddwi, neu gellir ei wiro drwy gysylltu â’r Swyddog Coefrestru Etholiadol.

**Dylai’r sawl sy’n llenwi’r ffurfio ddei’r hyn sy’n amhefnasol.
Form J Proxy paper
Front of proxy paper

Proxy Paper / Papur Dirpywy

Petition to Remove the MP for (name of constituency), (name of MP)

Deisef fyeu gwerth fawr Amerch y Etholaeth yn (ewr etholaeth)

Constituency / Etholaeth

Name of Proxy / Enwr Dirpywy

Address of Proxy / Cyfeiriad y Dirpywy

You have been appointed as proxy for / Rydyd wedi ei eich penodîn ddigwy we ar ran

_________________ (Elector name / Enwr eholer)

*Who is qualified to be registered at / sy’n gymwys i gael ei gorfrestru yr:

_________________ (Qualifying address / Cyfeiriad cymwys)

*Who qualifies as an overseas elector in respect of the above constituency / sy’n gymwys iel eholer trawm mewn perthnas â’r etholaeth uchod

to sign for them at this petition / i lofnodi ar eu ran yr adeisb hon.

**[This proxy appointment is not valid until / hi ddwy’r dirpywy wedi ei benodi’n ddiwys tan----------]

**[This proxy appointment remains valid until / Mae’r dirpywy wedi ei benodi’n ddiwys tan----------]

Signature / Llifnodi _________________________________ (Petition Officer / Swyddog Deisebau)

Address / Cyfeiriad _________________________________

Date / Ydiddiad _________________________________

* Enter as appropriate / Ysgrifennwch beth sy’n bobil

** Delete whichever is inappropriate / Blytr diewi’r hyn sy’n amserthnasol

1. This proxy paper gives you the right to sign the petition as a proxy for the elector named above. However, you may not sign the petition as proxy at the same petition for more than two electors of whom you are not the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.

Mae’r paper dirpywy hon yn rhoi hawli i chi lofnodi dr adeisb fel dirpywy ar ran yr etholer a enwr uchod. Ond, ni allwch lofnodi dr adeisb fel dirpywy yr yr yr adeisb ar ran nhw na dau etholer os rad rydde yr bobil, partner sifil, rhiant, nain neu dail, brawd neu chwarter, plentyn, sy’r neu wynei iddymt.

2. Your appointment as a proxy may be for a particular petition only, or it may be for a definite or indefinite period.

If it is for a particular petition, you may have the right to sign the petition as proxy only at the petition specified in the proxy paper.

If it is for an indefinite period, you have in general the right to sign the petition at any petition held in the constituency, until you are informed to the contrary.

If it is for a definite period, your right to sign the petition as proxy expires on the date stated on the form.
Back of proxy paper

Gellir eich peradl’n ddiprwy ar gyfer un ddeiseb berodol yn unig, neu gall fod am gyfnod penodol neu amhenodol.

Os ar gyfer ddeiseb berodol, gallwch gael yr hawl i lônîddi’r ddeiseb fel diprwy yn y ddeiseb yr oedd y ddeiseb a bennir by y papur diprwy yn unig.

Os am gyfnod amhenodol, mae gennych yr hawl yn gyffredinol i lônîddi’r ddeiseb yr oedd yr ddeiseb yn unhyw ddeiseb a gynhnil yr yr etholaeth, hyd nes y cewch wybod fel arall.

Os am gyfnod penodol, bydd eich hawl i lônîddi’r ddeiseb fel diprwy yn dod i ben ar y dyddiad ar y ffurfian.

3. You may sign the petition as proxy at the signing place allotted to the elector on whose behalf you are appointed. Shortly before the petition opens you will be sent a proxy petition notice telling you where the signing place is. You do not need to take either the petition notice or this proxy paper to the signing place but you may find it helpful to do so.

Gallwch lônîddi’r ddeiseb fel diprwy yn y sall lur lônîddi’r ddevisiwyd i’r etholaeth yr ydych wedi ei berodol ar ei ran. Yn fuan cyn i’r ddeiseb a agor byddwch yr nael hysbiad o ddeiseb drwy ddiprwy i roi gwybod ichi ble mae’r sall lur lônîddi. Nid oes rai i chi lywad i’r hysbiad o ddeiseb na’r papur diprwy hwm gyda chi i’r sall lur lônîddi ond safalai y byddai’n ddod i gydol allach chi’n gwneud.

4. If you cannot sign the petition in person at the signing place, you should consult the petition officer about your right to sign it by post.

Os na allwch lônîddi’r ddeiseb yr bersonol yn y sall lur lônîddi, dylech cofyn i’r swyddog ddeisebau am eich hawl i’w lônîddi drwy’r post.
Back of statement

Instructions for signing the petition by post / Cyfarwyddiadau ar gyfer llofnodi deiseb dwyr y post

Please read through carefully / Darllenwch y cyfarwyddiadau’n ofalus. If you need help, please call us on / Os oes angen cymorth arnoch, ffoniwch ni ar [insert helpline number].

1. If you choose to sign the petition for your MP to be removed you must complete and return both the petition signing sheet and this statement.
2. This statement is used to check you are, who you say you are, and your petition signing sheet will be included in the petition count.
3. Make sure you have filled in both the signature box and date of birth on this statement.
4. Do not mark the signing sheet in any other way or your support of the petition may not count.
5. We must get your signing sheet and this statement by [time] on [day] [date of final signing day]. If you miss the post, you can hand it in at our office or at any petition signing place in the electoral area before [time] on [day] [date of final signing day].
6. After receiving your signing sheet, you cannot sign the petition in person at a petition signing place.

Getting Help / Cael Cymorth

- If you need help to sign the petition, you can get independent help by calling the helpline on [insert number].
- Please call the helpline if you require copies of this form or guidance in Braille or languages other than English.
- If you make a mistake, or lose your signing sheet or this statement, you can obtain a replacement. Call us immediately as we can only issue a replacement before [time] on [day] [date] [date] [month]. If you apply after [time] on [day] before final signing day we can only issue a replacement if you return this signing pack by hand.
- Electoral fraud is a crime / Mae twyll atholiadol yn crysedd.

It is an offence to sign the petition more than once unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person / Mae’n drosedd llofnodi’r deiseb hwy nag unwaith oni bai eich bod yn llofnodi ar eich than eich hun ac fel dirprwy ar ran rhywun arall.

The Petition Officer issued this statement / Cyhoeddiwyd y datganiad hwn gan y Swyddog Deisebau
### Statement as to Postal Petition Signing Sheets, Proxies and Additional Data

**Recall of MPs Act 2015 / Deddfa Galw Aelodau Seneddol Yn Ól 2015**

Constituency: Etholaeth: ____________________________

Petition Signing Period/Cyfnod Llofnodi Diseb: from / o ____________________________

  to / hyd at ____________________________

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs cancelled as spoiled 5 hours before the petition closed on the final signing day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs returned as undeliverable by the seventh calendar day after the petition closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Total number of postal signing packs not returned (including empty envelopes and any signing packs received more than seven calendar days after the petition closed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs received between the close of the petition and the seventh calendar day thereafter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Total of C1-C8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Checks on personal identifiers

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements checked against the personal identifier record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements where required personal identifiers were verified as valid</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Number / Nil

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3a</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected because there was no signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3b</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected because there was no date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3c</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected because there was no signature and no date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4a</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected due to a mismatched signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4b</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected due to a mismatched date of birth</td>
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Final page of statement

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements <strong>not</strong> checked against the personal identifier record and accepted</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Nifer y datganisedau deseb dwy'r post a shatood eu gwirio yn ymchwil meryllon personol a'u derbyn</td>
<td></td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td><strong>Total checks on personal identifiers</strong> (i.e. Total of D2-D6 and total should equal D1 and C1)</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td><strong>Cytanswm gwirio meryllon personol</strong> (h.y. Cytanswm C2-D5 a dyia’r cytanswm fod yr un peth â D1 ac C1)</td>
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<th>Number /</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>Summary of postal signing packs</td>
<td>Nifer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs rejected due to missing petition signing sheet or postal petition statement</td>
<td>Number /</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Nifer y pecynau llofnodi dwy’r post a wreiddiodd bod y datlen llofnodi deseb neu’r catganisedau deseb dwy’r post ar goll</td>
<td>Nifer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Number of postal petition statements rejected due to absence or inaccuracy of personal identifiers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Nifer y datganisedau deseb dwy’r post a wreiddiodd bod y meryllon personol ar goll neu’r datlen yn cyfarth</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Number of postal petition signing sheets sent to the count</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Nifer y tafernî llofnodi deseb dwy’r post a arfonedd i’r cyfarth</td>
<td></td>
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<th>Number /</th>
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<td><strong>Proxies</strong></td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Number of standard proxies appointed</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nifer y dîrprwyon ar fon â benodwyd</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Number of emergency proxies appointed</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Nifer y dîrprwyon â hen â benodwyd</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Number of postal proxies appointed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Nifer y dîrprwyon dwy’r post â benodwyd</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Total number of proxies issued (i.e. Total of F1 to F3)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td><strong>Cytanswm nifer y dîrprwyon a gyhoeddwyd</strong> (h.y. Cytanswm F1 i F3)</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Signature / Llofnod:</td>
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<td>Authority / Awdurdod:</td>
<td>Petition Officer / Swyddsg</td>
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PART 3
Northern Ireland

Form D Official petition notice for an elector who may sign the petition in person

First page of petition notice

Your details: [ELECTOR’S NAME AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS] [ELECTORAL OFFICE FOR NORTHERN IRELAND ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS]

Number on register: [DATE]

Dear [Elector’s name]

Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because your name is on the electoral register, however signing the petition is optional.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]***

[[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)***

[[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs]***

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.

What to do if you wish to sign the petition

You do not need to take this notice with you in order to sign the petition but it will save you time if you do.
Second page of petition notice

Your Official Signing Place:

[insert address]

When is the petition available to sign?

Petition open between [insert dates and times]

You can apply to sign the petition by post or you can appoint someone else to sign it for you. More information can be found below.

This space for map of signing place

If you need any help, require information in another format or to find out if your signing place is accessible, please contact us.

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website if appropriate]

Remember that you will not be able to sign the petition unless you show one of the following forms of photographic evidence:

- A UK, Irish or EEA driving licence
- An Electoral Identity Card
- A Translink 60+ SmartPass
- A Translink Blind Person’s Smart Pass
- A UK or Irish Passport
- A Translink Senior SmartPass
- A Translink War Disabled SmartPass

Other ways to sign the petition

You can apply to sign the petition by post.

Completed applications must reach us by [time] on [day] [date of deadline].

If you choose to sign by post you will not be able to sign the petition in person at your signing place.

You can apply to sign by proxy (this means someone else can sign on your behalf in person or by post).

Completed applications must reach us before [time] on [day] [date of deadline]. If you appoint a proxy you can sign the petition if you wish, but only if your proxy has not already signed it on your behalf at the signing place and has not applied for a proxy postal signing sheet.

Contact us if you wish to apply to sign the petition by post or proxy.
Final page of petition notice

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.

IMPORTANT - if you choose to sign the petition your name will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the 'marked register' and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

Yours sincerely

Petition Officer
Form E Official petition notice for an elector who may sign the petition by post

First page of petition notice

Your details:
[ELCTOR'S NAME] [ELECTORAL OFFICE]
AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS] FOR NORTHERN
EGERM Address) AND CONTACT

Petition Officer to order where notice of petition sent to an
anonymous elector. Notice to an anonymous elector must
be delivered in a sealed envelope

Number on register: [DATE]

Dear [Elector's name]

Postal Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for
[name of constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who
will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because your name is on the electoral register and you
have a postal vote arrangement in force, however signing the petition is optional

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and
has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for/given a suspended sentence of
[length of sentence]**

[Convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been
[sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of
sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)*
]

*Suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the
code of conduct for MPs**

Petition Officer to complete as appropriate

Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose
[his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat
does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not
lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.

Information - signing the petition

We will send your petition signing sheet around [day] [date] [months] [year] to [addressed to]:

* [Elector's name and qualifying address here]
Second page of petition notice

Your postal signing pack

- You will receive a petition signing sheet for this petition because you have a postal vote arrangement in force.
- You will not be able to sign the petition at a signing place.
- If you have not received your postal signing sheet by [day][date][month] call [insert helpline number].

How to sign the petition

1. When you receive your petition signing sheet, read the instructions carefully.
2. You will also be sent a Declaration of Identity.
3. If you choose to sign the petition then you must complete both of these forms and return them immediately.
4. We need to receive both these forms by [time] on [day/ final day for signing the petition].

If you lose your petition signing sheet and/or declaration of identity, or make a mistake:

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal signing pack before [time] on [day/ date of deadline].

If you would rather sign the petition in person, or ask someone else to sign on your behalf, you must cancel your postal vote before [time] on [day/ date of deadline]. For more information, please call the helpline.

*Note that if you have an anonymous entry on the register you will not be able to sign in person but you can ask someone else to sign by post on your behalf.
*Petition Officer only to include on postal petition notice sent to an anonymous elector

If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below.

If you need help to sign the petition, you can ask someone you know or you can get independent help by calling our helpline:

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website]

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition using a petition signing sheet that was not sent for your use or interfere with another person’s petition signing sheet.
- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.
Final page of petition notice

* IMPORTANT - if you choose to sign the petition your name will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the 'marked register' and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

* delete if notice is sent to an anonymous elector

Yours sincerely

Petition Officer
Form F Official petition notice for a proxy who may sign the petition in person

First page of petition notice

Your details: [PROXY’S NAME AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS] [ELECTORAL OFFICE FOR NORTHERN IRELAND ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS]

Number on register: [DATE]

Dear [Proxy’s name]

Proxy Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because our records show that the person named on the back of this notice has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition. However signing the petition is optional.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence]”]”]

[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for/given a suspended sentence of [length of sentence/level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)”]”]

[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs]”]

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP] standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.
Second page of petition notice

What to do if you wish to sign the petition

You should check with the person who has named you as their proxy whether or not they wish you to sign the petition on their behalf.

You do not need to take this notice with you in order to sign the petition but it will save you time.

Your Official Signing Place:
[insert address]

When is the petition available to sign?
Petition open between [insert dates and times]

You can apply to sign the petition by post. More information can be found below.

Remember that you will not be able to sign the petition unless you show one of the following forms of photographic evidence:

- A UK, Irish or EEA driving licence
- An Electoral Identity Card
- A Translink 60+ SmartPass
- A Translink Blind Person's Smart Pass
- A UK or Irish Passport
- A Translink Senior SmartPass
- A Translink War Disabled SmartPass

For this petition you are the proxy for:
[Elector's name]
[Elector's address]
[Elector's number on the register]

The person you are proxy for can sign the petition themselves if they wish – but only if you have not already signed the petition on their behalf.
Final page of petition notice

How to sign the petition as a proxy:

1. At the signing place, tell the staff that you are a proxy for the person named above.
2. Show an accepted form of identification for yourself.
3. They will give you that person's petition signing sheet.
4. Read the content of the signing sheet and sign it in the box provided.
5. Fold the signing sheet and put it in the ballot box.

If you need any help, just ask the staff.

If you are away or cannot go to the signing place:

- You can apply to sign the petition by post. The deadline for completed applications is [time] on [day] [date of deadline].
- If you are given a petition signing sheet by post, you or the person you are proxy for will not be able to sign in person at this petition.
- To find out how to apply, please call us on [insert helpline number or other contact details].

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.

"IMPORTANT - if you choose to sign the petition, the name of the person on whose behalf you have signed, will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the ‘marked register’ and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.

Yours sincerely

Petition Officer
Form G Official petition notice for a proxy who may sign the petition by post

First page of petition notice

Your details: [PROXY’S NAME] [ELECTORAL OFFICE]
AND QUALIFYING ADDRESS] FOR NORTHERN
AND [IRISH ADDRESS] AND CONTACT
anonymous elector. Notice to the proxy of an anonymous elector must
be delivered in a sealed envelope

Details: [DATE]

Dear [Proxy’s name]

Proxy Postal Notice of Petition to remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]

I am writing to inform you that there will be a petition to decide whether [name of MP], the MP for [constituency] should lose [his/her] seat as an MP and a by-election should be held to decide who will be the MP for that constituency.

You have been sent this notice because our records show that [the person named on the back of this notice] [another person] has appointed you as a proxy to sign on their behalf at this petition and you have a postal vote arrangement in force.

However signing the petition is optional.

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

The petition has been started because [name of MP] MP has been [convicted of the [offence] and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained] for [length of sentence]* [if]

[[convicted of an offence under section 10 of the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009 and has been [sentenced/ordered] to be [imprisoned/detained/fined] for [length of sentence]/[level of fine] (offence of providing false or misleading information for allowances claims)*]

[[suspended from sitting in the House of Commons for a period of [number of days] for breaching the code of conduct for MPs.]*]**

*Petition Officer to complete as appropriate
**Petition Officer to delete the conditions which do not apply

If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] will lose [his/her] seat in the House of Commons and a by-election will be held. The loss of [his/her] seat does not prevent [name of MP]* standing in this by-election.

If less than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [name of MP] MP will not lose [his/her] seat and therefore no by-election will be held.
Second page of petition notice

For this petition you are the proxy for:

*[Electors name]*
*(Electors address)*
*(Electors number on the register)*
*[The person with this elector number. (Insert elector's number on the register)]*

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.*

Your postal signing pack

- You will receive a petition signing sheet for this petition because you have postal vote arrangement in force.
- You will not be able to sign the petition as proxy in a signing place.
- If you have not received your postal signing sheet by [day][date][month] call [insert helpline number].

How to sign the petition

1. When you receive your petition signing sheet, read the instruction carefully.
2. You will also be sent a Declaration of Identity.
3. If you choose to sign the petition then you must complete both of these forms and return them immediately.
4. We need to receive both these forms by [time] on [day/ final day for signing the petition].

If you lose your petition signing sheet and / or declaration of identity, or make a mistake:

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal signing pack before [time] on [day/ date of deadline].

If you would rather sign the petition in person, or ask someone else to sign on your behalf, you must cancel your postal vote before [time] on [day/ date of deadline]. For more information, please call the helpline.

Information – signing the petition

We will send your petition signing sheet around [day][date][month][year] ***(addressed to):***

***(Petition Officer to omit where notice of petition sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector. Notice to proxy of an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope.**

You should check with the person who has named you as their proxy whether or not they wish you to sign the petition on their behalf.
Final page of petition notice

If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below.

If you need help to sign the petition, you can ask someone you know or you can get independent help by calling our helpline:

[Petition Officer to add contact details including website]

It is an offence to:

- Sign the petition using a petition signing sheet that was not sent for your use or interfere with another person’s petition signing sheet.
- Sign the petition more than once, unless you are signing on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
- Sign the petition as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to sign the petition.

*IMPORTANT - If you choose to sign the petition, the name of the person on whose behalf you have signed, will be marked on the register used to administer the petition. This is known as the ‘marked register’ and helps to prevent someone from signing twice and to detect fraud. After the result of the petition is announced, any person may apply to the petition officer to inspect the marked register if they suspect fraud. If the petition officer agrees to this request then the inspection will take place under the supervision of local authority staff and the person can only make handwritten notes, which they may pass to the police for investigation.*

Yours Sincerely

Petition Officer
Form H Guidance for persons signing the petition

How to sign the petition

1. Go to the desk and tell the staff your name and address and show your accepted form of photographic identification.
   They will give you a petition signing sheet.

2. Read the signing sheet and sign it in the box provided.

3. When you have signed your signing sheet, fold it.

4. Put your folded signing sheet into the ballot box.

"If you make a mistake or need some help, just ask the staff."
**Certificate of Employment**

**Petition to Remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]**

Petition signing period [day] [date] [month] [year] to [day] [date] [month] [year]

Constituency: [name of constituency]

The person named below is entitled to sign the petition at any signing place in the above petition area or production and surrender of this certificate to the Petition Officer or signing place staff.

I certify that ___________________________ (name of elector) who is numbered ___________________________ in the register of electors for the petition area named above, cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to the signing place allotted to them by reason of his/her employment on the remaining dates that the petition is available for signing.

— as a constable**
— by me (Only applies to Petition Officer’s staff) **

Signature ___________________________ Petition Officer/Police Officer (Chief Inspector or above)**

Date ______________

**Person completing the form to delete whichever does not apply.**
Form J Proxy paper

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proxy Paper</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petition to Remove the MP for [name of constituency], [name of MP]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Constitutey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Name of Proxy</td>
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<tr>
<td>Address of Proxy</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

You have been appointed as proxy for:
________________________________________ (Elector name)

who is qualified to be registered at:
________________________________________ (Qualifying address)

to sign for them at this petition.

Signature__________________________ (Petition Officer)

Date______________________________

1. This proxy paper gives you the right to sign the petition as a proxy for the elector named above.
2. You may not sign the petition as proxy at the same petition for more than two electors, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild.
3. You may sign the petition as proxy at the signing place allotted to the elector on whose behalf you are appointed. Shortly before the petition opens you will be sent a proxy petition notice telling you where the signing place is. You do not need to take either the petition notice or this paper with you to sign the petition but it will save time if you do take the petition notice with you.
4. If you cannot sign the petition in person at the signing place, contact the helpline or visit our website.
5. If you have been appointed as a proxy on behalf of an elector who has an anonymous entry in the register, you can only sign the petition by post. If you have not already been granted a postal signing arrangement, you should contact the petition officer.

[Insert helpline and other details including website]
**Form L Statement as to postal petition signing sheets, proxies and additional data**

**First page of statement**

**STATEMENT AS TO POSTAL PETITION SIGNING SHEETS, PROXIES AND ADDITIONAL DATA**

**RECALL OF MPs ACT 2015**

**RECALL PETITION**

Constituency: __________________________

Petition Signing Period: from ___________ to ___________

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>A</strong></td>
<td><strong>Issue of postal signing packs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total number of original postal signing packs issued</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs replaced due to the original pack being lost (or not received)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs replaced due to the original being spoiled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs replaced due to the elector requesting the pack to be sent to a different address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Total number of postal signing packs issued (i.e. Total of A1 to A4)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>B</strong></td>
<td><strong>Receipt of postal signing packs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Number of complete postal signing packs received by the close of the petition (excluding those returned in B3-B6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity received by close of petition <strong>without</strong> the corresponding petition signing sheet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>Number of petition signing sheets received by close of petition <strong>without</strong> the corresponding declaration of identity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs cancelled on request of elector by 5pm on the eleventh working day before the final day of the petition signing period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs cancelled as lost by 5pm on the day before the final signing day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs cancelled as spoiled by 5pm on the day before the final signing day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs returned as undeliverable by the seventh calendar day after the petition closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Number of postal signing packs received between the close of the petition and the seventh calendar day thereafter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Total number of postal signing packs not returned (including empty envelopes and any signing packs received more than seven calendar days after the petition closed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Total postal signing packs (i.e. Total of B1-B8)</td>
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<td><strong>C</strong></td>
<td><strong>Checks on personal identifiers</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity checked against the personal identifier record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity where required personal identifiers were verified as valid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3a</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity rejected because there was no signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3b</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity rejected because there was no date of birth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Final page of statement

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3c</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity rejected because there was no signature and no date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4a</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity rejected due to a mismatched signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4b</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity rejected due to a mismatched date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4c</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity rejected due to a mismatch of both identifiers</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Number of declarations of identity not checked against the personal identifier record and accepted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td><strong>Total checks on personal identifiers</strong> (i.e. Total of C2-C5 and total should equal B1 and C1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### D Summary of postal signing packs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
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<td>3</td>
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#### E Proxies

<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
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<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Date:**

---

**Signature:**

---

**Petition Officer**

**Authority:**
Form M Declaration of identity
Front of declaration

Declaration of Identity

Petition to Remove the MP for [name of constituency], [insert name of MP]

Final day for receipt of completed petition signing sheets: [day] [date] [month] [year]

Important - You only need to sign this petition statement if you wish to sign the petition. Signing the petition is optional.

If you wish to sign the petition, you must also fill in and return this statement with your petition signing sheet for your signature in support of the petition to be counted.

Please read the instructions on the back of this form carefully.

Name: * Petition signing sheet number: _______

* Petition Officer to insert name but omit where sent to an anonymous elector

Check that the number on the back of your signing sheet matches the number shown above. If these do not match, call us immediately on [insert helpline number].

I am the person the signing sheet numbered above was sent to.

My Date of Birth is: ___ ___ ___

Day Month Year

* My Signature is:

* Petition Officer to omit where elector has been granted a waiver.

We will check this information against our records for security.

Please turn over
Instructions for signing the petition by post

Please read through carefully. If you need help, please contact us.

1. If you choose to sign the petition for your MP to be removed, you must fill in, and return both the petition signing sheet and this declaration.
2. This declaration is used to check you are who you say you are and your petition signing sheet will be included in the petition count.
3. Make sure you have filled in both the signature box and date of birth on this declaration.
4. Do not mark the signing sheet in any other way or your support of the petition may not count.
5. Put the signing sheet in the smaller envelope marked “A” and seal it. Then put the envelope marked “A”, together with this declaration of identity, in the larger envelope marked “B”.
6. We must receive your signing sheet and this declaration by [time] on [day] [date of final signing day].
7. After receiving your signing sheet, you cannot sign the petition in person at a petition signing place.

Getting Help

- If you need help to sign the petition, you can get independent help by calling the helpline.
- Please call the helpline if you need information in another format or language.
- If you make a mistake you can get a replacement if you return your signing sheet and this statement. Call us immediately as we can only issue a replacement before [time] on [day] [date] [month].

[Insert helpline and other contact details including website]

Electoral fraud is a crime.

Issued by the Petition Officer
SCHEDULE 3

ACCESS TO MARKED REGISTERS AFTER A PETITION

Interpretation of this Schedule

1.—(1) In this Schedule references to the “marked register or lists” means any part of the marked copies of—

(a) the register,
(b) notices issued under section 13BC(6) of the 1983 Act (alteration of registers),
(c) the postal signers list,
(d) the list of proxies, and
(e) the proxy postal signers list,

which were—

(i) for England and Wales and Northern Ireland, forwarded to the registration officer under regulation 44 (delivery of documents to the registration officer: England and Wales and Northern Ireland), regulation 114 (forwarding of documents) or regulation 141 (public notice of early termination),

(ii) for Scotland, retained by the petition officer under regulation 47 (retention and disposal of documents in Scotland), regulation 114 or regulation 141.

(2) In this Schedule, a reference to “the registration officer” is a reference to—

(a) for England and Wales—

(i) the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the constituency of the MP to whom the petition relates is situated, or

(ii) if the constituency includes any part of the area of more than one local authority, the registration officer of the local authority in whose area the greatest number of electors is registered;

(b) for Northern Ireland, the Clerk of the Crown for Northern Ireland;

(c) for Scotland, the petition officer.

(3) In this Schedule—

“processor” means a person who provides a service which consists of putting information into data form, and any reference to a processor includes a reference to the processor’s employees;

“relevant conditions” has the same meaning as in section 33(1) of the Data Protection Act 1998(45);

and any reference to an employee of any person who has access to a copy of the register includes a reference to any person working or providing services for the purposes of that person or employed by or on behalf of, or working for, any person who is so working or who is supplying such a service.

Supply of marked registers and lists after a petition

2.—(1) Any person or body referred to in subparagraph (2) is entitled to request that the registration officer supply copies of any parts of the marked register or lists in respect of a particular petition which the registration officer is required to keep in respect of that petition.

(2) Those persons or bodies are—
(a) any police force in England and Wales or Scotland;
(b) the Police Service of Northern Ireland and the Police Service of Northern Ireland (Reserve);
(c) the National Crime Agency;
(d) any body of constables established under an Act of Parliament;
(e) the Electoral Commission.

(3) A request under subparagraph (1) must be made in writing and must—
(a) specify which of the marked register or lists (or the relevant part of the register or lists) is requested;
(b) state whether a printed copy is requested or a copy in data form; and
(c) state the purposes for which the marked register or lists will be used and why those marked registers and lists would be sufficient to achieve those purposes.

(4) The registration officer must supply a copy of the relevant part of the marked register or lists where a request is duly made, and the registration officer—
(a) is satisfied that the requestor needs to see the marks on the marked register or lists in order to achieve the purpose for which it is requested; and
(b) has received payment of a fee calculated in accordance with paragraph 6 of this Schedule.

(5) If the registration officer is not satisfied in accordance with subparagraph (4)(a) that officer must inform the requestor of that decision and—
(a) where the request relates to the marked register or marked copies of notices referred to in paragraph (1), provide the requestor with information concerning the availability of the published register or notices for inspection in accordance with regulation 7 (publication of register); and
(b) where the request relates to the marked lists, provide information concerning the availability of the unmarked lists in accordance with regulation 80 (records and lists kept under this Part).

(6) A person who obtains a copy of any part of a marked register or list under this paragraph may use it only for the permitted purposes specified in paragraph 5(3) of this Schedule and any conditions specified in that paragraph are to apply.

(7) Any person who has obtained or is entitled to obtain a copy of the marked register or lists under this paragraph may—
(a) supply a copy of the marked register or lists to a processor for the purpose of processing the information it contains, or
(b) procure that a processor processes and supplies to the person any copy of the information in the marked register or lists which the processor has obtained under this paragraph, for use in respect of the purposes for which that person is entitled to obtain such copy or information (as the case may be).

(8) A processor may not disclose the marked register or lists or the information contained in them except to the person who supplied it to the processor or any other person, or an employee of such a person, who is entitled to obtain a copy of the marked register or lists under this Schedule.

**Inspection of documents open to public inspection**

3.—(1) Any person is entitled to request that the registration officer make available for inspection a copy of any of the following documents (“the documents open to public inspection”)—
(a) the marked register or lists;
(b) such other documents relating to a petition as the registration officer is required by or under any enactment to retain for any period except—
   (i) signing sheets,
   (ii) completed corresponding number lists,
   (iii) certificates as to employment during the signing period,
   (iv) lists required to be completed under regulation 110(4) (lists of rejected postal signing sheets).

(2) A request under subparagraph (1) must be made in writing and must specify—
   (a) which documents are requested;
   (b) the purposes for which the information in any document will be used;
   (c) where the request is to inspect the marked register or lists, details relating to any suspected fraud which the person has reason to believe may have taken place in respect of a petition;
   (d) who will inspect the documents;
   (e) the date on which they wish to inspect the documents; and
   (f) whether they would prefer to inspect the documents in printed or data form.

(3) Subject to subparagraph (4), the registration officer must make the documents open to public inspection available for inspection under supervision not later than 10 working days after the date of receipt of a request that has been duly made.

(4) Where a request has been made to inspect copies of the marked register or lists under subparagraph (2), the registration officer is only required to make those documents available for inspection if that officer is satisfied that fraud may have taken place in respect of the petition to which the documents relate.

(5) A person who obtains a copy of or information in any document open to public inspection under this paragraph may use it only for the permitted purposes specified in paragraph 5(3) and any conditions specified in that paragraph are to apply.

(6) Where inspection takes place by providing the records or lists on a computer screen or otherwise in data form, the registration officer must ensure that the manner in which, and equipment on which, that copy is provided do not permit any person consulting that copy to—
   (a) search it by electronic means by reference to the name of any person; or
   (b) copy or transmit any part of that copy by electronic or any other means.

(7) Subject to subparagraph (8), a person who inspects a copy of a document open to public inspection, whether a printed copy or in data form, may not—
   (a) make copies of any part of it, or
   (b) record any particulars in it,

except that a person who inspects a copy of the marked register or lists may make hand-written notes.

(8) The registration officer must, on request, supply free of charge copies of any documents open to public inspection—
   (a) to the Security Service, the Government Communications Headquarters, or the Secret Intelligence Service; or
   (b) to a person who has inspected those documents and who is entitled to be supplied with a copy of the marked register or lists by virtue of being a person to whom paragraph 2(2) (a) to (d) applies.
Restrictions on use, supply and disclosure of documents by the registration officer, Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland and staff

4.—(1) This paragraph applies to—
(a) the registration officer;
(b) any deputy registration officer; and
(c) any person appointed to assist the registration officer or who in the course of that person’s employment is assigned to assist the registration officer.

(2) A person to whom this paragraph applies must not—
(a) supply to any person a copy of the documents open to public inspection,
(b) disclose information contained in those documents (and not contained in the edited register), or
(c) make use of any such information, otherwise than in accordance with an enactment, including these Regulations.

(3) Nothing in subparagraph (2) applies to the supply or disclosure by a person (“P”) to whom this paragraph applies to another such person in connection with P’s registration duties or for the purposes of a petition.

Other restrictions on use of documents or information contained in them

5.—(1) This paragraph applies to any person who has obtained access to a copy of the documents open to public inspection or information contained in them by any means.

(2) No person to whom this paragraph applies may—
(a) supply a copy of the documents open to public inspection or any part of those documents,
(b) disclose any information contained in those documents (that is not contained in the edited register), or
(c) make use of any such information, other than for a permitted purpose specified in subparagraph (3).

(3) The permitted purposes are—
(a) where a copy of any information was supplied to a person or body referred to in the circumstances to which paragraph 3(8) applies—
   (i) the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the criminal law (whether in England and Wales or elsewhere), or
   (ii) the vetting of a relevant person (within the meaning of regulation 109(5) of the 2001 Regulations and regulation 108(5) of the 2001 (Scotland) Regulations for the purpose of safeguarding national security;
(b) where a copy of any information was supplied to the Electoral Commission, the purposes in connection with their functions under, or by virtue of, PPERA 2000;
(c) in any other case, the purposes of a petition.

Calculating the fee for supply of marked registers or lists

6.—(1) The fee to be paid in accordance with paragraph 2(4)(b) by a person making a request for a copy of the whole or of any part of the marked register or lists is set out in subparagraph (2).

(2) The fee is to be the sum of £10, plus for a copy—
(a) in printed form, £2 for each 1,000 entries (or remaining part of 1,000 entries) covered by the request; and
(b) in data form, £1 for each 1,000 entries (or remaining part of 1,000 entries) covered by the request.

(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, a request for a copy of the whole or the same part of the marked register or lists in both a printed and data form may be treated as two separate requests.

SCHEDULE 4

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS: APPLICATION TO RECALL PETITIONS OF EXISTING PROVISIONS

PART 1

REPRESENTATION OF THE PEOPLE ACT 1983, PART 3

1.—(1) Part 3 of the 1983 Act (legal proceedings) applies for the purposes of a petition and has effect—

(a) with the modifications made by this Part of this Schedule, and
(b) with any other necessary modifications.

(2) Sections 204 and 205 of the 1983 Act (Scotland and Northern Ireland) have effect for the purposes of the provisions applied by this Part, with the following modifications to section 204 (general application to Scotland)—

(a) in subsection (1), omit “, and accordingly” to the end;
(b) omit subsections (2), (4), (7), (9) and (10).

(3) Except where the context requires otherwise—

(a) a reference to a provision that is applied by this Part has effect as a reference to that provision as so applied;
(b) expressions are to be construed in accordance with regulation 3 (interpretation) of these Regulations.

General modifications

2. A reference, however expressed, in a provision applied by this Schedule or in the heading to such a provision—

(a) to a parliamentary election petition, other than the reference in section 123(1)(a) (rota of judges), has effect as if it were a reference to a recall petition complaint;
(b) to any term in the first column of the following table has effect as if it were a reference to the corresponding term in the second column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term referred to</th>
<th>Modification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Candidate at an election</td>
<td>The MP to whom a recall petition relates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A corrupt or illegal practice</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Questioning of a recall petition**

3. For section 120 (method of questioning recall petition), substitute—

“A recall petition may not be questioned except by a complaint that there was an undue outcome to the petition (“a recall petition complaint”) presented in accordance with this Part of this Act.”

4. In section 121 (presentation and service of a recall petition complaint)—

   (a) for subsections (1), (1A) and (2) substitute—

   “(1) A recall petition complaint may be presented by one or more of the following persons—

   (a) a person who signed the petition or was entitled to do so; or
   (b) the MP in relation to whom the petition was held.

   (2) The respondent to a complaint shall be—

   (a) where the complaint relates to the conduct of the petition officer, that officer;
   (b) where the complaint is made by a person other than the MP in relation to whom the petition was held, that MP;
   (c) otherwise, the petition officer.”;

   (b) in subsection (3), for “to which it relates” substitute “of the MP to whom the recall petition related”;

   (c) in subsection (4), for “returning officer of the constituency to which the petition related” substitute “petition officer”.

5. In section 122 (time for presentation or amendment of a recall petition complaint)—

   (a) for subsection (1), substitute—

   “(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a recall petition complaint must be presented within 21 days after the day on which public notice of the outcome of the petition is given in accordance with section 14(2)(c) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (determination of whether recall petition successful).”;

   (b) in subsection (2)—

   (i) for “election or return” substitute “outcome of the petition”,
   (ii) for “since the time of that return” substitute “after the day referred to in subsection (1)”;

   (c) in subsections (3) and (5), for “election or return” substitute “outcome of the petition”;

   (d) in subsection (3), in paragraph (b)—

   (i) for “to whose election the petition relates or an agent of his” substitute “to whom the recall petition related”,
   (ii) omit “or his election agent”;
(e) for subsection (4) substitute—

“(4) The day referred to in subsection (3) is the tenth day after the end of the time allowed for delivering to the petition officer the recall petition return required by Schedule 5 to the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (recall petition returns) or, if later—

(a) that on which the petition officer receives the return and all documents required by that Schedule to accompany it;

(b) where the return and those documents are received on different days, the last of those days;”;

(f) in subsection (6), omit “; and” and paragraph (b);

(g) in subsection (7), for “an election” substitute “the outcome of a petition”.

6. In section 123 (constitution of the election court and place of trial), in subsection (3), for “for which the election was held” substitute “of the MP in relation to whom the recall petition was held”.

7. Omit sections 127 to 135A (questioning of a local election).

Procedure on recall petition complaints

8. In section 136(2) (security for costs)—

(a) omit paragraph (b) and “and” following it;

(b) in paragraph (i), omit “and the amount” to “the sheriff directs”.

9. In section 138 (list of petitions)—

(a) in subsection (1), omit the words after paragraph (b);

(b) for subsection (2), substitute—

“(2) Where more than one recall petition complaint is made in relation to the same petition, those complaints shall be dealt with as one complaint.”;

(c) omit subsections (3) to (5).

10. In section 139 (trial of petition)—

(a) in subsection (1), for “, in the case of” to the end substitute “14 days before the day of trial”;

(b) in subsection (3)—

(i) for “respondent” substitute “the MP to whom the petition related”;

(ii) omit the words after “prorogation of Parliament”;

(c) in subsection (4), omit the second paragraph;

(d) for subsection (5), substitute—

“(5) On the trial of a complaint of an undue result in a recall petition, the respondent may give evidence to prove that the result was not undue in the same manner as if the respondent had presented a petition.”;

(e) omit subsection (6).

11. In section 140 (witnesses), in subsection (1), omit the words after “the High Court”.

12. In section 143 (expenses of witnesses), in subsection (2), omit the second paragraph.

13. In section 144 (conclusion of trial of recall petition complaint)—

(a) for subsection (1), substitute—

“(1) Subject to subsection (3A), at the conclusion of the trial of a recall petition complaint, the petition court shall determine whether the outcome of the recall petition
should be upheld, and the determination so certified shall be final to all intents as to the matters at issue in the complaint.”;

(b) for subsection (3), substitute—

“(3) If the judges constituting the petition court—

(a) differ as to whether the outcome of the recall petition should be upheld, they shall certify that difference and the outcome of the petition shall be deemed to be upheld;

(b) determine that the outcome of the petition should not be upheld but differ as to any part of the rest of the determination, they shall certify that difference and the outcome of the petition shall be deemed to be void.

(3A) A determination under this section of a complaint in relation to a petition that was successful shall avoid the outcome of that petition only if the complaint was made within the period of 21 days after the day on which public notice of the outcome of the petition is given in accordance with section 14(2)(c) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (determination of whether recall petition successful).”;

(c) in subsection (7), omit “in their Journals” to the end;

(d) after subsection (7), insert—

“(8) If the determination of the petition court under this section is that the outcome of the recall petition is void, section 5(1) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Speaker’s notice) applies in relation to the MP in respect of whom the petition was held as if—

(a) a petition had not been held, and

(b) receipt by the Speaker of the court’s certificate is the moment the Speaker becomes aware that the recall condition giving rise to the original petition has been met in relation to that MP,

and the remainder of the Act (including the remainder of that section), applies in relation to that MP accordingly.”.

14. Omit sections 145 (conclusion of trial of local election petition) and 145A (determination in respect of election of Mayor of London or constituency member of London Assembly).

15. In section 146 (special case for determination of High Court)—

(a) omit subsection (3),

(b) in subsection (5), omit the words after “shall be final” to the end.

16. In section 147 (withdrawal of complaint)—

(a) in subsection (1), omit the second paragraph;

(b) in subsection (2), omit “or local government area”.

17. In section 155 (neglect or refusal to pay costs), in subsection (1)(a), omit “, and” to the end of paragraph (b).

18. In section 157 (appeals and jurisdiction)—

(a) in subsection (1), after “this Act” insert “or the Recall of MPs Act 2015”;

(b) in subsection (2)—

(i) for “and of the rules made under it” substitute “, the rules made under it and the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”;

(ii) in paragraph (c), for “, and” to the end of the subsection, substitute “shall be observed.”;
(c) in subsection (4)—
   (i) omit “in relation to parliamentary elections”;
   (ii) after “this Part” insert “as applied by the Recall of MPs Act 2015”;
(d) omit subsection (6);
(e) in subsection (7), omit “to (6) above and, in relation to elections of councillors, subsection (3),”;
(f) in subsection (8), omit the reference to subsection (5).

Consequences of finding by petition court of corrupt or illegal practice

19. In section 158 (report as to whether MP guilty of a corrupt or illegal practice)—
   (a) in subsection (1), omit “or section 145”;
   (b) in subsection (3)—
      (i) for the first paragraphs (a) and (b) substitute—
      “(a) that no corrupt or illegal practice was committed at the recall petition by the MP to whom the petition relates or with his knowledge or consent and the offences mentioned in the report were committed without the sanction or connivance of that MP, and
      (b) that all reasonable means for preventing the commission of corrupt and illegal practices at the petition were taken by and on behalf of that MP.”;
   (ii) omit the second paragraph.

20. In section 159 (MP reported guilty of corrupt or illegal practice)—
   (a) for subsections (1) and (3) substitute—
      “(1) If the MP in relation to whom an unsuccessful recall petition is held is reported guilty of any corrupt or illegal practice that petition shall be void.”;
   (b) in subsection (4), after “this Act” insert “and the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”.

21. In section 160 (persons reported personally guilty of corrupt or illegal practices)—
   (a) in subsection (1), omit “or section 145”, “, or” and paragraph (b);
   (b) in subsection (4A), for the words after “reported” to the end substitute—
      “personally guilty of—
      (a) a corrupt practice under regulation 118 (personation) or 120 (offences relating to applications for postal and proxy signing) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016, or
      (b) an illegal practice under regulation 119 of those Regulations (other signing offences).”;
   (c) omit subsection (7), after “this Act” insert “and the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”.

Further provision as to avoidance of recall petitions and striking off signatures

22. In section 164 (avoidance of election for general corruption etc)—
   (a) for subsection (1) substitute—
      “(1) Where on a recall petition complaint it is shown that corrupt or illegal practices or illegal payments or hirings committed in reference to the petition for the purpose
of promoting or procuring a particular outcome in that petition have so extensively prevailed that they may reasonably be supposed to have affected the result, that petition shall be void.”;

(b) omit subsection (3).

23. Omit section 165 (avoidance of election for employing corrupt agent).

24. In section 166 (signatures to be struck off for corrupt or illegal practices)—

(a) for subsection (1) substitute—

“(1) Where, on a recall petition complaint, it is shown that a person has been guilty of bribery, treating or undue influence in respect of any other person who signed the petition there shall, on scrutiny, be struck off from the petition one signature for every person who signed it and is proved to have been so bribed, treated or unduly influenced.”;

(b) in subsection (2), for the words after “hiring at” substitute “a recall petition signs that petition, that signature is void”;

(c) in subsection (3), for the words after “Parliamentary election” to the end substitute “and, by reason of that incapacity, is not entitled to sign a recall petition signs that petition, that signature is void.”.

Power to except innocent act from being illegal practice, payment, employment or hiring

25. Omit section 167 (application for relief).

Prosecutions for corrupt or illegal practices

26. In section 168 (prosecutions for corrupt practices), in subsection (1)—

(a) in paragraph (a)(i), for “section 60 or 62A” substitute “regulation 118 (personation) or 120 (offences relating to applications for postal or proxy signing) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”;

(b) in paragraph (b), omit “not exceeding the statutory maximum”.

27. In section 169 (prosecutions for illegal practices), for England and Wales omit “not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale”.

28. In section 173 (incapacities on conviction of corrupt or illegal practice)—

(a) in subsection (1), after “subsection (2)” insert “and (2A)”;

(b) in subsection (2), for “section 60” to the end substitute “a corrupt practice under regulation 118 (personation) or 120 (offences relating to applications for postal and proxy signing) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016, or an illegal practice under regulation 119 of those Regulations (other signing offences)”;

(c) after subsection (2), insert—

“(2A) A court before which a person is convicted of an offence referred to in subsection (2B) may, if they think it just in the special circumstances of the case, mitigate or entirely remit any incapacity imposed by virtue of this section.

(2B) Those offences are any offence under the following provisions of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016—

(a) regulation 119 (other signing offences),

(b) regulation 125 (broadcasting from outside the United Kingdom),

(c) regulation 126 (imitation official petition notice cards).”.
Illegal payments, employments or hirings

29. Omit section 175 (illegal payments, etc).

General provisions as to prosecutions

30. In section 176 (time limit for prosecutions)—

(a) in subsection (1), for “this Act” substitute “this Part of this Act or in the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”;

(b) in subsection (2C), for “rule 57 of the parliamentary elections rules” substitute “regulations 46 and 47 (retention of documents) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”;

(c) in subsection (2D), for “rule 57” substitute “regulations 46 and 47 of those Regulations”.

31. Omit section 177 (local election offences punishable summarily).

32. In section 178 (prosecution of offences committed outside the United Kingdom), for “this Act” substitute “this Part of this Act or the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”.

33. In section 179 (offences by associations)—

(a) for “section 100 or 110A above” substitute “regulation 131 (details to appear on recall petition publications) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”;

(b) after “this Act” insert “or those Regulations”.

34. In section 180 (evidence by certificate of holding of recall petition)—

(a) in paragraph (a), omit “, and”;

(b) omit paragraph (b);

(c) for “returning officer” to the end of paragraph (ii) substitute—

“petition officer—

(i) that the petition mentioned in the certificate was duly held, and

(ii) that the person named in the certificate was the MP to whom the petition related.”.

35. In section 181 (Director of Public Prosecutions), in subsection (1), after “this Act” insert “or the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”.

Supplemental

36. In section 182 (rules of procedure), in subsection (1) and in subsection (3), at the end insert “as it has effect for the purposes of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 and the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”.

37. In section 183 (costs), for “Part 2 or this Part of this Act” substitute “this Part of this Act or the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”.

38. In section 184 (service of notices)—

(a) in subsection (1), after “this Act” insert “or the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”;

(b) in paragraph (a), omit “or, as the case may be, the area of the authority for which the election was held”.

39. In section 185 (interpretation of Part 3)—
(a) omit the definitions of “appropriate officer”, “candidate”, “date of the allowance of an authorised excuse”, “declaration as to election expenses” and “return as to election expenses”;

(b) in the definition of “Licensing Acts”, for “means” to the end substitute “means the Licensing Act 2003 and the Acts amending that Act, or the corresponding enactments forming part of the law of Scotland or Northern Ireland;”.

PART 2
THE ELECTION PETITION RULES 1960

40.—(1) The Election Petition Rules 1960 apply for the purposes of a recall petition and have effect—

(a) with the modifications made by this Part of this Schedule, and

(b) with any other necessary modifications.

(2) Except where the context requires otherwise—

(a) a reference to a provision that is applied by this Schedule has effect as a reference to that provision as so applied;

(b) expressions are to be construed in accordance with regulation 3 (interpretation) of these Regulations.

(3) A reference in a provision of the Rules as applied by this Part of this Schedule—

(a) to a parliamentary election petition (however expressed), other than the reference in the definition of “rota judge” in rule 2(2), has effect as if it were a reference to a recall petition complaint;

(b) to a returning officer has effect as if it were a reference to the petition officer (within the meaning of section 6 of the Act) for the recall petition to which a petition complaint relates;

(c) to a petitioner, has effect as if it were a reference to a complainant.

41. In rule 2 (definitions)—

(a) omit the definitions of “local election petition” and “constituency”; 

(b) for the definition of “petition” substitute ““complaint” means a recall petition complaint within the meaning of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”;

(c) omit paragraph (3);

(d) in paragraph (4), for “and these Rules” substitute “these Rules and the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016”.

42. In rule 4 (form of petition), in paragraph (1)—

(a) in subparagraph (a), omit “or section 128(1)”;

(b) in subparagraph (b), for the words after “showing” to the end substitute “the date on which public notice of the outcome of the petition was given in accordance with section 14(2)(c) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (determination of whether recall petition was successful)”;

(c) in subparagraph (c), omit “or subsection (2), (3) or (4) of section 129”.

43. In rule 6 (notice to be given to respondent and DPP), in paragraph (1), omit “or section 128(2)”.

44. In rule 9 (display etc of notice of time and place of trial), in paragraph (3), for the words from the beginning to “seven days” substitute “Not less than fourteen days”.
45. In rule 10 (duty to specify matters in issue in certain complaints)—
   (a) for paragraphs (1) and (2), substitute—
   “(1) Where a recall petition complaint is of an undue result in a petition, every party
   shall, not less than seven days before the date fixed for trial, file a list of the signatures
   which that party contends were wrongly admitted or rejected, stating in respect of each
   such signature the grounds for that contention, and serve a copy of the list on every
   other party and the Director of Public Prosecutions.

   (2) Where the respondent to such a complaint intends to give evidence under
   section 139(5) of the 1983 Act (trial of petition) that the outcome of the petition was
   not undue, the respondent shall, not less than seven days before the day fixed for the
   trial of the petition, file a statement of the grounds for that contention and serve a copy
   of those grounds on the complainant and the Director of Public Prosecutions.”;
   (b) in paragraph (4)—
   (i) in subparagraph (a), for “vote” substitute “signature”;
   (ii) in subparagraph (b), for “objection to a person’s election which is not specified in a
   list” substitute “ground of contention not included in a statement”.

46. Omit rules 14 (petition abated in the event of a complainant’s death), and 16 (withdrawal
   and replacement of respondents before trial) and 18 (appointments in connection with trials of local
   election petitions).

47. In rule 19 (computation of time)—
   (a) in paragraph (1), for “section 119 of the Act” substitute “section 22(1) of the Act (definition
   of working day) and regulation 145 (time) of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition)
   Regulations 2016”;
   (b) in paragraph (2), omit “(not being a day mentioned in section 119(2) of the Act)”.

48. In the Schedule (form of recall petition complaint), for the form of petition, up to the end
   of paragraph (1) substitute—
   “IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
   QUEEN’S BENCH DIVISION

   In the matter of the Recall of MPs Act 2015

   And in the matter of the recall petition held in respect of [state name of MP in relation to whom
   the petition was held] and [state name of constituency] … beginning on the … day of … 20 …
   and ending on the … day of … 20 …

   The complaint of A. B. of … (and C. D. of …) shows:

   1
   That the Complainant A. B. is a person who signed (or was entitled to sign) the above petition (or
   was the MP in relation to whom the petition was held) and the Complainant C. D. (state similarly
   the capacity in which C. D. presents the complaint).

   2
   That the petition was available for signing from the … day of … 20 … to the … day of … 20 …
   and on the … day of … 20 … the petition officer notified the Speaker of the House of Commons
   that the petition was successful (or unsuccessful).

   3
   That (state the facts on which the Complainant relies).
4

That (in the case of a complaint mentioned in section 122(2) or (3) of the Representation of the People 1983, as it has effect for the purposes of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 by virtue of the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (Recall Petition) Regulations 2016, state the event on which time for the presentation of the complaint depends and its date).

The complainant claims—

That it may be determined that the outcome of the petition was void (or as the case may be).”

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations provide the process for a recall petition (“petition”) which has been triggered by virtue of one of three recall conditions under the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (“the Act”). The Regulations apply to the United Kingdom with the exceptions set out in regulation 2.

Part 2 make provisions about the register and places an obligation on the petition officer to compile a register of persons who are entitled to sign the petition by virtue of section 10 of the Act (“the register”). The petition officer must publish the register on the third day before the beginning of the period during which the petition is available for signing (“the signing period”). No later than the third working day after receiving the Speaker’s notice under section 5 of the Act the petition officer must give public notice of the number of people who are required to sign the petition in order for the petition to be successful in accordance with section 14 of the Act.

Part 3 makes provision for the conduct of the petition at the petition signing places including: action to be taken before the signing period begins; conduct during the signing period; the counting of the signing sheets after the signing period has ended; and the disposal of documents held in relation to the petition.

Part 4 Chapter 1 prescribes the entitlement for a person to sign the petition by post or by proxy, and for a proxy to sign the petition by post (“absent signing”). Regulation 50 provides an automatic right to absent signing for persons who in a parliamentary election are already entitled to vote by post or proxy, or for proxies who is entitled to vote by post. Where a person is entitled to vote by post for a definite period that period is deemed to last until the end of the signing period for the purposes of signing the petition despite the fact that it may expire during that period. A person can also apply to the registration officer to sign a petition by post or by proxy for a definite or indefinite period or to sign a particular petition by post or proxy. Regulation 57 sets out the provisions relating to the appointment of proxies; and regulation 58 set out the signing procedure as a proxy. Chapter 2 prescribes the requirements regarding the applications for absent signing, including the closing dates for such applications and appeals against a refusal to grant an application.

Part 5 prescribes the process for the issuing and receipt of postal signing sheets. Chapter 1 prescribes the contents of the postal signing packs which must be sent out to each elector or proxy and the time when they are to be sent. Chapter 2 prescribes the process for the issuing of the postal signing packs and provisions relating to spoilt, lost and cancelled signing sheets. Chapter 3 prescribes the process for the receipt of the postal signing sheets and other documents, including the opening of envelopes, checking declarations of identity and postal signing statements, keeping a list of rejected postal signing sheets and the forwarding of documents after the signing sheets have been counted.
Part 6 prescribes the offences relating to the petition process, which are modelled on the existing offences in the Representation of the People Act 1983 (“the 1983 Act”) which relate to parliamentary elections.

Part 7 prescribes various miscellaneous provisions including forms of communication, electronic signatures, translations, public notices and publication of documents. It also amends the following legislative provisions: the wording of the signing sheet under section 9(4) of the Act; and section 6C of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 to enable accredited observers to attend the count of the signing sheets. It also amends secondary legislation to make provision for the notices and time limits under section 13BC of the 1983 Act (as inserted by paragraph 7 of Schedule 2 to the Act) regarding the alteration of registers during the petition process.

Schedule 1 makes provisions about the supply of registers. The registration officer is required to supply a copy of the electoral parliamentary register for the constituency relevant to the petition to the petition officer, together with any notices issued under the Representation of the People Act 1983 with regard to alterations of that register. Paragraph 3 of Schedule 1 sets out conditions regarding the use of such information and documents.

Schedule 2 prescribes the forms that are to be used for the petition process.

Schedule 3 prescribes the provisions relating to access to the marked registers in respect of the petition. Paragraph 2 places limits on those persons who are entitled to receive a copy of the marked registers and places obligations on those persons regarding the handling of that information. Paragraph 3 requires the registration officer to make available for inspection the marked registers where that officer is satisfied the relevant conditions have been met. The registration officer is also required to make other documents relating to the petition available for inspection with the exception of the signing sheet, completed corresponding number lists, certificates as to employment and the lists of rejected postal signing sheets.

Schedule 4 applies existing provisions in relation to legal proceedings to petitions with the necessary modifications. Part 1 applies the provisions set out in Part 3 of the 1983 Act (with modifications) and Part 2 applies the Election Petition Rules 1960 (with modifications).

An impact assessment has not been prepared for this instrument as no impact on the voluntary or private sectors is foreseen.